

Fair tonight and Sunday; moderate to brisk northwest to west winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY OCTOBER 4 1913

PRICE ONE CENT

VERY PRETTY OCT. WEDDING

Westford Young Woman Weds Prominent Boston Physician—Distinguished Guests Present

Dr. George Oliver Clark, son of Mrs. George Engleman of Boston, and Miss Alice Carney Abbot, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abel J. Abbot of Westford, the former owner of the Abbot Worsted company, were united in marriage this afternoon at 1 o'clock in the Old Parish church, Westford, which was built in the year 1724. The bride represents the seventh generation of the Abbots who were among the first settlers in the town.

The decorations at the church consisted of large streamers of flowers with an attractive display of autumn foliage. The best man was Mr. J. Dudley Clark of Boston, a brother of the groom; whose wife was Miss Carmella Andrews, a granddaughter of former Governor Andrews of Massachusetts. The matron of honor was Mrs. James E. Whiting of Whitingsville, Mass. She wore a beautiful gown of pale yellow charmeuse satin and a large black picture hat and carried a bouquet of yellow roses. The flower girls were Misses Charlotte and Helen Mosely and Miss Lena Clark of Boston and Miss Bettie Whittall of Worcester. They all wore pale yellow chiffon and carried bouquets of yellow roses. The ushers were Messrs. John Mosely, Abbot and Edward Mosely Abbot of Westford, brothers of the bride; Dr. Rufus Fort of Nashville, Tenn., Ralph Pullizer of the New York World and Charles L. Harding of Dedham.

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The bride, who entered the church with the matron of honor, wore an exquisite gown of white satin trimmed with old point lace and orange blossoms and pearls. She carried a beautiful bunch of lilies of the valley. Rev. William G. Thayer of St. Marks school, Southboro, Mass., was the officiating clergyman and the couple were married before nearly 300 relatives and friends. Special music was furnished by the members of the St. Anne's church choir of this city with Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark left this afternoon, on an extended wedding tour, and after December 7, will reside at 235 Anne's church choir of this city with Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

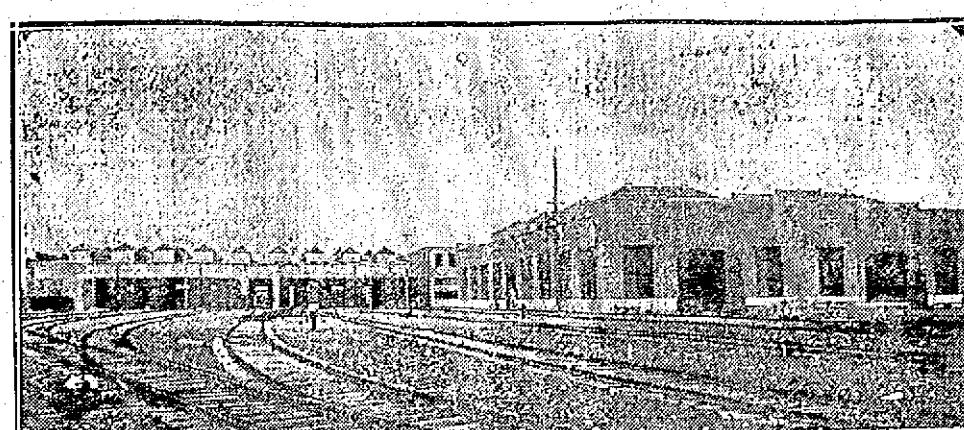
WILSON SIGNS TARIFF BILL

President Affixed His Signature to New Law Amid Great rejoicing—Currency Next

FEATURES OF NEW TARIFF LAW

It is estimated by experts that the new rates will raise \$249,000,000 revenue for the government every year as against \$305,000,000 under the old law; that the income tax will raise \$122,000,000. The average of tariff rates under the new law is 27 per cent; under the old, 37 per cent. The value of imports added to the free list, \$147,000,000. It is estimated that consumers will receive from abroad free of duty goods worth \$1,000,000,000, while during 1912 the amount under the old law was \$880,000,000. The free wool provision of the new law takes effect Dec. 1, 1913, and the free sugar provision, May 1, 1916. There will be a reduction of one-third of the rates on cotton clothing; one-third on earthen ware and glassware, and the abolition of the tariff on meats, fish, dairy products, flour, potatoes, coal, iron ore, lumber and many classes of farm and office machinery with a general tariff reduction on all important articles in general use.

BIG BOOM FOR TOWN OF BILLERICA



Photos by Stater

Reporter Describes the Activities at B. & M. Car Shops—Workmen Seeking Homes—Will Employ Thousands

The opening of the mammoth car shops in Billerica will mean the beginning of an era of prosperity such as no town in this section of the country has ever experienced and Billerica's prosperity will be felt in Lowell.

A great deal has been said and written about the big Boston & Maine shops, but perhaps we haven't considered the great opening up of Billerica for which the shops will be responsible. Billerica is destined to be a big and prosperous town and one does not have to let his optimism run away with him to predict it. The total number of buildings comprising the plant will be twenty-eight, and nine of these buildings, including the monster locomotive shop, covering more than four acres, are slowly but surely nearing completion. These nine buildings will give employment to hundreds of hands and when all of the buildings will have

been erected, Billerica's population will soar with the birdmen.

That Billerica's possibilities are not being allowed to go by default, so to speak, is evidenced by the "kindly interest" paid her by men who speculate on land. These men are doing a thriving business and with all due fairness to them it must be said that houses, beautifully situated, are being sold at prices hardly in keeping with the glow of coming prosperity. A few cottage houses have already been erected and more are underway.

A Sun man visited the big shops yesterday and looked over the land that is being offered for sale. He saw what he considered some very fine house lots and a number of others that were not so good. What impressed the Sun man more than anything else was the activity manifested in all quarters.

Continued to page three

buildings connected with the plant thundering noises were heard and upon inquiry it was found that home-builders were responsible for the rumbling reports. They were blasting their way in the ground as the pioneers blazed their way in the forest. A good many house lots have been sold and there are many yet for sale.

Department Work Started

In all of the buildings at the big plant there was something doing every minute. In the locomotive shop, alone, about 150 men were employed and so large is the shop that one, except upon investigation, would not know that more than 50 or 60 men were employed. Some of the men were engaged in unloading machinery some were setting machinery and others

Continued to page three

MAN DIED OF STARVATION

John Kendall, Who Was Found in Woods at North Chelmsford, Passed Away

John Kendall, the man who on last Thursday was found in the last stages of starvation and in bad shape from exposure in a shack in North Chelmsford near the abandoned rifle range, died this afternoon at the Lowell Corporation hospital. The doctors said that death was due to exposure and lack of sufficient nourishment. The man was in such a low condition when found that it was impossible to save his life.

Mr. Kendall, up to about six weeks

ago, had resided in Collinsville, it was said, and had mysteriously disappeared about that time. He appeared to be laboring under a strong mental strain, and this may account for his having wandered off, as he did. He was discovered in the shack by two young men of North Chelmsford, Joseph Fallon and Fred Reidy, and he was then in a delirious condition. He was taken as soon as possible to the hospital and received immediate and careful treatment there. It is believed that he has relatives in Collinsville.

Continued to page three

IN POLICE COURT

The old, old story of squabbling children causing an inter-family brawl was enacted in police court this morning when the case of Annie Matson, charged with assault and battery upon Annie Flekska, was called.

The complainant testified that the defendant had attacked her because her boy had struck the defendant's little girl. The complainant lives on Spring street in one of the tenement houses.

The testimony of the prosecution showed that the defendant had struck the complainant several times and also dragged her some distance by the hair.

A rock, carefully wrapped in tissue paper, was introduced as the weapon the defendant attempted to strike the complainant with.

Dr. Laurin testified that he had at-

tended the complainant and that she was considerably bruised and in a very nervous condition. Her head and right shoulder as well as her knees, said the physician, were badly cut and marked up.

Judge Enright found the defendant guilty and ordered her to pay a fine of \$20.

The case of John Davis, charged with receiving stolen property, was a continuance of the Jacobs case in which a piano figured so prominently.

The defendant asserted that he considered the defendant had guilty knowledge that the piano did not belong to the husband and Lawyer Hennessy for the defense argued that no evidence was forthcoming that such was the case.

The complainant's testimony was irrelevant for she had never told the defendant that the piano belonged to her.

Deputy Sheriff Courtney and Constable Cormier testified that they had both endeavored to obtain the piano under civil process but that the defendant would not part with it.

In fact Davis acknowledged that he shut the doors and barred every entrance when the sheriff arrived after telling him the day previous that he could take the instrument.

Judge Enright questioned the defendant at some length when he took the stand. It seems that the judge himself had called the defendant up on the telephone and asked him to turn over the piano to the sheriff as a bond had been furnished in case the matter turned out in favor of the husband.

Judge Enright gave his opinion that the defendant in the case was treading on the narrow edge of contempt of court, but Lawyer Hennessy asked to be allowed to turn in a brief on the subject. The case was held over for a week in order to allow Mr. Hennessy to prepare his brief.

There was only one drunk in the dock this morning and he was a first offender. His fine was the usual \$2 fee. Probation Officer Slattery released three other first offenders.

OTTO COKE

Is better than ever, by its improved and superior process of manufacture. Save your money and buy this fuel when you can get it.

\$6.50 Per Ton, 2000 lbs.
\$3.25 Per Half Ton, 1000 lbs.
\$5.00 Per Chaldron, 1440 lbs.
\$2.75 Per Half Chaldron, 720 lbs.

Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.

JOHN P. QUINN

Office and Yards Gorham and Dix Sts.
Branch Office Sun Bldg.
Telephones 1180 or 2480

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Details of what happened after the

RESCUE MAN FROM MINE

Thomas Toschesky Entombed for Eight Days Walked Into Open Air This Morning

CENTRALIA, Pa., Oct. 4.—Thomas Toschesky, prisoner since Friday of last week in an abandoned chamber of the Continental mine of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., walked into the open air a free and comparatively well man at 22 minutes before 8 o'clock this morning. He was taken to his home in Centralia, three miles from the mine, in an underground prison and at once put to bed apparently none the worse for his remarkable experience.

It was 7:15 o'clock when the last barrier of coal was driven away and Toschesky crawled through the opening from his prison chamber into the tunnel which had been steadily driven toward him by rescuers.

Seven minutes later the first intimation was given to the outside world that the big task was completed and the prisoner was free. This was when a miner crawled to the mouth of the tunnel and called to the top of the pit for blankets and hot water to be sent down.

The work of getting the man ready for his exit occupied the next few minutes and at 7:38 o'clock a file of men emerging from the heading heralded the approach of the hero of the creation. Toschesky came from the hole with a gray blanket wrapped about his shoulders. Back of him was a miner crawled to the top of the pit for blankets and hot water to be sent down.

Toschesky was a sailor which showed through the grime on his face, contrasting strangely with the other miners whose ruddy color showed even through the coat of dust. Toschesky climbed the path to the rim of the pit almost unaided. A stretcher had been taken to the foot and there were plenty of willing hands to carry him but he would have none of it. His whole attitude from the time of rescue until his disappearance beneath the blankets in his own bed at home was all of semi-stolidity.

Toschesky was glad to get out of his prison, but he acted as if it were an old story to him and nothing over which to make a fuss. Once before his career as a miner had been entombed for nearly 48 hours.

GIRL KILLED BY BLOW

Battered Body of Child Await Identification—Undertaker Removed Body at Pistol's Point

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The battered body of a fair-haired little girl, killed by a blow on the head, lay in the Harlem morgue today while the police sought a notorious Italian gunman as her slayer. The child's body was brought to the morgue in a macaroni box last night by Ralph Pasqua, an undertaker, who told a terrified tale of having been coerced at a pistol's muzzle to go to the gunman's flat and remove the body. In the flat he saw a blonde woman weeping. When detectives reached the flat later she and the gunman were gone. Neighbors

said the woman had been known to the man's wife, but the police hadn't ascertained today whether the girl had been kidnapped and held for ransom. There is no police record, however, of a child of that description being missing.

The general police alarm was sent today for Joseph Depuma, from flat the body was taken.

back from Aiken street and averages 350 feet in width. It has a water frontage of about 1100 feet.

Today is "Quarter Day" at The Little Five-Cent Savings Bank.

LOCKS & CANALS

Refuse to Set Price on Land Wanted for Play-ground

Commissioner Lawrence Cummings and John Kieran, superintendent of parks, had a conference with Hiram F. Mills of the Locks & Canals company this forenoon, relative to the purchase of land in West Centralville for playground purposes.

At the last meeting of the municipal council it was voted that Com. Cummings should confer with the Locks and Canals relative to the purchase of land as suggested by Mr. Barrett. Mr. Cummings took Mr. Kieran along because he knew that the latter was familiar with the subject and that he had prepared a blue print showing the land in question.

The original proposition was to lease a certain strip of land, but Mr. Barrett's proposition to buy the land fronting on Aiken street and extending along Lakeview avenue to Beaver brook, running back to the river as far as Conduit avenue. The original proposition to lease land not the same as would be included in Mr. Barrett's plan, had been agreed upon and the price to be paid by the city was \$5 a year and taxes.

On the land included in Mr. Barrett's plan Mr. Mills refused to set a price. The total valuation of the land in the original lease agreement is \$2,650.00. This would afford a water front approximating 700 feet and Mr. Mills said he would give a price on this land as soon as he could get the directors together.

Mr. Mills said he didn't care to give a price on the land included in Mr. Barrett's scheme. This land, as before stated, fronts on Aiken street, and comprises 316,365 square feet. The land is assessed for \$2,895.00. This strip extends approximately 1050 feet

Lowell, the Smokeless

Do you think Lowell will ever be a smokeless city?

Why not?

More and more factories are adopting electric drive.

Call upon us for information about the smokeless power!

Lowell Electric Light Co.

50 Central St.

FOR 65 YEARS

This Bank Has Never Paid Less Than

4%

Interest Begins October 11th.

City Institution for Savings

LOWELL, MASS.

CENTRAL STREET

NOW OPEN

Day and Evening

Secretarial, Civil Service and Normal Courses.

The School for Bookkeeping,

Shorthand and Typewriting—

Gregg, Ben and Isaac Pitman Systems.

Lowell Commercial College

Merrimack Square

Call, Write, or Telephone.

OUR WATERWAYS

Waterway Congress Will
Discuss Their De-
velopment

Mayor O'Donnell has received a letter from Secretary Charles E. Lewis of the Massachusetts Real Estate exchange requesting him to get together as many representative business men of Lowell, as possible, to attend the big waterway congress at the state house on Monday. Secretary Lewis stated that there will be big and consequential delegations present from

Taunton, Lynn, Springfield, Holyoke and Fall River.

The morning and afternoon sessions will be held at room 431, state house, and the evening session at Young's hotel. Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, is on the program to deliver an address.

At the session in the morning its subject is "Merrimack River and Valley." All members of the board have been invited and several have already signified their intentions of taking advantage of this opportunity to listen to the discussion of the possibility of the Massachusetts Waterways.

NEW ELECTRIC SWITCH

INSTALLED BY BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY AT CORNER MIDDLESEX AND CENTRAL STS.

The Bay State Street Railway company is installing an electric switch at the corner of Central and Middlesex streets. This is being done on recommendation of the highway committee of the Lowell board of trade, which says in such measure is a means of relieving the congestion of the traffic at that point. With the new switch in operation, the motorman will be enabled to move the switch without stopping his car, as the complete control is by electricity from a lever itself. The work of installing the apparatus was practically completed this morning, and it remained only for the electrical connections to be made.

At this point, the car tracks are located quite near the sidewalk, especially at the place where they round the corner of Middlesex street from Central, and when the cars were obliged to come to a stop while the motorman threw in the switch by means of an iron implement, traffic of every description was held up and the congestion resulted in no little inconvenience to all who were obliged to experience these conditions. As the cars will no longer be required to come to a stop in order to operate the switch, the instances of this delay and inconvenience to motorists, truck drivers, and pedestrians will, it is believed, be far less frequent.

The Bay State company readily admitted the advantages of the electrically moved switch and were quick to follow the recommendation of the highway committee of the board of trade.

INDIGESTION, GAS OR SICK, SOUR STOMACH

Time "Pape's Diapensis" In Five Minutes All Stomach Misery is Gone.

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome Indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that just makes Pape's Diapensis the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. In what you eat ferments no stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapensis" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapensis will give you hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your biggest hands out your money back. It's worth its weight in gold to men who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the easiest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.

HAD A NARROW ESCAPE

YOUNG MAN THROWN OUT OF WAGON IN MERRIMACK STREET THIS FORENOON—WAS NOT INJURED.

Bert Richardson, a clerk in the employ of Russell, the grocer, narrowly escaped serious injury this forenoon, when the king bolt of the wagon he was driving snapped at the corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets. The horses dashed away with the two front wheels and the young man was thrown forcibly to the ground, but fortunately he escaped with a few scratches. The horses were caught a few yards farther back before any other damage was caused.

New England Electric & Supply Corp.

261 Dutton Street

62 Central St.

SAVE FROM 25 TO 35 PER CENT. ON YOUR GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES BY BUYING FROM US:

Inverted Gas Lamp, Globe and Mantle, complete.....	29c
Gas Mantles, from.....	10c to 35c Each
Inverted Gas Globes.....	10c to 35c Each
Gas Globes.....	10c to 35c Each
Electric Globes.....	10c to 35c Each
Cell Ever-Ready Batteries for Flash Lights.....	19c Each
Cell Mazda Batteries, for Flash Lights.....	18c Each
Cell Ever-Ready Tungsten Batteries.....	23c Each
2.00 Flash Light with Ever-Ready Tungsten Batteries.....	\$1.50
1.75 Flash Light with Ever-Ready Tungsten Batteries.....	\$1.25
Cell Nickel Case, Tungsten Lamp and Ever-Ready Battery.....	59c
Cell Nickel Case Flash Light, with Ever-Ready Tungsten Battery, regular price \$1.25.....	89c
1-2 Volt. Carbon Lamps.....	10c Each
Miniature Receptacles	5c Each
Twisted Lamp Cord.....	2c a Foot
anbeam Mazda Lamps at the lowest prices.	

This is the Only Wholesale Electric Supply House in the City.

AUTOMOBILE DIRECTORY

Accessories

Largest stock of auto supplies in town. W. 52-R. Open evenings.

Anderson's Tire Shop

Agent for all leading makes of Vulcanizing rubber, belts, etc.

Telephone 5321-W. shop.

112 Reside.

Accessories and

spares. 129 Paige st.

Auto Tops

Made and re-

cycled, auto

curtains and

bases, oils and sunshades.

Dona-

harness Co. Market street.

2750.

Auto Tops

All makes at

the right prices

at the Lowell

Mart. cor. Merrimack and Tu-

streets.

Auto Supplies

A complete

line at the

Lowell Mc-

millen's New Majestic building,

Merrimack street, corner Elm st.

S. L. Rochette, proprietor.

2750.

Auto Tires

All makes at

the right prices

at the Lowell

Mart. cor. Merrimack and Tu-

streets.

Auto Insurance

fire transportation, theft, habi-

and property damages.

Plym-

ond Hill, 710 Sun bldg. Tel 2162.

P.J. McKenna, Tel. 2442-R.

Tremont Garage

Auto re-

pairs vulcaniz-

ing, cor. Tremont and Moody st.

M. S. Feindel, Phone 2153.

Overland

Auto re-

pairs vulcaniz-

ing, cor. Tremont and Moody st.

P.J. McKenna, Tel. 2442-R.

Reo

Geo. F. White, Agent.

Supplies, 33-35 Branch st.

Tel. 525 and 1932-M.

Tremont Garage

Auto re-

pairs vulcaniz-

ing, cor. Tremont and Moody st.

P.J. McKenna, Tel. 2442-R.

Tanks

Storage for gasoline

and oil, self-measuring

Eastern Oil Tank Co.

149 Fletcher st.

WALPOLE

TUBES and TIRES

BOSTON AUTO SUPPLY CO., 96 Bridge Street.

AUTOMOBILE NEWS

READY FOR BUSY SEASON ROADS AFFECT SALES

AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY GIVEN IMPULSE WHERE THE GOOD ROADS MOVEMENT IS FOLLOWED

Local Auto Dealers Prepare Their Sales-Rooms for Early Arrival of New Cars

It is quite evident that the automobile dealers of Lowell are making extensive preparations for the arrival of the new 1914 Buicks. This show room is one of the most attractive places of business display in the city, as will be agreed by anyone who has had occasion to visit there. The color scheme of the walls, floor and ceiling is especially noticeable and the entire effect has aroused no little comment. The new cars will arrive in a few days and will be exhibited to the many people who are eagerly waiting their arrival. The company, through its competent salesmen, is making many fall demonstrations of these cars.

BOSTON AUTO SUPPLY COMPANY

Mr. Joseph McGarry, proprietor of the Boston Auto Supply Co., is at present featuring the Walpole tires. He told a Sun representative that Walpole company has ironed out its difficulties.

The Walpole tires and inner tubes are considered to be of the most reliable and lasting character, and have an extra protection of fabric. They are, moreover, guaranteed against stone bruises. One of the novel features of the product of this company is the black tire, one of unusual strength and quality. It is becoming quite a favorite.

HARRY PITTS SUPPLY HOUSE

The reader cannot pass unnoticed the unusual advertisement of the enterprising Mr. Harry Pitts on this page, regarding his tire, repairing and general automobile station in Hurd street. The telephone number "52-W" is already a by-word on the lips of very many motorists who have benefited by his excellent work in the repair and supply line, and it is a name that they seldom fail to call when in need of one or another of the auto accessories.

NEW BUICK CARS COMING

The large and brilliant appearing show room of the Lowell Buick Auto

Co. in Appleton street has been thoroughly renovated, painted and repaired, and is now in readiness for the arrival of the new 1914 Buicks. The show room is one of the most attractive places of business display in the city, as will be agreed by anyone who has had occasion to visit there. The color scheme of the walls, floor and ceiling is especially noticeable and the entire effect has aroused no little comment.

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AMUSEMENT NOTES

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

"The Firefly," a comedy opera in two acts and a prologue was presented to a very large audience at the Opera House last night and was decidedly one of the best musical productions seen here for a long time.

The production from a highly interesting play as a basis for a musical comedy.

Miss Edith Thayer, the charming young singer who assumed the lead rôle equal to his very exciting demands.

She is particularly adapted to the part which requires her to pass for a boy on a voyage to Bermuda. She is certainly quite versatile as she played the rôle of the boy and the Italian singer with equal skill and grace, always showing ability not only as a singer but as an actress.

The support was first class in every particular and the action goes on without the slightest hitch or delay.

First, the occupant of the front seat can step out on the curb or the street, as he may elect.

Second, better position in turning in traffic.

Third, driver can see ahead when passing a vehicle going in the same direction.

Fourth, better position when meeting and passing a vehicle.

YALE PLAYS TODAY

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 4.—The University of Maine sent its football team here for the first time today meeting Yale at its field in a game which offered opportunity for the sides-line critics to compare the development of Yale with that of Harvard.

Mr. Edward Martin who today signed as foreman of the box department of the Shaw stocking company to accept a more lucrative position in a local establishment was made the recipient of a beautiful leather rocker and a Morris chair. The gifts were presented by the employees of the printing and box departments of the factory. Mr. Herbert T. Chapman made an appropriate speech. He said that while the new job raised the general Ed they are glad that he is branching out, assuming larger responsibilities, and securing more remunerative work. He told of the many good qualities of Mr. Martin and closed by wishing him success and happiness for the remainder of his life.

Mr. Martin, though overcomes with emotion, found words to thank his friends and shopmates for their generosity and assured them that he will always remember their remuneration to his work.

His kindness and the thirteen years he spent among them.

HIGH SCHOOL REGT. OFFICIALS

About 91 members of the high school regiment assembled in the school annex last night to take the examination for the non-commissioned officers in the regiment, consisting of corporals and sergeants. The boys were put through a number of military maneuvers and

also were made to demonstrate their ability as athletes. The examination board was composed of Lieut. Harry Sheldon of the staff of the Sixth regiment, Lieut. Walter of Company G, and Instructor Campbell of the high school. The work was supervised by Lieut. Thomas Doyle, who has charge of the regiment. The names of successful ones will be made known in about two weeks.

LEFT HAND DRIVE

A prominent automobile man has announced that in his opinion, the following are briefly the main advantages of the left hand drive:

"First, the occupant of the front seat can step out on the curb or the street, as he may elect.

"Second, better position in turning in traffic.

"Third, driver can see ahead when passing a vehicle going in the same direction.

"Fourth, better position when meeting and passing a vehicle."

WHY NOT TRY POPLHAM'S ASTHMA REMEDY

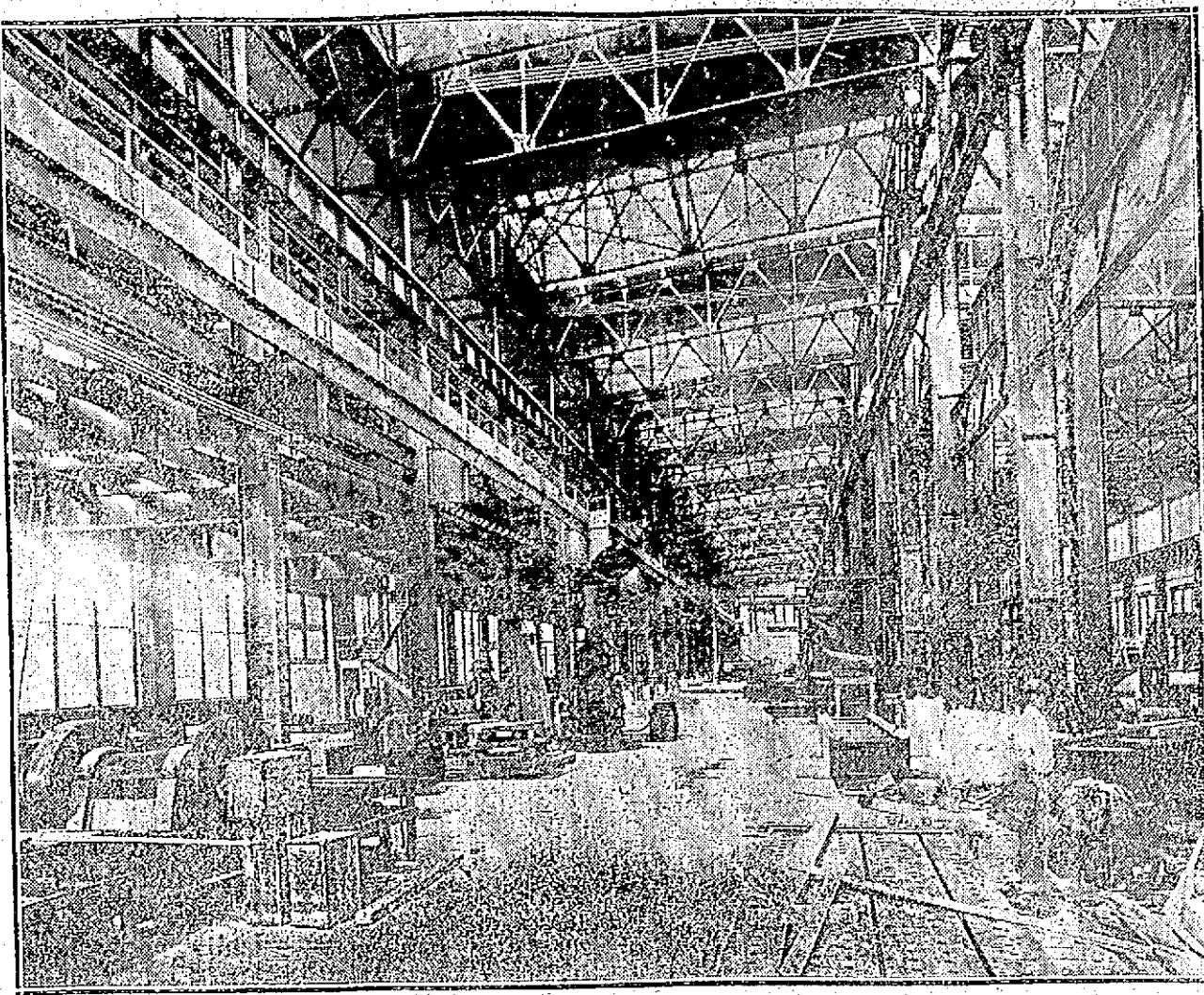
Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price 1.00.

Print Package by Mail free.

KILLIAMS MFG. CO., P.O. Cleveland, O.

For sale by Fails & Durkinbary.

of our list of much gratified patrons. Everything in auto supplies of the



INTERIOR OF THE LOCOMOTIVE SHOPS

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

In Boston Today Endorsed the
Ticket Headed by Lt. Gov. Walsh
and Adopted Platform

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—The democrats met in state convention at Fenway hall today, endorsed the ticket headed by Lt. Governor David Walsh and adopted a platform along lines already announced. The democrats slept late this morning and it was well into the afternoon when Prof. Edward M. Lewis of Amherst, the permanent chairman, took the business in hand. Professor Lewis was remembered by many as "Ted" Lewis, pitcher on the Boston National League baseball team 15 years ago and he was received with a shout that must have reminded him of the old days on the diamond.

An unusual procedure was the reading of the report of the committee on resolutions by Candidate Walsh. Roger Sherman Hoar of Worcester is chairman of the committee. The platform endorses the tariff and currency bills in the national congress; declares in favor of a strong navy and opposes any further restriction of immigration.

The complete separation of the New York, New Haven & Hartford and the Boston & Maine railroads as well as the divorce from the steam railroad lines of street railways and competing steamboat lines is demanded.

The platform also recommends that the governor be given veto power over orders of the public service commission relative to matters of public policy.

The construction by the state of electric railways, especially in those western Massachusetts towns now without adequate transportation facilities was advocated and the recommendation was made that all public utilities be placed under the supervision and control of the public service commission.

The resolutions demanded the pas-

sage of a stringent anti-lobby measure, the adoption of the initiative and referendum, the encouragement of agriculture by education and by the building of good roads in the rural sections and by adequate credit facilities for the benefit of the farmer.

Barry to Speak

Edward P. Barry, nominee for Lieutenant-governor, who has repeatedly demanded the resignation of Chairman Thomas P. Riley of the state committee, announced his intention of making a speech from the floor of the convention but said he did not intend to provoke a controversy on this occasion.

An interesting feature was the offering of the opening prayer by Rev. Roland D. Sawyer, at one time socialist nominee for governor but now a democratic candidate for the legislature.

The delegates were slow in assembling and it was not until noon that Chairman Riley rapped for order.

An address on "State Issues" was delivered by the temporary chairman, Charles B. Strecker of Brookline while the convention awaited the reports of the committees on credentials, rules, permanent organization and resolutions. He referred to Lt. Gov. Walsh, the gubernatorial candidate, as "a real democrat and not one who would use the party name to further his personal interest."

To the strains of "Auld Lang Syne" Prof. Edward M. Lewis of Amherst was escorted to the platform. Professor Lewis received a rousing reception, especially from the Boston delegates, who remembered him better as "Ted" Lewis, pitcher on the Boston National League baseball team a decade and a half ago.

BOOM FOR BILLERICA

Continued

which is about 1000 feet long about 200 feet wide and, as before stated, covers over four acres of land. A glance at the picture will give one a pretty good idea of the construction of the building which, as the picture testifies, is well lighted from roof and sides. The fact that the building is so well lighted enabled The Sun photographer to make the very splendid photograph in question.

The other pictures show the administration building, the paint shop and the car machine shop. The administration building is an extremely long building and here, as its name indicates, the bosses and clerical forces will have their offices. A goodly portion of the top floor will be devoted to offices and the rest of it will be used for the storage of stock and supplies.

Almost twenty-five miles of track have already been laid and that is all that will be laid for the present. These twenty-five miles of track include 150 switches and the company expects to be able, when well underway, to repair and put through an average of 40 locomotives and 150 passenger cars a month. No freight cars, except possibly for the relief of Lowell, will be handled at Billerica. Repairs to freight cars will be made mostly at Concord.

A Boston man who visited the big plant yesterday was very much interested in the buildings and the outlook. "It is difficult to appreciate," he said, "what this will mean to the town of Billerica. One must have seen an instance of it in order to thoroughly appreciate it. I am an old railroad man and I want to tell you that the boom to Billerica will outstrip the expectations of the most sanguine."

"We know all about the cotton mills littering southern Europe with idlers—farms for the purpose of luring poor creatures to the mills of this country to work for less than a living wage. That's a crime against society and I speak of it only to draw your attention to the two pictures, the help coming to the cotton mills and the help

coming to these magnificent car shops; the wages paid the textile mill operatives and the wages paid the men who will labor here."

"I can picture in my mind's eye what this is going to mean to Billerica and in summing up I am reminded of Sutton, Ont. The Canadian Pacific built car shops in Sutton in 1904. The plant was more than one-half as large as this plant and the population of Sutton at the time the shops were built was 500 and two years later, in 1906, the population had increased to 5000. This will give some idea of what may be expected in Billerica."

The type of workingmen who will become permanent residents of Billerica will be of the highest. No knowledge of economics is necessary to comprehend that the size of the average workingman's week-end envelope determines the "class" of his city or town. The pay envelopes of the car shop workers will be bulky ones, for the men capable of doing the work

to be done at these shops will represent the cream, so to speak, of the mechanics of the eastern states and the contents of their pay envelopes will furnish the "sinews of peace" in the building up of the place in which they are employed. And in the development of Billerica physically and morally, the carshop mechanics will be vitally interested for the very good reason that a majority of them will bring to the town good-sized families. For those families they will insist on having the best schools that can be built and in those schools teachers thoroughly competent to instruct their children.

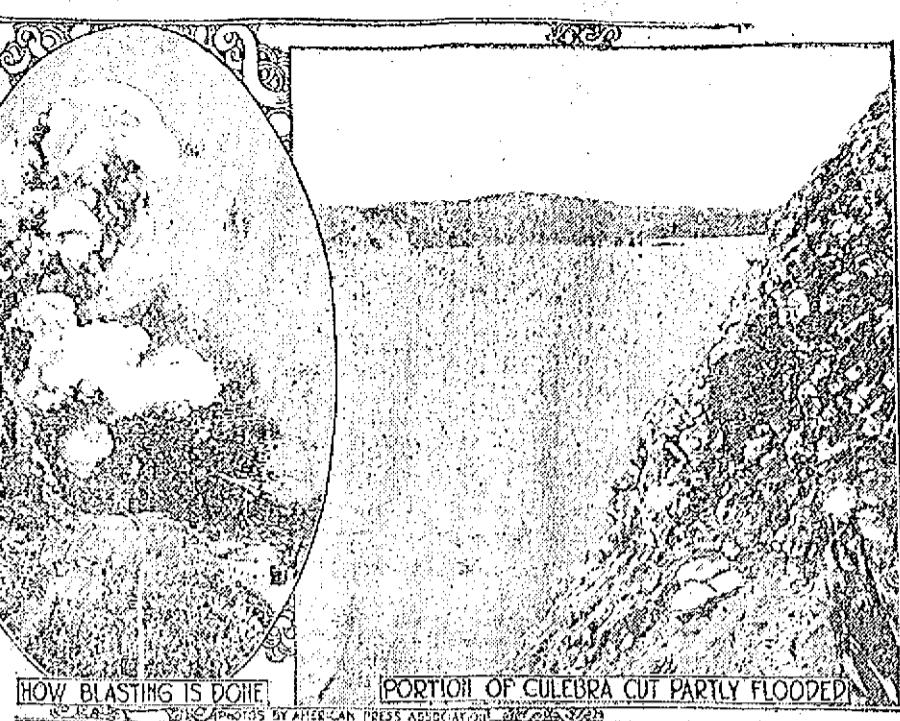
Having lived in bustling, hustling manufacturing cities, the mechanics and their families are accustomed to rapid transportation and they will insist upon it in Billerica and it will be but a question of a little time when the Bay State Street railway will be connecting the carshop district by

the carshop mechanics

will be

</

PANAMA CANAL TO BE COMPLETED BY BLAST CONNECTING ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC



HOW BLASTING IS DONE

PORTION OF CULEBRA CUT PARTLY FLOODED

When the Gamboon dike is blown up, the dike holds back the waters of Gatun lake from rushing into Culebra cut. Oct. 10 the Panama canal will actually connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans for the first time. This

day is dynamited and the lake rushes into the cut. A portion of the cut is shown with the "cushion" water in it. The other picture shows how the great cut was dug by explosions.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

For the Week Ending Oct. 4

LOWELL
Michael Crowley to John O. Holzner, land and buildings corner Bellevue and Newell streets.
Reginald Donaghue to John O. Heinz, land and buildings on Royal Park.
Frank Baker est. by exec. to Farrell, land and buildings on Franklin and Sutoke streets.
Maude Stickney to Alonso E. Kidder, land and buildings on Twelfth street.
H. Sheppard et al. to Avila, land and buildings on Fair Street.
Siegel to F. J. Van Greenberg, land and buildings on Howard street.
Ullan Goldwasser to Barrett Siegel

et ux., land and buildings on Chelmsford street.
Mary E. Waterhouse by coll. to George H. Waterhouse, land and buildings on Sanborn street.
Bertrand E. Uram to Mary E. Prescott, land and buildings on Newell street.
Martha A. Batchy by coll. to Amelia F. Downing, land on Westford street.
Harriet E. Crowley to Nellie F. E. Cormier et al. land and buildings on Lark street.
Elijah B. Hovey, widow, et al. to Martha E. Brigham, land and buildings on Dodge street.
Frank Bloddeau by coll. to Clement Suprenant, land on Felton street.
Frank X. Bloddeau by coll. to Clement Suprenant, land on Circuit avenue.
Joseph Desmarais by coll. to Clement

Suprenant, land on Acton street.
Alphonse Biheault est. by admrs. to Bridget Markey, land and buildings on Adams street.
George Gutknecht et al. by coll. to Fisher H. Pearson, land on Orleans street.
Michael J. Hanley by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Boylston street.
Mrs. William Henry by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Ayton street.
George W. Poore's heirs by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Seventh avenue.
George W. Poore's heirs by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Seventh avenue.
George W. Poore's heirs by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Seventh avenue.
Albert O. Haines by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Acton street.
Grace S. Adams by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Trotting Park road and Cambridge avenue.
Cora A. Bassett by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Orlington street.
Storer F. Crafts by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Cook and West Manchester streets.
James J. Naughton by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Mt. Forest street.
James J. Naughton by coll. to City of Lowell, land corner Plain street and Boston road.
James J. Naughton by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Border and Quebec streets.
James J. Naughton by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Border and Quebec streets.
Melvin G. Rogers by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Wentworth avenue.
Melvin G. Rogers by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Wentworth street.
Eliza J. Garnet by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Tyrone avenue.
William W. Putnam by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Bowman and Cambridge avenues.
Mary D. Burns by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Walton street.
Margaret Merrill by coll. to Margaret W. Merrill, land on Woburn, Cambridge and Chamberlain streets.
Edward Fisher to M. Elsworth Whiting, land on Coolidge and Hall streets.
Timothy J. Sullivan et al. by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Bishop street.
May G. Blanchard by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Berkley avenue.
National Land Co. by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Acton street.
Marcus Shamas et al. by coll. to City of Lowell, land on buildings on Middlesex street and Parry court.
Elbridge G. Parker's heirs by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Manchester street.
Ada E. Calderwood by coll. to City of Lowell, land south of Marshall road.
Henry O. Cushman by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Warwick street.
Vital Robert to Amanda Robert, land on Arthur avenue.
Willard Welch by coll. to Ellis L. Gates, land on Mammoth road.
William A. Parker by coll. to Ellis L. Gates, land on Lowell street.
Bay State Land Trust by trs. to Pierre N. Bernard, land at Lafayette and Merrimack streets.
John Biggs by coll. to John R. Craig, land on Upland street.
George Constantine to Emma Constantine, land and buildings cor. Mt. Washington and Pawtucket streets.
John F. Merrill et ux. by mifee. to Edward Fisher, land on Coolidge street.
Damian H. Laporte by mifee. to Edward Fisher, land and buildings corner Coolidge and Hall streets.
Moise Donette by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Franklin avenue.
Fred G. McGregor by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Orlington street.
Fred G. McGregor by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Trotting Park road.
Fred G. McGregor by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Berwick street and Berkley avenue.
Louis T. Montefiore by coll. to City of Lowell, land corner Circuit avenue and Felton street.
Louis T. Montefiore by coll. to City of Lowell, land on Felton street.
Louis T. Montefiore, heir to, to City of Lowell, land on Felton street.
May F. Eastman, et al. to coll. to City of Lowell, land on Bayston street.
Athanasios Stavropoulos by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Flossie ally.
Walter J. Morrissey by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Dodge and Worcester streets.
Mary Ann Cross by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Summer street.

James McManus heirs by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Lakeview avenue.
George W. Peore's heirs by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Auburn street.
Malvina Lagasse by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Dana street.
Harry Harris by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings rear of Davis street.
Mrs. Mary Jordan by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Auburn street.
Harlow H. Rogers by coll. to George E. Rogers, land and buildings on Robert place.
George A. Richards by coll. to George E. Rogers, land and buildings on Fruitt street.
George E. Rogers by coll. to Harlow H. Rogers, land and buildings on Champlain, Gratiot and Woodward streets.
Fred C. Nelson to Elizabeth M. Mitchell, corner Clark road and Homewood street.

Flemmer C. Spring to Harry H. Whittemore, land on Parkview avenue.
Annie M. Courtney, big coll. to Low-

ell Trust Company, land and buildings corner Market street and Passaic street.
Michael Marlan by coll. to Lowell T. Marlan, land and buildings on Keene street.
George W. Hurd by coll. to S. Foster Whipple, land on Berkley avenue.
Malvina Lagasse by coll. to Edgar Laplante, land on Cumberland road.
Mora Bouahie by coll. to Annie T. Bowers, land on Richmond avenue.
Albert H. Hamel by coll. to Mary E. Donnelly, land and buildings on Acton street.

Alphonse Blouet, est. by admrs. to Charles E. Watt, land and buildings on Moody street.
Charles E. Watt to Emma Martin, land and buildings on Moody street.
Florence E. Grant to Patrick P. Mahoney, land on Boston road.
William L. Hillis to Patrick P. Mahoney et ux., land on Second street.

BILGERICA

William F. Hollis et ux. to William H. Garrison, land and buildings on Poland street.

Frank J. Coughlin to Harold A. Keenan, land on Pinckney street.

Jesse Adelman to Jane Wheatley, land on Wildwood avenue.

Aaron Adelman to Josiah Greeno, land on Wildwood avenue.

Emilio D. Preto to Rosina De Berto, land on Fordway road and Chestnut street.

Olive A. Davison to Charles H. Marindale, land on Fordway road.

Albert H. Hamel by coll. to Almina D. Keenan, land on Pines road.

Suburban Land Co. Inc. Boston to Blola M. Capes, land at Nutting's Lake Park.

Suburban Land Co. Inc. Boston, to William Greene Cameron, land at Nutting's Lake Park.

Aaron Adelman to Eleanor B. Jamison, land on Manning street.

Leslie Whiting et al. to James W. Austin, land.

James W. Austin to Richard Austin, land.

Frank W. Coughlin to Martin H. Lanigan, land on Allandale avenue.

Roger W. Brown to Suburban Land Co. Inc. Boston, land and buildings on road from Lowell to Billerica and Buxton and Bedford roads.

Mary Catherine Harrington est. by exec. of al. to John P. Ryan, land on Pollard street.

Frank W. Coughlin to Ersilia No. 1, land on Albert street.

Michael H. Connolly to Hiram E. Gould, land on Albert street.

Bessie B. Eng to Elizabeth J. Haradon, land and buildings on Rural avenue.

Arthur C. Barker to Frederick T. Monroe, land on Allen road.

TEWKSBURY

Willard N. Seiber to Grace V. Nickerson, land on Lake street.

Grace V. Nickerson to Augusta H. Fonson, land corner Glenwood road and Maplewood avenue.

George H. Shultz Jr. to Harry Shultz, land at Shawsheen River Park.

John F. McMinamin et ux. by coll. to James E. McCarthy, land on Central street.

Grace V. Nickerson to Olive P. Marrian, land corner Main street and Glenwood road.

Grace V. Nickerson to Catherine E. Crandall, land on Willow street.

John A. Richardson et al. to Charles Hacker et al., land corner Main and Cedar streets.

John A. Richardson et al. to Charles Hacker et al., land on Cedar street.

Margaret Dyer, widow, to Charles Hacker et al., land corner South and Park streets.

TYNGSBORO

Isabel H. Pollard to Mary E. Bassett, land at Willow Dale Park.

John N. Bodwell to Mabel L. Chase, land on old road from Lowell to Nashua.

WESTFORD

Augusta B. Prescott et al. to Frank Collins, land on Graton road.

WILMINGTON

Arthur Hamilton to Elvera B. Henderson, land and buildings on Lake and Manning streets and Shawsheen avenue.

John B. Baxter to Arthur Hamilton, land and buildings on Church street.

Frank W. Coughlin to Hilda A. Hildander, land corner Taft road and Cleveland avenue.

Frank W. Coughlin to Charles F. Starrs, land on Cleveland avenue and Swain road.

REPLY TO FOSS

B. of L. E. Will Make Acknowledgment of Governor's Letter

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 4.—An acknowledgment of receipt of a letter from Gov. Eugene N. Foss bearing upon a possible strike of the engineers and firemen of the New Haven system in which the executive said he would make executive aid to stop a strike, will be made at once by L. G. Griffing, assistant grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and P. J. McNamara, vice president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers. The governor's letter was received by each one in the morning mail. The two officers then decided to make an acknowledgment of the letter and later to draft a reply to it. Mr. Griffing said that this reply would be made public at the earliest possible moment. Neither officer of the brotherhood would comment upon the letter of Gov. Foss. They said they had read it with interest in the morning papers. Both officers called at the room of the adjustment committee and found the committeemen in deep discussion of the letter. They took no part in it.

F. S. Evans, chairman of the committee, said that the whole matter now rested with Messrs. Griffing and McNamara. They represent Grand Chief Stone of the engineers and President Carter of the Firemen's Brotherhood. They will count the vote probably tonight.

In regard to the rule of seniority to which the engineers object, Mr. Evans said that the old rule, in force for 12 years, had the words, "if competent," in it. For these words the railroad company had substituted the qualification of "fitness." Otherwise the rule is practically the same.

STATE TROOPS

Additional Militia for the Calumet Strike Zone

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 4.—Gov. Ferris announced last night after a conference here with Adjutant General Van Derwerck that he will immediately instruct General Abby, in command of the state troops in the Calumet strike zone, to order three additional militia companies to be prepared for service in case their presence is deemed necessary.

The action of the governor was influenced to some extent by a message from Gen. Abby asking that he be allowed to order the Houghton militia to be ready for service if conditions grow worse. The executive said he will make a "national suggestion" to General Abby that he issue no orders to the Houghton troops.

Today is "Quarter Day" at The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Admiral Paragard camp, No. 78, Sons of Veterans, was held last night with a large number present. One candidate was taken into the camp and one application for membership was received. At future initiations the degree team will be assisted by the armed guard and it is believed that this will add greatly to the impressiveness of the ceremony. A special program is being prepared for the next meeting and it is believed that a large number of members will be present.

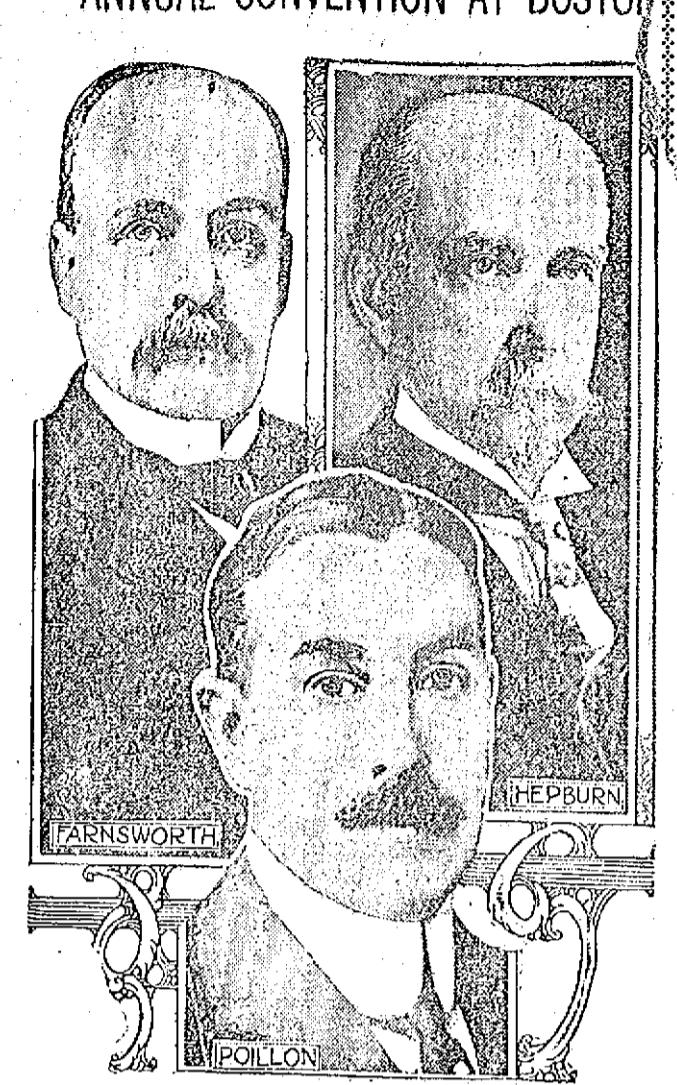
Lowell Council, Royal Arcanum

A debate on the subject, "Are pastimes in ante-rooms detrimental to the welfare of organizations?" followed the business session of Lowell Council, Royal Arcanum, Thursday night, and after considerable discussion the decision was given to the affirmative side. The winners issued a challenge to the members of the Highland council for any future date. Only routine business was transacted.

BILLIARD CHAMPIONSHIP

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Benny Allen of Kansas City won the world's pocket billiard championship last night, defeating Alfred De Oro of Cuba, title holder for several years, by a total score in the three nights play of \$60 to \$16.

AMERICAN BANKERS READY FOR ANNUAL CONVENTION AT BOSTON



WON BROOKTON RACE ATTEMPT TOWRECK BANK

HOBBEINS MADE UNSUCCESSFUL EFFORT TO BREAK INTO WRENTHAM STRONG BOX

WRENTHAM, Oct. 3.—An unsuccessful attempt to break into the Wrentham National bank was made early today. The safe was drilled and two charges of nitroglycerine were exploded, but the door to the inner vault was not opened. The marauders are unknown.

BOSTON PAINLESS DENTISTS

The originators of Painless Dentistry in this city, and still in the lead. HOW ARE YOUR TEETH?

Do you suffer with toothache? Of course you do. Perhaps you wake up during the night and walk the floor or toss around with the pain of an aching tooth. We are the people who can free you from all such trouble and make life a pleasure for you. We are the true exponents of "up-to-date" Dentistry. We are the recognized tooth-savers. We kill the ache forever and save the tooth for you, and we do the work so quickly and thoroughly that a patient finds it a pleasure. All work guaranteed.

EXPERT OPERATORS LADY IN ATTENDANCE

Boston Painless Dental Rooms

16 BUNNELS BUILDING

Damaged By Water

We got our share of it yesterday when a careless person left a faucet turned on in a room on the second floor right over our store. Our ceiling was so damaged that it must be removed. That was not the only damage, for the water soaked in on a large portion of our pictures, frames and art material which were displayed about the store. Now this calls for an immediate removal of these goods at any old price in order that we may have our store repaired and a new ceiling. There need be no long story told as to what this means to the public. It simply means that we are in for a big loss, and that our loss is your gain. There is nothing but what will go if great bargain prices can do it. There is no attempt to prepare anything at this sale. It will start at once.

As the sudden and unexpected has happened, we have nothing definite to do but to face the situation which will be a wonderful saving to you and a loss to us. This is the grandest opportunity in the world to get your Christmas or holiday gifts, if you will only take advantage of what is offered.

REMEMBER THE TIME AND PLACE. SALE ON NOW.

E. F. & G. A. Maker, Shattuck Street, Facing Merrimack St.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THIS WEEK

IT IS—

PLUSH and
VELVET **HATS**

All the popular shapes and colors. Priced from—

\$1.98 to \$3.98

Not is from \$1.00 to \$2.00 less than regular prices.

Ask to see the "ETHEL DIKE," a most chic and stylish hat young women's wear, in Austrian, French and English velours all the new and popular colors.

SPECIAL for Friday and Saturday—\$1.50 and \$1.75 quality FELT HATS, in many popular colors and shapes, 98c

rose Jordan Hartford
135 MERRIMACK STREET

BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

GIANTS' PITCHERS BETTER

According to Past Performances
—McGraw's Hurlers Have it on
Mack's Mound Artists

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—When the New York and Philadelphia clubs open the series for the world's baseball championship at the Polo grounds in this city on Oct. 7, the Giants will have at least one advantage which only the heaviest kind of stickwork will overcome. Compared player for player the winners of the National league pennant appear to be stronger in the pitching department than the Athletics. Two years ago, when Connie Mack's clan defeated McGraw's team four games to two in the battle for the 1911 title, conditions in this respect were reversed. Now the margin of strength so far as boxmen is concerned is on past performances with the Giants.

The only leader of the National league representatives in the coming series has in Marquard, Mathewson, Tesreau, Demaree, Fromme, Crandall and Wiltsie, a group of twirlers who should prove more effective against the Athletics than Bender, Plank, Shawkey, Brown, Bush and Houck against the Giants. Such might not be the case was Connie Mack's pitching staff augmented by the presence of Coombs. The big Maine hurler is considered to be out of the series, however, due to early season illness and a more recently strained back. The trio of mainstays for the Giants will undoubtedly be Mathewson, Marquard and Tesreau, with Demaree, Fromme, and Crandall a second string twirlers. For the Athletics Bender, Plank and Shawkey will have first call, while Brown, Bush and Houck will be reserve pitchers.

Mathewson, who is one of the greatest "money pitchers" of baseball, will have to divide honors with Marquard this year in all probability. While his head and hand still maintain the skill and cunning of yesteryear, his arm cannot stand the strain as it did a few seasons ago. Marquard will have to bear a larger share of the burden than he did in 1911. The same is true of Bender and Plank. In the Athletic lineup, for Shawkey is an unknown quantity in world's series play. Tesreau and Demaree, on the other hand, have had considerably more big league experience, and the former was a factor in the world's series play of 1912 when the Giants gave the Boston Red Sox such a hard struggle for honors. Crandall is not likely to get into the series except as a relief pitcher or pinch-hitter, and Brown, Bush and Houck are uncertain propositions. They are just as likely to win, if Mack starts any one of the trio, as to blow up completely.

Mathewson opposed Bender in the first game of the 1911 series which

BALL TEAM SOLD JEANETTE WON

Indianapolis Team of American Association in New Hands

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 4.—The Indianapolis American association baseball club was sold here late yesterday by Sol Meyer, owner, to James C. McGill, George A. Wahlgreen and Jack Hendricks of Denver. The purchase price, reported to be \$165,000, is said to be the largest ever paid for a minor league organization. Since 1908 when the local team won the association pennant, baseball from an Indianapolis standpoint has been disappointing and attendance has been poor.

This city is said to be one of the best baseball towns in the circuit and with a team playing fairly well, the returns to the promoters have been large.

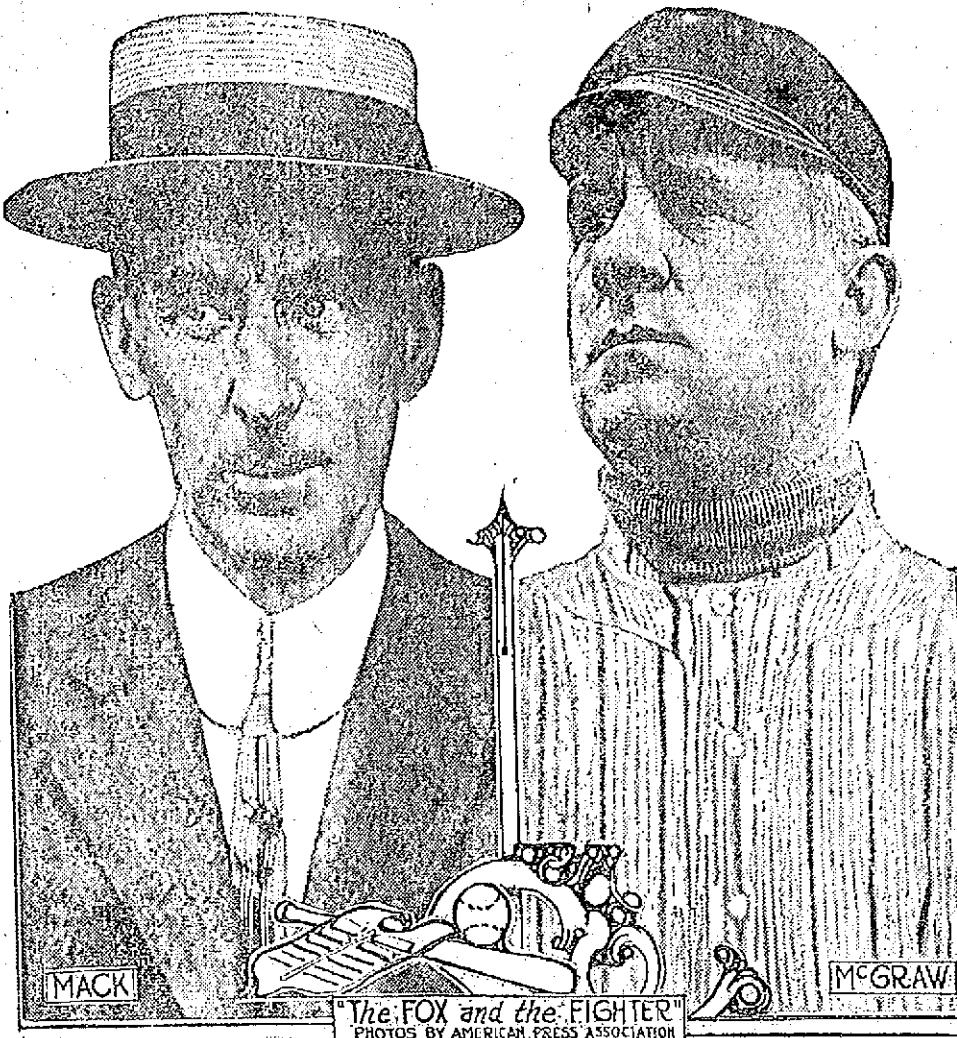
LOCKED IN CELL

Chairman of N. Y State Commission Voluntary Prisoner

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Thomas M. Osborn, chairman of the state commission on prison reform and now a voluntary inmate of Auburn prison, today closed the week with considerable information in his possession to aid him in the work of the commission. His day in prison was spent, as usual, in the basket shop and he will be locked in his evening for the long and dreary silent spell from Saturday until Monday. With other prisoners he will be marched from the cells to the chapel tomorrow morning for the religious service, but, with this exception, will, like his prison mates, spend the 36 hours alone.

CHELMSFORD

The senior class of the Chelmsford High school held their first dancing party of the season in the Chelmsford town hall last night and the affair was a great success both financially and socially. The hall was prettily decorated in the class colors, lavender and gold, and wreaths of autumn leaves added much to the appearance of the hall. Gray's orchestra furnished excellent music for the dance order of twenty numbers. The matrons were Mrs. William H. Hall and Miss Susan McFarlin.

FOX AND FIGHTER OF THE BASEBALL WORLD
READY FOR GREAT CHAMPIONSHIP CLASHThe FOX and the FIGHTER
PHOTOS BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The two most interesting persons concerned in the world's series scheduled to begin at the Polo grounds Tuesday, Oct. 7, are Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, and John J. McGraw, manager of the New York Giants.

PITCHERS' RECORDS

	G. W.	L. P.C.
Bender	47	19
Plank	39	17
Shawkey	14	6
Brown	45	18
Bush	36	11
Houck	39	15
Demaree	24	14
Marquard	40	22
Mathewson	50	21
Tesreau	38	21
Fromme	33	9
Crandall	32	2
	3	400

As has often been said, these two manipulators of baseball players are exact opposites in personality and method. Mack is the fox of the baseball world; McGraw is the fighter, the "Little Napoleon" of the game. Mack sits on the players' bench quietly in his everyday clothes and moves his men without noise, but astutely. McGraw is always out on the coaching line in uniform and full of aggressiveness, battling all the way and directing his men by the light of his own judgment solely. Men's faces often belie their real self, but not so in the case of these managers.

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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

HIGH AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS
This city will soon have to face the expensive proposition of building a new industrial school and also a new high school or at least a high school for girls. This will mean the expenditure of half a million dollars. Experience has taught us anything we will realize that the size of this undertaking or any part of it makes imperative that it be planned and executed under the guidance and supervision of an expert commission such as that which handled the erection of our city hall—an undertaking of which the citizens got their money's worth to the last penny.

No matter how able or efficient the membership of the city government or unselfish their intentions, the multiplicity of their other duties, and their inability to steer clear of political influences, make it imperative that they be relieved of the extraordinary task of planning such important school buildings or directing their construction.

There should be no need of further argument as to the necessity for such a school buildings. The present high school is wholly inadequate for its purpose. It is small, badly arranged, and altogether behind the times. Every year brings a greater necessity that it be remodelled or entirely abandoned. Its present crowded condition is a reproach that cannot be permitted to continue much longer.

The separation of boy and girl pupils would forward the cause of education rather than retard it and one logical means of relief is the erection of a school for girls only, such as has been advocated already in these columns. Instead of an antique and unsentimental building wholly inadequate to the needs of the present, this city should have a high school second to none in the commonwealth—building that will satisfy the needs of the city for years to come. We must provide such a building in the near future and sooner the better. When we decide on it let us also decide on the plan that will ensure absolute success, the plan that has given us one of the finest city halls in the state, a commission plan. It will ensure the superiority in our school structures and the people will get all they desire and all they pay for.

AUTO SEARCHLIGHTS

The automobile searchlight was originally intended as an aid to safety. It has been developed and abused until it constitutes a positive menace, no very slight one. It has been stronger and more glaring year by year. A high powered machine carries electric searchlights that cast blind a driver unfortunate enough to get into the path of its coming from a different direction, rendering him in danger of running into the ditch or into a tree until passed or even after it has stopped. When two such cars meet it is a grand illumination that calls the party vanity of the owners deserves no good purpose. Safety is more important than vain and war display and safety demands the halting of the automobile searchlight to its original purpose.

This matter has been considered by Massachusetts highway commissioners who is said to have a plan under consideration which promises relief. The commission now has the power of law under the auto act so any regulation formulated by it will be binding as a legislative body. No other body has more experience or ability in discussing automobiles or their remedy and those who suffered from the abuse of the searchlight idea will welcome any rule promises relief. It will be far safer to ride through our broad boulevards by night when we shall carry lights powerful enough to give practical illumination without endangering the lives of wayfarers.

Searchlights are also a nuisance in city streets where they are wholly unnecessary. Electric lighted thoroughfares and it well if autos could do like. The intended regulations will include this phase of the idea. It is of secondary importance. It is true that it calls for some improvement.

BILLBOARDS AGAIN

Advertisement appeared in New England months ago to study and see the billboard nuisance of which has come out strongly for abolition, denouncing them in language and disparaging them from the point of view of "sister." Specifically, the report of main objections to billboards three heads, viz: their cost, their furnishing a fire hazard, and their being a public health because of the creation of rubbish they often bear their glaring posters.

There is no difference of opinion. We note of business even the most beautiful streets and in

the ill assortment of their spaces and colors they are often painfully painful to the artistic sense. They may be fire hazards in some rare cases but here they are even more to be regretted as tending to lower property standards and property values especially in the centre of the city. Place a billboard in top of a building and your building loses its dignified proportion and takes a cheap appearance. The accusation that they are a menace to health is a new one but is worthy of serious attention.

Few will differ with the indictments above mentioned; even the patron of billboards will not call them beautiful or essential. But we may expect to have them in one form or another until it has been clearly demonstrated that they do not give the advertiser sufficient return for the money invested. There are far more effective means of publicity and people generally have such a well defined dislike for billboards that they are no longer desirable mediums of publicity. Their promoters will still extol their virtues but business men will eventually side in with the public in calling for their abolition.

NEW TARIFF AT LAST

The seemingly interminable suspense is over and the signature of the president has been appended to the new tariff bill, which will mark a new epoch in the industrial life of the country. The era of high protection has passed and the era of business independence is about to dawn. That it is to be the dismal failure that its enemies once vigorously asserted and still faintly murmur, very few business men seem to believe. Only time will reveal its full effect. In its present state it is not without defects, but such a thing as an absolutely perfect tariff bill is almost an impossibility. Suffice it to say that the president and Mr. Underwood are satisfied with the present bill and it will, therefore, serve to test out the principles they and their supporters have advocated.

One of the best features of the bill is that it cuts down much, admittedly surplus tariff without decreasing the revenues of the government. Another is that it has caused no industrial upheaval except a negligible degree of unnecessary caution, and this has been due to the delay in its passage, rather than to any positive clause in the bill itself.

It also avoids discrimination and deals as fairly with all industries as was possible considering the former inequalities in the existing tariff. The necessities of life have been largely freed from taxation and the good of the masses was not lost sight of during its framing or passage through congress. It is an honestly framed bill, sincere in its intentions and far-reaching in its scope. But a little white more and it will await the final judgment of the country.

DISCOURAGING PROFANITY

The Woonsocket Call is not slow in expressing admiration for the principle that prompted a parade of the Providence Holy Name societies through the streets of that city last Sunday, to the number of about 30,000 men. This principle in the words of the Woonsocket paper was "the principle of pure and honest speech" to which "every Rhode Islander should be sincerely attached regardless of his religious belief."

Probably what refers to Rhode Island in this case refers equally to Massachusetts for if Lowell may be taken as an example, we are strongly on the score of profanity and indecency of speech, even on the public streets. Much of it may be unconscious or thoughtless but none of it is defensible. The Holy Name societies are enrolled in a good cause and all Christians regardless of sect wish them success.

STILL AT ARMAGEDDON

Theodore Roosevelt declares as vehemently as ever that he is loyal to progressive principles and that the great fight of Armageddon has just begun, but if actions speak louder than words, as they are reputed to do, he shows a mighty indifference in going to enlighten the republics of the south at a time when his party needs him sorely at home. In declaring that he would fight for progressive principles even if alone he may be prophetically preparing us for what will happen when he returns.

THE FAMILY COUGH MEDICINE

In every home there should be a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery ready for immediate use by any member of the family, cold or a cough, grippe, etc., will stop the spread of sickness. S. A. Stid, of Mason, Mich., writes: "My whole family, especially Dr. King's New Discovery at the best cough and cold medicine in the world. Two 3d bottles cured me of pneumonia." Thousands of other families have been similarly benefited and are entirely upon Dr. King's New Discovery to cure their coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. Every doctor helps. Price 3d, 10c, and 41.00. All druggists. H. E. Bucklin & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

M. H. McDonough Sons
UNDERTAKERS and EMBALMERS
Prompt Service Day and Night

108 Gorham St. Tel. 908-1

THE SPELLBINDER

Note the anxiety with which Congressman Gardner enters upon his campaign for governor. He comes into the ring with bated breath, as it were, and in a trice tells Col. Benton, a well-respected and worthy gentleman who felt that he was the logical candidate. But in this he was mistaken as there is but one "logical" candidate and Gardner has impressed upon the remnants of the republican party that he is the one. He comes as the tall end of the Lodge machine hoping to revive its power in Massachusetts. It has become antiquated and ordinarily should be sent to the political junk-heap where rests the wrecks of the old republican steam road-rollers. Gardner is trying to re-equip the old machine so long directed by his father-in-law and his ambition is to become governor of the commonwealth by defeating Walsh and Bird, as well as Benton and any other candidate that may come forward. He has turned aside the republican state committee and put the Lodge machine in charge of his campaign. He has come out squarely for compulsory arbitration which would not stand the test of constitutionality. Mr. Gardner may have been moved to this step by the action of the American Federation of Labor in declaring against compulsory arbitration thinking his attitude will unite the corporations in its support. He is also in favor of restricted immigration in a radical form. It would appear that Mr. Gardner has an idea that the big trust and combines can still wield as much power politically as they did when his father-in-law was first elected to the senate and that they will tumble over one another to secure his election. In that he will find himself woefully mistaken. The corporations have been shorn of most of their power to put their tools in office.

Another point on which he will get a very forcible bump is, in his effort to draw the progressives back to their old time allegiance to the republican party. He sneers at Charles Sumner Bird just as Bird represented only a political bubble that required only to be gently pricked with the Gardner pincers to vanish into nothingness. Gardner comes to saddle the commonwealth with a political machine which the people cast off some years ago, and it remains to be seen whether they will permit him to smash their calculations as well as their hopes and their candidates.

Hon. David L. Walsh is going about the commonwealth talking clean politics and against the use of money in elections. Walsh is apparently too honest a man and too much of a gentleman to descend to the methods that the backers of Gardner are getting ready to adopt in this campaign. Mr. Walsh, I will venture a guess of advice thus early in the campaign: Don't look to Gardner for decency or fairness. You have declared you will not descend to personalities that you will not even mention your opponents, Bird and Gardner, by name. If a man knocks you down and jumps on you, you get up and say, "Thank you sir, you are a nice gentleman, but I will not stigmatize you by mentioning your name?"

Say, Mr. Walsh, you had better stop this childish talk. You can't afford to be a Chestertown in dealing with Gardner. With Mr. Bird it is different. Throw off your coat and go into the fight like a man who is not afraid. You have nothing to fear from any of your opponents if you set out to make an aggressive campaign on the live issues of the hour; for I believe you are the superior of any of them. Train your heaviest guns on Gardner and raise him from the ground. If you want to be the next governor of Massachusetts.

Remember that Gardner is out to adopt the campaign methods in vogue in the palmy days of Lodge, Mario Hanna and Czar Reed. Get out, then, and force the fighting so that the progressive voters if they are not cast for Bird, will be cast for you. You made a good fight for Lieutenant-governor. Make one still better this year and you will be elected high and dry; but don't use any pop-gun methods on a man who will draw upon his federal forces to accomplish your defeat. The disrupted G. O. P. will regard it as a glorious victory if they can do in Massachusetts what they did a few weeks ago in Maine. Whether they can or not depends very largely, Mr. Walsh, upon the kind of a battle you wage in this campaign.

The County Ring Fight

The local democrats are beginning to inquire about their candidates for county commissioner and district attorney. They remarked that neither John B. McCloskey, nominee for commissioner nor William J. Corcoran for district attorney, attended the opening rally at Associate hall Monday night. If Fred H. Bourke had been nominated we surmise he would have presented himself to the voters of the other end of the county. Perhaps Mr. McCloskey thinks that he can secure the election as he did the nomination by working only in his home city of Cambridge. Meanwhile the county ring is putting in some active though quiet work for its candidate. Charles H. McIntire, feeling that the only opponent to be feared is the republican nominee, Hon. Erson B. Barlow, who is fighting the ring, tooth and nail, denouncing its rule and appealing for a combined effort to overthrow this power that has controlled county politics for a great many years. With such a situation in this part of the country it is any wonder that local democrats are beginning to ask, "Where is McCloskey?"

James T. Barrett, democratic candidate for register of probate is a good big man who has made his mark as alderman in Cambridge and on the lecture platform. The office for which he is named does not amount to much, but he should be locally supported by the voters who want a clean, bright and intelligent man for that position. Senator Fisher's Fight

The voters of the Seventh Middlesex senatorial district including wards five and nine of Lowell will be pleased to know that Senator Edward Fisher of Westford is a candidate for reelection, having received the unanimous endorsement of his party at the primaries. This is indeed an unusual year when we consider that this district, known as the "shot string district," extends from Ayer to Lynn and embraces now divergent interests and more cosmopolitan constituency than any other in the commonwealth. Such endorsement indicates pretty conclusively that Senator Fisher has indeed been true and faithful to the wants and needs of this district and it is further noted with satisfaction that his candidacy is not only viewed with approval by his own party but also with enthusiasm by his numerous friends and supporters regardless of party affiliation, thus offering a tribute seldom paid to a candidate for public office. His opponent this year on the republican ticket is Arthur Reither of Lynn, an employe of the

General Electric company, who, it is understood, is being backed by this company in his campaign and doubtless for a purpose.

That Senator Fisher's standing and ability as a legislator was recognized by the president of the senate is well evidenced by the committee appointments given him, as he was made a member of the leading committees of that body, the committee on ways and means, and was also placed upon two of the other most important committees, namely railroads and agriculture. While rendering very effective service upon the railroad committee in securing the passage of the "Washburn Bill," so called, under the provision of which the recent developments relative to the financing and expenditures of the N. Y. N. H. and H. R. R. have been brought to light, and in compelling the railroads to restore to students the privilege of riding to school at half fare and for the committee on agriculture in effectually opposing undesirable mill legislation, yet his chief and most conspicuous service was rendered as a member of the ways and means committee where his intimate knowledge of the financial affairs of the commonwealth were in evidence. Through his efforts the commonwealth was unquestionably saved many thousands of dollars and that such is a fact is borne out by the following taken from the Boston press: "The state tax is the largest in the history of the commonwealth but a special tribute is due Senator Fisher for this tax is not larger than it is."

To him were entrusted most of the reports of this committee which involved matters of great importance and which were contested upon the floor of the senate and his ability in handling these reports resulted almost without exception in the same being sustained. If ever a man proved by his conduct that he considers a public office to be a "public trust" it is Senator Fisher.

It was also through his efforts that the bill for the construction of an agricultural school in Middlesex county passed the senate. The voters of the district now have the choice of returning to the senate a true, tried and trusty legislator in the person of Sen. Fisher, or sending a man without legislative experience, backed and supported by one of the largest corporations in this country. There would seem to be little doubt that the voters of the district will return Senator Fisher by an overwhelming vote at the polls on November 4th next. Should they fail to do so the only conclusion that could be drawn in regard to the result would be, that they were utterly blind to their own best interests and those of the commonwealth. It behoves democrats, republicans, progressives and nondescripts to stand by Senator Fisher, who is competent to fill the highest office in the gift of the people. His presence in the senate will be a safeguard against pernicious legislation and his powerful influence in favor of needed reforms will always be exerted on the side of justice and their candidates.

Mr. David L. Walsh is going about the commonwealth talking clean politics and against the use of money in elections. Walsh is apparently too honest a man and too much of a gentleman to descend to the methods that the backers of Gardner are getting ready to adopt in this campaign: Don't look to Gardner for decency or fairness. You have declared you will not descend to personalities that you will not even mention your opponents, Bird and Gardner, by name. If a man knocks you down and jumps on you, you get up and say, "Thank you sir, you are a nice gentleman, but I will not stigmatize you by mentioning your name?"

Mr. Kilpatrick's Record

There is an old saying to the effect that what is written remains. It is a matter of utmost importance in human affairs. It even "cuts some ice" in political campaigns for some of the candidates dread the visage of their own record more than the most hideous monster that crawls the earth. This I assume expresses or should express the feelings of Charles T. Kilpatrick, the republican candidate for senator in regard to his record in the state legislature in 1910 and 1911. I have looked up his record and have it before me as I pen these lines and without any exaggeration. I do not believe the people of Lowell ever sent a man to the general court who manifested a more liberal spirit towards popular legislation than did Mr. Kilpatrick. He voted almost without exception for every measure opposed by the people and against every measure favored by the people. Do not imagine that I have set out to misrepresent Mr. Kilpatrick. There is no need of that. I do not believe in the men who are "corporation baiters" and neither do I believe in the man who sees nothing good in any measure unless there is a corporation back of it. The man required to represent a city like Lowell or any part of it should have a mind broad enough to act fairly as between capital and labor; to see some good in the masses, to realize that if given their way the great corporations would oppress and abuse their employees. In that I shall present but a few citations from his legislative record but before election I shall give the voters enough from which to draw accurate conclusions as between Mr. Kilpatrick on the one hand and Senator Draper, his democratic opponent on the other.

One of the safeguards against dangerous legislation is the reference of any measure to the people. Wherever this proposition was made, while Mr. Kilpatrick was in the legislature he voted "no." He evidently does not believe in the intelligence of the people since he is unwilling to allow them to decide any public question.

On March 2, 1910, in attaching the referendum to a bill to extend the term of office for sheriffs, Mr. Kilpatrick voted "no." Why was he so anxious to give sheriffs a longer term of office? To decide on his own power that has controlled county politics for a great many years. With such a situation in this part of the country it is any wonder that local democrats are beginning to ask, "Where is McCloskey?"

On February 25, 1910, in ordering to a third reading the bill to increase the salaries of gas and electric light commissioners, Mr. Kilpatrick voted "no." Anything to help those already too well paid.

On May 16, 1910, on adopting resolutions in favor of the election of United States senators by direct vote Mr. Kilpatrick voted "no." He would not allow the people a voice in selecting a U. S. senator.

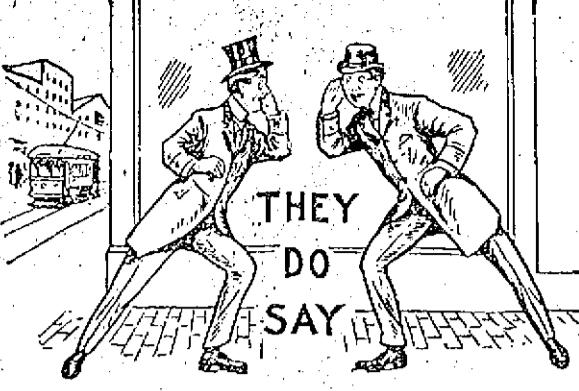
On March 20, 1910, on attaching local referendum to bar and battle bill, Mr. Kilpatrick voted "no."

On April 4, he voted "no" on ordering to a third reading the eight hour bill for city employees.

On April 16, he voted no on ordering to a third reading the 34 hour bill. Both bills became law in spite of Rep. Kilpatrick.

On April 25, he voted "no" on a bill requiring street railways to equip their cars with lifting jacks.

From these few citations from the record of Mr. Kilpatrick as representative in the legislature, the voters can judge of his pernicious influence in legislation. He opposed the popular election of senators, he opposed the 8 hour bill for city employees, the 34 hour bill for factory operatives and in fact every other measure favored by the friends of the people and the



That the secretary-treasurer of the local Musicians' union is quite a fisherman.

That the police are unable to stop the many breakups that are occurring in this city of late.

That all old maids don't look as pretty as the trees in autumn.

That Jack Sullivan's office is becoming quite a debating club and a mighty good one.

That "September Morn" is beginning to look as blue as its background.

That Mary Konovsky is thinking of getting a purple and green party dress with a scarlet sash to match and a diamond hair ornament that is something swell, the whole to cost \$5.49.

That at a certain red brick institution on East Merrimack street there is a wrangling rooster that ought to have his voice cultivated.

That the gas company wishes people suffering from gastritis to refrain from calling up the gas office.

That Monsignor O'Brien hopes to visit the Irish parliament in College Green, Dublin, next year.

That Spaulding park was the scene of some interesting events this afternoon.

That the basketball season at the Y. M. C. A. will begin in a short time.

That the members of the Y. M. C. A. opened their season in fine style last night.

That the Patsey Club boys will be in the limelight again soon and here's to their success.

That James Kelly made a good impression in the debate against socialism at Boston college.

That "Fake" was seen on Wanamanch street after 8:30 Wednesday evening. We wonder who she was.

That open cars on cold days are not conducive to good health.

That the beautiful tints on Mrs. Dunlap Leighton's hats are suggested by the autumn colors seen on Belvidere heights from the ninth floor of the Sun building.

That a young man who recently moved from Westford street was seen carrying home a bundle last Thursday which, though cleverly disguised, looked suspiciously like a coal hod.

That Dan Cosgrove recited beautifully, "Oh, baby!

FREES OELRICHS

Miss Singleton Says
Wounds Were From
Wind Shield Splinters

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Lucille Singleton changed her mind yesterday about her charge of stabbing against Herman Oelrichs, millionaire student at Columbia Law school, whose automobile met with an accident while the two were riding in it Tuesday night along Broadway.

She declared in an affidavit that her injuries were caused by points of glass of the windshield through which she was thrown.

It was through the efforts of the district attorney's office that the mystery has been cleared up to some extent. James O'Malley, an assistant prosecutor, questioned Miss Singleton as she propped against pillows in bed at her apartments. She broke down fl-

nally and cried, declaring she wanted to tell the truth.

Mr. O'Malley obtained the affidavit exonerating Oelrichs; and the felonious assault charge on which there is to be a hearing next Tuesday, is expected to be dropped. Meanwhile, it is announced, the district attorney's office will endeavor to learn Miss Singleton's motive for accusing Oelrichs and what prompted her today to make the statement.

Dean Stone of the law school said action in Oelrichs' case by the university authorities would be deferred until after the court hearing.

It was not disclosed yesterday who was the third person in the machine with Oelrichs and Miss Singleton. The girl in her statement disclaimed knowledge of this person's identity.

DARTMOUTH MEETS COLBY

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 4.—With many of the first string men in its lineup, Dartmouth expected to defeat Colby's eleven here today by a good score.

The field which was somewhat muddy earlier in the day dried out by noon. Several hundred of the alumni who came here for Dartmouth night remained over for the game.

Money deposited today in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank will draw interest from this date.

CLABBY WON OUT

Defeated Sailor Petroksey at Frisco in a 20 Round Bout

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—Jimmy Clabby fought all around Sailor Petroksey last night and received the only possible decision at the end of twenty rounds. Petroksey weighed 165 pounds and Clabby 151. A count of the rounds gave Clabby all but four and Petroksey one. The 12th, 14th and 16th were even.

Knowing that only a knockout could win for him, Petroksey did his best to make a hurricane finish, but Jimmy's straight lefts, right uppercuts in the clinches and raking left hooks soon took the steam out of the sailor and the fight was Clabby's by a wide margin.

LOWELL, SATURDAY, OCT. 4, 1913.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

UNUSUAL VALUES IN

Clothing and Furnishings
For Men and Boys

TRUE BARGAINS OF INTEREST TO PRUDENT BUYERS

BOYS' CLOTHING SECTION

SPECIAL VALUES IN BOYS'

NORFOLK and RUSSIAN SUITS

AND

OVERCOATS

We are Offering Special Values in Boys' Suits and Overcoats at \$2.98

Boys' Norfolk and Russian Suits—Made of fine worsted, cashmere, Scotch mixtures and serges, Norfolk style, made with box pleats and full peg knickerbocker pants; Russian style made with military or sailor collars—\$1.00 to \$5.00 values.....\$2.98 Suit

Boys' Long Overcoats—Made of good heavy woolen materials, in all the newest shades of blue, brown and gray; made with convertible collars and half belts—\$4.00 and \$5.00 values, at.....\$2.98

SPECIAL FOR TODAY

30 Dozen Boys' Corduroy Pants at Only 85c Pair—Made of heavy corduroy, peg top, cut full size, with double seams. Sizes 6 to 17 years—\$1.00 and \$1.25 values, at.....85c Pair

Boys' Russian Coats—Russian Overcoats, sizes 2 1/2 to 10 years, made of heavy cheviots, in blue, brown and gray; made with half belts or belts all around—\$4.00 value, at.....\$2.98

MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

LOWER PRICES THAN USUAL ON MEN'S FALL WEAR

Fleece Lined Underwear—Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear, shirts only, 50c value. Special price.....25c Each

Jersey Fleeced Underwear—Men's Jersey Fleeced Underwear, ecru, seconds of the 50c garments. Special price.....29c Each

Heavy Jersey Underwear—Men's Heavy Jersey Fleeced Underwear, made from extra fine Egyptian yarn, in ecru, brown and silver gray, best 50c garment made. Special price.....39c Each

Heavy Fleeced Underwear—Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear—shirts and drawers—in all sizes; 50c garments. Special price 39c Each

Men's Wool Underwear—Men's Natural Wool Underwear, slightly imperfect in the finishing, but not of any nature to affect the wear of the garments—75c and \$1.00 values. All one price.....50c Each

Men's Medium Weight Jersey Underwear at Half Price—70 dozen Men's Medium Weight Jersey Ribbed Underwear, in ecru, blue, salmon and brown. Made with long sleeves, 50c garments. Special price.....25c Each

Boys' Jersey Underwear—Nice, soft and warm garments, 25c value. Special price 20c Each

Boys' Union Suits—Boys' Fleece Lined Union Suits, 50c garments. Special price 39c Suit

BASEMENT

Men's Working Shirts—Woven cheviots, madras and heavy ginghams. Congress make; 50c value. Special price.....29c Each

Men's Negligee Shirts—Negligee Shirts made of good percales, cheviots, madras, in all new fall patterns. Shirts made to retail at 50c. Special price.....35c, 3 for \$1.00

Heavy Shaker Sweaters—Men's Heavy Shaker Sweaters, ruff collars, in gray and garnet; \$2.50 values. Special price.....\$1.45 Each

Men's Blue Overalls—Men's Overalls, made of heavy blue denim, 50c garments. Special price.....29c Pair

Men's Pant Overalls—Pant Overalls made of fine blue striped twills, 50c value. Special price.....35c Pair

Men's Black Silk Hose—10 dozen of Heavy Black Silk Hose, second quality of the 50c grade, at.....19c Pair

Suspenders—Men's Suspenders, made of fine lisle thread, solid brass buckles and solid leather ends, 25c value, at.....15c Pair

To Close—35 dozen Men's Summer Underwear, balbriggan, ecru, gray; odd lots of the 25c and 30c garments. Only.....15c Each

Men's 50c Balbriggan Underwear at Half Price—Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear, made of extra fine yarn and good trimmings, 50c garments. To close at.....25c Each

HAT AND CAP SECTION

PALMER STREET BASEMENT

Men's Caps—Caps made of heavy Scotch wool cloth, in handsome patterns; caps made in the latest shapes, \$1.00 value, at.....79c Each

Soft Hats—Men's Soft Hats, all new fall shapes, black, gray and brown in all shades, \$2.00 value, at.....\$1.39 Each

Men's Derby Hats—in latest shapes, \$2.00 values, at.....\$1.39 Each

Children's Hats—Hats made in the very latest shapes, in felt, velvet and corduroy. Only.....45c Each

Children's Hats—Odd lots, to close; 50c value, at.....29c Each

TARIFF BILL

Continued

rose and delivered in easy, natural tones, an extemporaneous speech that brought prolonged applause.

The president declared that the journey of legislative accomplishments had only been partly completed; that a great service had been done for the rank and file of the country, but that the second step in the emancipation of business was currency reform. He earnestly called upon his colleagues to "go the rest of the journey" with fresh impulse.

"Gentlemen, I feel a very peculiar pleasure," said the president. "In what I have just done by way of taking part in the completion of a great piece of business, it is a pleasure which is very hard to express in words which are adequate to express the feeling; because the feeling that I have is that we have done the rank and file of the people of this country a great service."

Profound Gratitude

"It is hard to speak of these things without seeming to get off into campaign eloquence, but that is not my purpose. It is one very profound, a feeling of profound gratitude that, working with the splendid men who have carried this thing through with studious attention and doing justice all round, I should have had part in serving the people of this country as we have been striving to serve them ever since. I can remember of something like this at heart ever since I was a boy, and I know men standing around me who can say the same thing—who have been waiting to see the things done which it was necessary to do in order that there might be justice in the United States. And so it is a solemn moment that brings such a business to a conclusion, and I hope I will not be thought to be demanding too much of myself or of my colleagues when I say that this, great, as it is, is the accomplishment of only half the journey.

We have set the business of this country free from those conditions which have made monopoly not only possible, but in a sense easy and natural. But there is no use taking away the conditions of monopoly if we do not have any of the power to create monopoly, and that is a financial rather than a morally circumstantial and economic power.

"The power to control and guide and direct the credits of the country is the power to say who shall and who shall not build up the industries of the country, in which direction they shall be built, and in which direction they shall not be built. We are now about to take the second step, which will be the final step in setting the business of this country free. That is what we shall do in the currency bill, which the house has already passed and which I have the utmost confidence the senate will pass much sooner than some pessimistic individuals believe. Because the question, now that this place is in the hands of the people, is, 'What are we to do with our power?' Are we so self-denying that we do not wish to complete our success?"

To Serve the People

"I was quoting the other day to some of my colleagues in the Senate those lines from Shakespeare's 'Henry V.' which have always appealed to me. 'If it be a sin to covet honor then am I the most offending soul alive; and I am happy to say that I do not covet it for myself alone. I covet it with equal ardor for the men who are associated with me, and the honor is going to come from them, and then shall I be really content to complete the work which they do, I can only content when they ask for my counsel. I can come in only when the last stages of the business are reached. And I covet this honor for them quite as much as I covet it for myself; and I covet it for the great party of which I am a member, because that party is not honorable unless it redeems its name and serves the people of the United States."

"So I feel tonight, like a man who is losing happily in the inn which lies half way along the journey, and that in the morning with a fresh impulse we shall go the rest of the journey and sleep at the journey's end like men with a quiet conscience, knowing that we have thereby tried to serve God."

It was an unusual spectacle which attended the compilation of a legislative reform that had been seven months in congress and embraced a tariff revision of a most far-reaching character.

PRESIDENT EXPECTS THAT NEW TARIFF WILL CUT HIGH COST OF LIVING

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—President Wilson's signing of the Underwood-Simmons bill last night brings into effect one of the most far-reaching revisions of tariff rates and revenue laws enacted for many years.

A new income tax, applying directly to the incomes of citizens; the abolition of all tariff on scores of items of immense importance to American industry and American consumers and a heavy reduction of tariff rates on most of the articles in general use in this country are its chief features.

While certain portions of the new law do not take effect at once, most of its provisions and almost all the direct tariff reductions do.

At every port collectors of customs, appraisers of merchandise and hundreds of other employes of the treasury department will plunge at once into the task of collecting the nation's revenue on a new basis, and with the aid of new classifications and new provisions of law to complicate activities.

The federal government has been spending nearly a billion dollars a year and the new tariff law will raise less than one-third of that sum. Recent estimates by tariff experts in congress predict that the rates will raise \$125,000,000 a year, and that the income tax will raise \$122,000,000. The remainder of the government's great income is made up principally of internal revenue taxes and postal receipts.

The income tax probably will bring the new tariff law most forcibly to the attention of citizens. President Wilson and democratic leaders in congress believe, however, that the reduction of duties on clothing, food-stuffs and other necessities of life and the complete removal of the duty from many like articles, will eventually bring a reduction in the "cost of living" without materially affecting business prosperity.

A brief summary of the new tariff law as prepared for the senate follows:

Average percentage of tariff rates as compared to the value of all imported merchandise; old law 37 per cent; new law 27 per cent.

Value of annual imports added to the free list \$147,000,000.

Estimated revenue from all import rates: old law \$85,000,000; new law \$129,000,000.

Estimated revenue from corporation and income taxes: old law \$37,000,000; new law \$126,000,000.

Altogether, consumers in the United States will probably receive from abroad free of all tariff, more than \$1,000,000,000 worth of merchandise during the next year.

During 1912 the amount of "free imports" was more than \$80,000,000.

A Woman Can't Help

wanting a Plain Cabinet Glenwood, it is so smooth and easy to clean. No filigree or fussy ornamentation. Just the natural black iron finish. The "Mission Style" applied to a range. Every essential refined and improved upon.

Gas Range at the end of Coal Range

Glenwood Range

"Makes Cooking Easy."

It matters not whether your kitchen is large or small—there's a Plain Glenwood made to fit it. Prices to suit all purses.

Cabinet
Glenwood
Range

W. A. Mack Co.
Lowell

and when the tariff is entirely removed from wool, sugar, iron ore and cheap iron, and other important items, the total is expected to increase notably. Under the old law more than 53 per cent of all goods brought to the United States from all parts of the world paid no tariff, and that proportion will be increased by the new law.

The free wool provision of the new law takes effect December 1, 1913; the free sugar provision, March 1, 1916.

The new tariff law, passed four years after President Taft signed the existing Payne-Aldrich law, is the result of more than nine months of work in congress. Hearings were started January 6, by the house ways and means committee. Chairman Underwood introduced the tariff bill April 7, immediately after President Wilson had convened the new congress. It passed the house May 8 and the senate Sept. 5th.

In the opinion of its makers the democratic leaders of Congress, the most important features of the new tariff are:

"A reduction of nearly one-half in the average tariff on foodstuffs and farm products.

The placing of raw wool on the free list, and a reduction of nearly two-thirds in the tariff on woolen clothing especially of the cheaper grades.

A reduction of one-third (average) on cotton clothing.

Reduction of the sugar tariff and its ultimate abolition in 1916.

A reduction of one-third (average) in the tariff on earthenware and glass-ware.

Abolishment of all tariff on meats, egg, dairy products, flour, potatoes, coal, iron ore, lumber and many classes of farm and office machinery.

A general tariff reduction on all important articles in general use.

Throughout the long fight over the bill, the republican attack on the measures has been directed against those rates which the republicans declared were so low as to threaten competition to American industries through the competition of foreign manufacturers. The democratic supporters of the new law have insisted that except in those cases where pub-

lic welfare demanded radical changes the tariff has been reduced only to a point where it will "stimulate competition" without turning American markets over to foreigners.

A great amount of work will fall upon the treasury department, it is expected, in working out the details of the new income tax and the methods of collecting the direct taxes from individual citizens of the United States. The tax upon corporations, now fixed at one per cent of their income, remains the same, and becomes part of the general tax law. A staff of special deputies, collectors, and agents will be employed to organize and conduct the work of income tax collection.

LEGALLY DEAD

Man Missing 25 Years Returns and Finds Estate Divided

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 4.—After an absence of 25 years in the west, Walter Ludwig returned to Belleville, Ill., yesterday, only to find that he had been dead legally for years and that his inheritance had been divided among other heirs.

Ludwig, whose real name was Walter James, was sent to Belleville as an orphan when his parents died in New York. He was adopted by Amandus Ludwig, with whom he lived for 18 years. He then ran

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET**TO LET****SPECIAL NOTICES****WANTED****TO LET****LEGAL NOTICES****LEGAL NOTICES**

TO LET
STAGE HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS
on line of electric cars, but only
walk from mills; very pleasant,
from morning till night; great
fun at \$7.50 per month. T. H. Eli-
ott, 64 Central st.

LET OF FOUR LARGE ROOMS TO
let at 151 South st.; rent reasonable.
on premises.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS TO
with gas, heat, and use of bath; in
family. Apply to Mrs. Piero
Irvins, 532 Moody st.

TENEMENT TO LET, ON CAR LINE
7 rooms, upstairs, pantry, bath
and set tubs, hardwood floors, front
and back piazza, heat and cold water,
smoke collar. 240 Hubbard st.

I HAVE SOME FINE FLATS TO
at \$10 and \$15. Dr. McCarty,
Central st.

HALF DOUBLE HOUSE ON NEST
st., to let; 19 rooms; modern con-
veniences. Apply 55 Nesmith st.

SIX LARGE SUNNY ROOMS TO
furnace, all modern conveniences;
st. #3. Inquire 687 Rogers st.
one 1497-K.

ROOM TENEMENTS TO LET AT
\$10 and 20 Second st.; gas, water and
heat; newly papered and painted in-
side and out. Apply on premises.

HOUSE OF EIGHT ROOMS TO LET;
gas yard at 164 Wentworth ave. In-
tire J. A. Weinbeck, 16 Market st., or
2 Wentworth ave.

ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, PAN-
try, bath, hot water, \$1.50, at 12 Bar-
ry st. Apply Schatz Furniture Co.,
Y Middlesex st.

L ROOM FLAT TO LET, BATH,
vista at 35 Pond st.; rent \$12. In-
tire Hogan Bros., 32 Concord st.

COTTAGE TO LET; 7 ROOMS, BATH;
furnished or unfurnished; with or without
at boarders. Tel. 2628-M, or write
17 Sun Office.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER
business office, to let, on sec-
ond floor of the Harrington building,
2 Central st.

MY HOUSE AND STABLE AT 239
Wentworth avenue, to let. Chas. A.
Jewett, Lowell jail.

TO LET

A 10-room house, 332 East Merri-
mack street. Hot and cold water,
new furnace. Rent reasonable to
right parties. Inquire at

Dr. J. A. MEHAN, 4 Park Street
Telephone 3365-W.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH
gas and bath; steam heat; at 169 Ap-
leton st. Heard if desired.

DOWN STAIRS TENEMENT TO LET
on Lawrence st. 5 rooms, gas, back-
yard, \$2 per week. Inquire 23 Bas-
sett st., between J and 4 p.m.

HALF-A-HOUSE TO LET ON BROAD-
way, near Walker st., 7 rooms, bath
and pantry. Hot and cold water and
gas. Apply to 359 Walker st. Tel.
442-R.

SUNNY TENEMENT TO LET;
large rooms and shed, price \$8. No. 113
Pleasant st., Dracut Navy Yard. Apply
276 W. Bedford st.

TENEMENT OF FOUR ROOMS TO
let to man and wife. Newly papered
and painted. Gas for range. Inquire
own back door \$2.00 week. Inquire
at 12 Elmwood ave.

MODERN TENEMENT OF FOUR
rooms and attic, to let. Saved Heart
parish, near Stirling mills; \$7.25 month.
Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

SIX LARGE SUNNY ROOMS TO
furnace, all modern conveniences;
st. #3. Inquire 687 Rogers st.
one 1497-K.

ROOM TENEMENTS TO LET AT
\$10 and 20 Second st.; gas, water and
heat; newly papered and painted in-
side and out. Apply on premises.

ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, UNFUR-
nished, steam heat, electric
lighting, telephone, etc. Edge of
Highlands. A. W. Dow & Co.

THE PRIMROSES NUMBERED 1320
Gotham st., house of seven rooms,
all modern conveniences; stable and
large lot of land to let. Apply
161 to \$4 per week, electric lights, and
shower baths on each floor. A home
for young men away from home.

MODERN TENEMENT TO LET, 25
Moore st., rent \$12. Store on Gorham
st., near Moore, rent \$10. Inquire at
937 Gorham st.

4 ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, ALSO
2-room tenement in best possible con-
dition, clean, light, pleasant, toilet on
door, good neighbors, kind treatment
George E. Brown, 19 Chestnut st.

FLAT OR FOUR ROOMS TO LET
at 217 Thorndike st. Inquire, Bonnett
Silverplate, 11 Central st., or tel. 1832.

DRESSMAKERS TAKE NOTICE
Recs. to let on second floor, Associate
bldg. Apply to Janitor.

HALL TO LET FOR MEETINGS, AT
Associate bldg. For terms apply to
Janitor.

TENEMENT OF FOUR ROOMS TO
let in Pawtucketville, near bridge. In-
quire 59 Varnum ave.

PLEASANT TENEMENT OF SIX
rooms to let in Pawtucketville, with
gas and open plumbing. Servd by
two car lines. Inquire 59 Varnum
ave.

ROOMS PAPERED, \$1.75. EVERY-
thing furnished. Address H. McCarthy,
Broadway.

A. SIEHEIM, MASON, CONTRACTOR
and builder, 292 Pleasant st. Fine
places built and repaired, cement work,
of all kinds; boiler setting and re-
pairing, chimneys repaired, sewer con-
struction. Tel. 1459-M.

CYRUS HAINTON, GENERAL CON-
TRACTOR for all kinds of masonry work,
sewer connections and cement work.
Tel. 1584-W. 18 South Walker st.

EXPERIENCED TEACHER WILL
give private lessons in all branches
of the English language. Will also
prepare candidates for Civil Service
examinations. Miss K. E. Cavanaugh,
Llewellyn st.

TENEMENT OF FOUR ROOMS TO
let to man and wife. Newly papered
and painted. Gas for range. Inquire
own back door \$2.00 week. Inquire
at 12 Elmwood ave.

STOVE REPAIRS, LININGS, GRATES,
centers and other parts for all stoves
and ranges carried in stock; work done
at lowest prices. Bring name and size
of stove, or telephone 4179. Quinn
Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND
repaired. Tuned \$1. J. Kershaw,
150 Cumberland road. Tel. 614-J.

BENTS NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON
children. Excellent for brownants,
candy, bulbs, field
cabbages, several varieties; surplus
stock that I do not wish to carry
through the winter. Gladwin 25
cents dozen. Geo. F. Cutler, Groton
Road, North Chelmsford. Tel. 2015-R.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS
on sale every day at both news stands
of the Union station in Boston. Don't
forget this when taking your train for
Lowell.

WE WILL PAPER YOUR ROOMS
FOR \$2.00
And furnish the wall paper. Dealer in
wall papers at very lowest prices, also
paperhangings, whitewashing and
painting. Estimates given on large or
small jobs. All work guaranteed.

MAX GOLDSTEIN
155 Chelmsford St. Tel. 2597

Bright, Sears & Co.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

W. A. LEW
Steam, dyeing and cleaning of la-
dies' and gents' wearing apparel.
33 years in the business.
49 JOHN STREET

10 Days Only
SPECIAL SALE OF ELASTIC
TRUSSES, BEST WEBBING,
FACTIS PAD

\$2 value only 75¢. Frye & Craw-
ford Drug Co., 474 Merrimack St.
Special Truss Fitters. Consultation
free. COME EARLY.

TEL 969, 140 HUMPHREY ST.

LOST AND FOUND

ENVELOPE CONTAINING NATURAL-
ization paper, lost on Oct. 1, near corner
Moore and Gorham sts. Finder
please communicate with Mr. Wills,
725 Lawrence st.

LADY'S GOLD WATCH LOST ON
Central or Merrimack sts. Thursday
afternoon. Reward for return to 20
Saunders ave. or tel. 2560.

WILL THIS PERSON WHO FOUND
the fishing rod at Camp Gray, on the
wharf, Mud pond, after Labor day
communicate with Wm. Ellis, 63 White
St. Tel. 248.

10 Days Only

SPECIAL SALE OF ELASTIC

TRUSSES, BEST WEBBING,

FACTIS PAD

\$2 value only 75¢. Frye & Craw-
ford Drug Co., 474 Merrimack St.
Special Truss Fitters. Consultation
free. COME EARLY.

TEL 969, 140 HUMPHREY ST.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHU-
SETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.
To the heirs-at-law, next of kin
creditors, and all other persons interested
in the estate of Anna E. King,
a resident of Newburyport, in said County,
widow of Edward E. King, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument pur-
porting to be the last will and testa-
ment of said deceased has been present-
ed to said Court, for Probate, by John
H. Hogan, who prays that letters testa-
mentary may be issued to him, the
executor therein named, without giving
a surety on his personal bond.

And said heir is hereby cited to appear at a
Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge,
in said County of Middlesex, on October
12, 1913, at nine o'clock in the forenoon,
to show cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the fifth day of November, A. D. 1913,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of December, A. D. 1913,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of January, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of February, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of March, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of April, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of May, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of June, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of July, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of August, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of September, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of October, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of November, A. D. 1914,
at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show
cause, if any you have, why the same
should not be granted.

And said administrator is hereby directed
to give public notice thereof, by
posting three copies once in each
week, for three successive weeks.

In the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, in said County of Middlesex,
on the first day of December, A. D. 1

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

BOYS ROBBED
MANY STORES

One Was Brought Into Court and Held for Trial

They Had Been Committing Other Larceries for Some Time

LOCAL NEWS

First class work. Tobins printery. Jodoin, optometrist, 441 Merrick st. Watch repairing. Pettor, 443 Merrick. For fine hats, Delorme, Sun Bldg. If your teeth trouble you, see Dr. Garrison, 465 Merrimack street. Public stenographer, Sun bldg. Tel. 971. All correspondence confidential.

When you have any real estate to sell, consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan Bldg. Telephone.

Miss Alice McFadden has accepted a position as stenographer in the New York Cloak and Suit store.

The many friends of Miss Genevieve Gordon will be pleased to learn that she is on the road to recovery after undergoing recent operation.

Mr. Charles McQuarrie and Mr. Timothy Sullivan of Jewett street, left Lowell yesterday on a ten days' pleasure trip that will include New York city, Albany, Buffalo, Niagara and a call on the beautiful Hudson.

Messes G. M. Kirane, A. A. Conlogue and T. S. Malone, now doing institutional nursing in Dorchester, Mass., were visitors in Lowell today.

Registration for evening high school Monday and Tuesday evenings, October 6th and 7th; Thursday and Friday evenings, October 9th and 10th, at 7 o'clock, at High school building, Kirk street.

The second day of registration for the state election showed only 25 new voters put on the lists. They were registered from the different wards as follows: Ward 1, 4; Ward 2, 2; Ward 3, 1; Ward 4, 4; Ward 5, 5; Ward 6, 4; Ward 7, 3; Ward 8, 0; Ward 9, 2.

At the recent convention of the Daughters of St. George, Mrs. Ann Haigh of this city was appointed district deputy grand president and Mrs. David Hurd, also of Lowell, was honored by being elected to the position of grand treasurer.

Word has been received in this city from Rev. Jerome Dias, who left Lowell about two months ago, and who is now located at Salt Lake City, Utah. The reverend gentleman, who for a number of years was assistant pastor of St. Joseph's parish is delighted with the climate in the west and says he is enjoying the best of health.

The following Lowell people booked through Murphy's ticket agency, salt lake city, yesterday for Europe per the White Star Line steamer Cymric: Miss Rose Charlton, Miss Margaret Charlton, Miss Marie Bouguer, Mr. Frederick William Sunderland, Miss Catherine McCormay, Mrs. Ann Cooke, Miss Susan Caskell, Miss Rebecca Jones, and Mr. Nelson Boyd.

Mr. Louis Edgar Lambert, a competitor of Sorrel Que, where he is to take up his abode, left last night for Sorrel Que, where he is to take unto himself a bride, Miss Gabrielle Ladebuche, the marriage to be performed Monday morning at St. Pierre church. The young couple are expected to arrive in Lowell Tuesday evening, and they will be tendered

SPECTACLES and EYEGLASSES
For Particular People

J. A. McAVOY, Optician

Mrs. A. Goddu, Dressmaker, formerly located at 226 Merrimack, will remove, October 6, to 294 Elm St., where she will be pleased to meet her former patrons and friends.

WHEN COAL IS UP
down in price, in fact at all times, all seasons, you will conserve your best interests if you lodge your orders with us, in person, by messenger or phone. Why? Because we handle the output of some of the best mines in America, carefully clean it, deliver it promptly and rise only ruling market prices, so we cannot control. Mail and phone orders will receive immediate attention.

JOHN P. QUINN

Branch Office, Sun Building.
Telephones 1160 and 2450.
and Yards Gorham and Dix Sts.

and the officers at once hunted him up with the result that Mr. Pigeon positively identified the tire as one which had lately disappeared from his store. Then the hunt for the culprits was on.

The two robbers were first located. They readily admitted to the policemen that they had been in on the larceny but said that Robillard was the leader of the gang. Robillard also admitted his guilt when confronted by the officers and the trio were all taken to the police station.

At the station a full confession was made by all of them. Not only had they taken the tire but they also had been to the store of Mr. Pigeon on several other occasions and taken therefrom large quantities of goods which he had arranged on shelves and show cases.

Canned goods, soap and various other minor articles were among the loot stolen by the band of boy burglars. They all said that they expected to sell the auto tire in time but were afraid to take a chance now on account of the name being stamped upon it.

The manner in which the boys entered the store was a unique one. One of the youngsters got a job with Mr. Pigeon, the latter informed a representative of The Sun this morning, and

FACTS and FICTION

Experiences of Lowell Citizens are Easily Proven to be Facts

The most superficial investigation will prove that the following statement from a resident of Lowell is true. Read it and compare evidence from Lowell people with testimony of strangers living so far away you cannot investigate the facts of the case. Many more citizens of Lowell endorse Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. E. W. Todd, 22 King street, Lowell, Mass., says: "My back ached so severely that I thought I would die. My kidneys were responsible for the trouble. I had such terrible dizzy spells that I staggered if I tried to walk across the floor. I sent for a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began taking them. In less than a week I felt much better, and I discontinued using them. The backache was cured and I now feel better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Millburn, Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Miss A. Beatrice Delaronde

TEACHER OF PIANOFORTE

Will accept pupils beginning Oct. 1, 1913. New England Conservatory method. For terms and other information address or call 128 Lilley Ave. Tel. connection. Before Oct. 1st, W.H. Dale, R. F. D. No. 3.

NOTICE

The next regular meeting of Lowell choir will be held Tuesday evening, October 7, in Odd Fellows hall at 8 o'clock sharp.

STATE PRESIDENT DANIEL P. SWEENEY WILL BE PRESENT.

For Oct. 10, 1913.

EDWARD F. FLAGAN, W. Pres.

JOHN M. HOGAN, Secretary.

CORSETS

In all the newest models, to fit every figure. Alterations made free of charge.

BECOMING NECKWEAR

At popular prices.

EVERYTHING DAINTY FOR THE BABY

Found at the

Ladies' Specialty Shop

J. & L. BARTER, 133 MERRIMACK ST.

WE ARE NOW READY WITH OUR

Fall Line of Gloves

Carefully Fitted and Kept in Repair

CORSETS—In all the newest models, to fit every figure. Alterations made free of charge.

BECOMING NECKWEAR—At popular prices.

EVERYTHING DAINTY FOR THE BABY—Found at the

PAGE'S

RESTAURANT

We are now prepared to furnish our patrons with the best. Try our Table d'Hôte Dinner or Special Combinations. Music by Page's orchestra 1 to 3, 5 to 8:30.

Table d'Hôte \$1.00
Queen Olives Dressed Celery
Caviots on Half Shell

Chicken Bouillon with Rice or Philadelphia Pepper Pot
Boiled Salmon, Hollandaise Sauce

Braised Fillet of Beef Fresh Mushroom Sauce
Roast Vermont Turkey

Cranberry Sauce
Roast Prime Ribs of Beef au Jus
Green Peas Cauliflower in Cream
Mashed Potato

Queen Fritter, Sabayon Sauce

Salad à la Page

Cafe Parfait

Toasted Crackers Roquefort Cheese
Cafe Noir

We Cater Especially to Private Parties and Banquets

SPECIAL COMBINATION 75 CENTS

Chicken Bouillon with Rice or Philadelphia Pepper Pot

Broiled Live Chicken Lobster

Fried French Fried Potatoes

Salad à la Page

Queen Fritters Sabayon Sauce

Toasted Crackers Roquefort Cheese

Demi Tasse

Now is the time to think of Heating your house or putting your heating plant in condition. Call

WOOD'S

Shorthand School

DICTION AND TYPEWRITING FROM COMMERCIAL PHONOGRAFS

Isaac Pitman Shorthand-Typewriting, Civil Service Examinations. Evenings only. Write or call. Telephone 2646-M. 40 Middlesex Street, Rooms 65, 66 and 67 Traders Bank Building.

Now is the time to think of Heating your house or putting your heating plant in condition. Call

WELCH BROS., 61 Middle St., Tel. 372

GOV. SULZER TO TESTIFY

ALBANY, Oct. 4.—Although the case of the defense in the Sulzer impeachment trial is only two days away and the governor is as determined as ever to take the stand he has not yet convinced all members of his council that this is the wise course. Some of them are said still to entertain the hope that they can convince him that it will be a mistake to open a way for cross-examination by counsel for the board of managers.

Asked today at what stage of the proceedings the governor would be introduced, D. Cady Herrick, his chief counsel, said: "I am not acting that he will testify."

Counsel for the board of managers are convinced, however, that Mr. Sulzer has decided to testify. Several of them remained from the time court adjourned last Thursday until today arranging a cross-examination. They profess to hope that Sulzer will testify as he has suggested "telling all."

MISS CLEMENCE SIMARD,

WILL Enter New England Conservatory of Music in Boston Thursday—Well Known Soloist

Miss Clemence Simard, the well known soloist at St. Louis church, has successfully passed the examination at the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston and Thursday she will begin taking vocal lessons under the direction of Prof. Durham.

Miss Simard is possessed of a charming soprano voice, and her many admirers feel assured she will achieve great success in vocal music. The young singer, who promises to become a soprano of rare talent, makes her home at 35 Essex street, and was formerly employed at the Lawrence hotel.

MISS CLAUDIA SMITH died this noon at her home, 153 Middlesex street, aged 88 years and 9 months.

DAILY.—Mrs. Mary Daly passed away at her home, 158 Chapel street. She was a devout attendant of St. Peter's church. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband, John, of the board of health department; three sons, Joseph, Leo and John, Jr.; one sister, Bridget Quigley. Funeral notice later.

FUNERAL NOTICES

JUDGE—Rev. T. J. Judge of Gloucester, Mass., died of pneumonia yesterday after an illness of only a few days. He was born in Lowell in 1876, attended the public schools, studied at Tilton seminary, also Phillips Academy, and graduated from Boston University in the class of 1900. He was ordained in the M. E. church the same year, and has preached in various M. E. churches for the past 12 years. He is survived by a wife, Isabelle, three children, Robert, Sheldon and Doris, all of Gloucester; also his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Judge, and sister, Clara Judge, of Lowell.

SMITH—Miss Abba Smith died this noon at her home, 153 Middlesex street, aged 88 years and 9 months.

DAILY.—Mrs. Mary Daly passed away at her home, 158 Chapel street. She was a devout attendant of St. Peter's church. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband, John, of the board of health department; three sons, Joseph, Leo and John, Jr.; one sister, Bridget Quigley. Funeral notice later.

FUNERALS

FOLEY—The funeral of Charles P. Foley took place yesterday from the home of his parents, Charles and Catherine Foley, 21 Middlesex street. A service of requiem will be sung at the Sacred Heart church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of J. F. O'Donnell & Sons, undertakers.

DODGE—Died in this city, Oct. 3, at 51 years of age. Mr. Charles F. Dodge, aged 51, a general contractor, who will be held from his home residence, 14 West Ninth street on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited. Burial private.

SMITH—Died Saturday, Oct. 4th at noon. Miss Abba Smith in the house where she was born 88 years ago. Funeral at her home, 153 Middlesex street on Monday, Oct. 6th at 2 p.m. Friends invited without further notice. Burial private.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

BY PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE PREMISES, SAWTELL PLACE,

(OFF SCHOOL STREET)

Wednesday Afternoon, October 8, 1913, Promptly at 3 O'Clock

A two story, two tenement house and about 2600 square feet of land; the land being lots 15 and 16 on plan of land formerly owned by estate of Utley and Boynton.

Purchaser will be required to pay \$100 to auctioneer as soon as property is struck off.

The house needs repairing, but at a small expense, could be put in shape to make Good, Big Returns on the investment.

J. J. & W. A. HOGAN, Attorneys.

CATHERINE CONLON, C. F. KEYES, Auctioneer.

CHAS. H. HANSON & CO., Inc., Auctioneers

OFFICE ROCK STREET TELEPHONES 151-8748

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OFFICE ROCK STREET TELEPHONES 151-8748

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

Two Cottage Houses

WITH 5280 FEET OF LAND 22 AND REAR OF 22 PHILLIPS ST.,

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE PREMISES,

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 11, 1913

Promptly at 3 O'Clock

The house, numbered 22, is a very well built house of eight rooms and bath, large cemented cellar, laundry in basement, has large piazza and good big yard on side and rear.

The house in rear has six rooms and bath, cemented cellar and large piazza.

Both houses are rented to good tenants, are in good repair and a good, clean, desirable property in every-way.

The entire property will be sold in one lot and \$500 must be paid, or secured, to auctioneers as soon as property is struck off.

J. J. & W. A. HOGAN, Attorneys.

Fair tonight and Sunday;
moderate to brisk northwest
to west winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY OCTOBER 4 1913

PRICE ONE CENT

VERY PRETTY OCT. WEDDING

Westford Young Woman Weds
Prominent Boston Physician—
Distinguished Guests Present

Dr. George Oliver Clark, son of Mrs. George Engleman of Boston, and Miss Alice Canina Abbot, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abel J. Abbot of Westford, the former owner of the Abbot Worsted company, were united in marriage this afternoon at 1 o'clock in the Old Parish Church, Westford, which was built in the year 1724. The bride represents the seventh generation of the Abbots who were among the first settlers in the town.

The decorations at the church consisted of large streamers of flowers with an attractive display of autumn foliage. The best man was Mr. J. Dudley Clark of Boston, a brother of the groom, whose wife was Miss Carmella Andrews, a granddaughter of former-Governor Andrews of Massachusetts. The matron of honor was Mrs. James E. Whiting of Whitingville, Mass. She wore a beautiful gown of pale yellow chameuse satin and a large black picture hat and carried a bouquet of yellow roses. The flower girls were Misses Charlotte and Helen Moseley and Miss Lena Clark of Boston and Miss Bettie Whittall of Worcester. They all wore pale yellow chiffon and carried bouquets of yellow roses. The ushers were Messrs. John Moseley Abbot and Edward Moseley Abbot of Westford, brothers of the bride; Dr. Rufus Port of Nashville, Tenn., Ralph Putzler of the New York World and Charles L. Hayling of Dedham.

The bride, who entered the church with the matron of honor, wore an exquisite gown of white satin trimmed with old point lace and orange blossoms and pearls. She carried a beautiful bunch of lilies of the valley. Rev. William G. Thayer of St. Marks school, Southboro, Mass., was the officiating clergyman and the couple were married before nearly 300 relatives and friends. Special music was furnished by the members of the St. Anne's church choir of this city with Charles L. Hayling of Dedham.

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Carl F. Brown as organist.

After the marriage had taken place the party journeyed to the Abbot home on Padock Hill, Westford, where a luncheon was served on the lawn adjacent to the buildings by a Boston caterer. About 250 guests were present at the luncheon.

The guests came from New York, Brookline, Boston, Worcester and from different states throughout the south.

Among them were: Ex-Governors Curtis Guild and John D. Long, Mrs. F. S. Moseley of Boston, Mrs. Rufus Port of Nashville, Tenn., Mrs. Dudley Clark and Mrs. George Engleman of Boston.

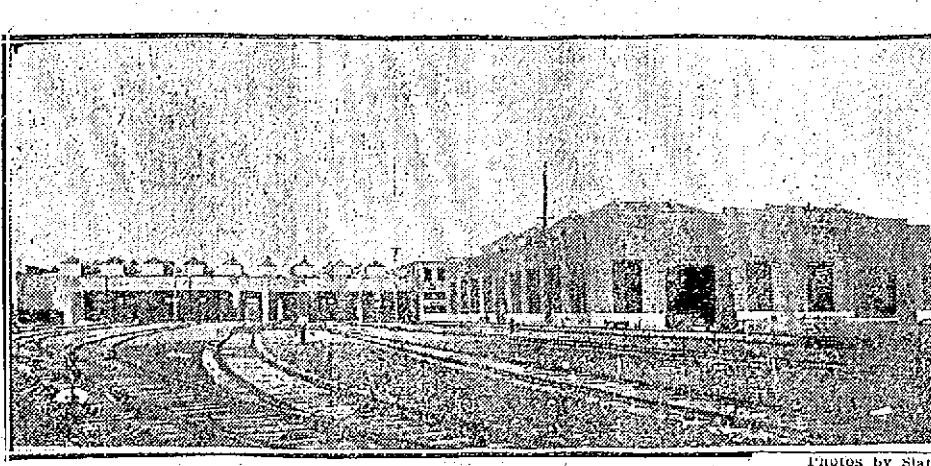
An orchestra played at intervals during the breakfast hour and the surroundings, the beautiful decorations, the lawn reflecting the very plush of the rose, presented a most beautiful scene. The floral decorations were by Morse and Beals of this city, and were the most elaborate seen in this section for a long time.

The picturesque old hill town was very much interested in all that was taking place, not only because of the prestige of the Abbot family and the many distinguished guests, but especially because the town's people love the bride. Mrs. Abbot's cheerfulness, helpfulness and sweet disposition won her many friends and everybody in Westford wishes her happiness on this, her wedding day, and ever after.

A special train, carrying the wedding guests, left the North station in Boston at 10:30 for Lowell junction where they were transferred to another special train for Brookside and at Brookside special electrics were provided for the remainder of the trip to Westford. Returning the guests came to Lowell by special electrics, catching the 4:30 train for Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark left this afternoon on an extended wedding tour and after December 7, will reside at 295 Commonwealth avenue, Boston.

BIG BOOM FOR TOWN OF BILLERICA



GARDNER MAKES THREAT TO QUIT

The Republican State Convention Turns Down Candidate's Personal Platform

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—Four planks offered by Congressman Gardner, candidate for governor, as substitutes for those prepared by the committee, were rejected by the republican state convention today. Gardner after the fight mounted the platform and expressed his disappointment. Holding aloft his prepared speech, he said it would not be delivered as its four cardinal features had been eliminated by the action of the convention.

Mr. Gardner said: "I have in my hand the speech which I was to deliver to this convention but I shall not make it. I shall have to enter the campaign without the four cardinal features of my own platform and I don't like to do so."

"If the republican party stands for liberalism and progressiveness it will win and the progressives will go into oblivion. But if the party becomes stagnant the progressives are bound to succeed. If the party cannot liberalize itself I shall leave it as a republican, for I have no sympathy with those who have feet at our board and are now howling at the heels of wounded greatness."

A ripple of applause followed the brief remarks of Mr. Gardner. Just before Mr. Gardner took the platform Col. Everett C. Benton, whom he defeated at the primaries, came into the hall and took a seat on the platform. The other candidates on the state ticket were then heard. be. -G.W. J.W.M.

RESCUE MAN FROM MINE

Thomas Toshefsky Entombed for Eight Days Walked Into Open Air This Morning

CENTRALIA, Pa., Oct. 4.—Thomas Toshefsky, prisoner since Friday of last week in an abandoned chamber of the Continental mine of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., walked into the open air a free and comparatively well man at 22 minutes before 8 o'clock this morning. He was taken to his home in Centralia, three miles from his underground prison and at once put to bed, apparently none the worse for his remarkable experience.

It was 7:15 o'clock when the last barrier of coal was driven away and Toshefsky crawled through the opening from his prison chamber into the tunnel which had been steadily driven toward him by rescuers. Seven minutes later the first intimation was given to the outside world that the big task was completed and the prisoner was free. This was when a miner crawled to the mouth of the tunnel and called to the top of the pit for blankets and hot water to be sent down.

The work of getting the man ready for his exit occupied the next few minutes and at 7:35 o'clock a file of men emerging from the heading heralded the approach of the hero of the occasion. Toshefsky came from the hole with a gray blanket wrapped about his shoulders. Back of him was a miner with bands uplifted ready to assist if he should be needed, but Toshefsky walked with astonishing agility, considering his experience. When he stepped upon the wooden platform just outside of the mouth of the stand tunnel and was first able to stand upright he paused for an instant and looked upward as if in greeting to the world or scanning the steep and mucky zig-zag path which led to the opening of the mine head. His miner's cap was on his head when he crawled through the opening of the tunnel and greeted his rescuers. His lamp was in place upon his cap and burning.

The most noticeable thing about Toshefsky was a pail which showed through the grime on his face, contrasting strangely with the other miners whose ruddy color showed even through the coat of dust. Toshefsky climbed the path to the rim of the pit, almost unaided. A stretcher had been taken in the foot and there were plenty of willing hands to carry him, he would have none of it. His whole attitude from the time of rescue until his disappearance beneath the blankets in his own bed at home was one of semi-solidity.

Toshefsky was glad to get out of his prison, but he acted as if it were an old story to him and nothing over which to make a fuss. Once before in his career as a miner he had been entombed for nearly 48 hours.

Telegraphic Brevities

BASEBALL
National at Boston: Brooklyn-Boston double header called off rain.
National at New York.—(First game)—Philadelphia 7, New York 12.

Lowell, the Smokeless

Do you think Lowell will ever be a smokeless city?

Why not?

More and more factories are adopting electric drive—

Call upon us for information about the smokeless power!

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 Central St.

THE MINOR LAW BOYS' AUTO RACE

Officers Busy Changing Certificates and Issuing New Ones

It was stated at the office of the attendance officers at city hall, today, that 1000 minors have had their certificates changed and reclassified as required by the new law. Attendance Officer Thornton has been requested to address the overseers in the mills of the Lawrence Mfg. Co., some time next week. The new law governing the employment of minors is much more complicated than was the old law and mill men and others are not very certain as to their understanding of it. In order that the mill overseers would acquire a proper knowledge of the law, Mr. Thornton thought it would be well for the overseers of the different mills to meet him at his office for the purpose of discussing the new law. It seems, however, that the mill men preferred to discuss the matter in the mills and Mr. Thornton agreed to meet them at their places of business.

IDENTIFY BODY

Little Girl Killed by Blow on Head Was Lulu Salerno

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The mystery surrounding the murder of a golden-haired child of three years yesterday began to clear today with the identification of the body, the arrest of the mother and the sounding of a general police alarm for the apprehension of the man from whose flat the body was taken by an undertaker.

The child was identified as Lulu Salerno by Mrs. Luisa Roche who said she was the grandmother. Mrs. Roche told the police that Lulu's mother had quarreled with her husband, Michael Salerno and left him a year ago to live with another man, taking Lulu and two other children. Mrs. Salerno has left her mother's home according to the mother, a month ago with two other men. One of them, Mrs. Roche said, was Tony Fisher, over whom Mrs. Salerno and her husband had quarreled; the other was Joseph De Puma.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CASEY.—The funeral of Michael Casey will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the parlors of J. F. Rogers at St. Peter's church. Burial in St. Peter's cemetery in charge of J. F. Rogers.

MAN DIED OF STARVATION

John Kendall, Who Was Found in Woods at North Chelmsford, Passed Away

John Kendall, the man who on last Thursday was found in the last stages of starvation and in bad shape from exposure in a shack in North Chelmsford near the abandoned Rita range, died this afternoon at the Lowell Corporation hospital. The doctors said that death was due to exposure and lack of sufficient nourishment. The man was in such a low condition when found that it was impossible to save his life.

The winners with prizes and donors were as follows: 1. D. Connors, prize 6 pairs roller skates from Mr. Kiernan and Charles Milner, and his automobile painted and decorated by Mr. J. Goyette; 2. Fred Cox, football from Homer Verville, and 6 soda checks from C. B. Cameron; 3. R. Cavanagh, flashlight from John Sullivan, 6 college ties from O. Rourke; 4. Robert Stack, basket of groceries from McCarthy Brothers and 100 name cards from Mr. Ward; 5. George Morrison, 5 lb. candy from John Doyle and 1/2 pound chocolates from Nic Candouris; 6. Donald Rutledge, \$1 from Dick Murphy; 7. J. Sullivan, baseball worth \$2 from Miss Nora Dayon; 8. S. J. Mullin, 6 pies from Mr. Johnson; 9. Dan Hogan, 1 lb. chocolates from Michael Donohue; 10. William Sullivan, baseball bat from T. Delmar; 11. Harold Clark, 6 hats from Mr. Butterfield.

The judges were Messrs. John Neeson, William Kiernan and J. Goyette.

The automobiles consisted of four

wheeled carts with various kinds of seats, each driver allowed two young

sters as "pushers," who effected the locomotion from the rear.

NEW SYSTEM

Gately's Men Will Install New Methods of Bookkeeping in Lawrence Lowell Men to Assist

LAWRENCE, Oct. 4.—Within the

next few weeks a new system of book-

keeping will be installed in the various municipal departments by experts from Gately's office, who have been here since July, 1912, in fitting up the books of all the departments.

A new system of bookkeeping is being

installed in Lowell by experts from

Gately's office, and when finished

some of the auditors will come from

Lowell to assist the four already en-

gaged here.

When the present auditors come here

it was to audit the books of 1912. This

was started but when it was found

that there was no financial statement for

1911 the auditors started to go through

the books of 1911 and mistakes and

mistakes of a previous audit were dis-

covered. This work will be completed

and a new system of bookkeeping will

be installed and when it is a report of

the financial statement of 1911 and

1912 will be made.

JOHN P. QUINN

Office and Yards Gorham and Dix Sts.

Branch Office Sun Bldg.

Telephones 1180 or 2480

FOR 65 YEARS
This Bank Has Never Paid Less Than
4%
Interest Begins October 11th.
CITY INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS
LOWELL, MASS.
CENTRAL STREET

NOW OPEN
Day and Evening
Secretarial, Civil Service and Normal Courses.
The School for Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Typewriting—
Gregg, Ben and Isaac Pitman Systems.
LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
7 Merrimack Square
Call, Write, or Telephone

ENGINEERS CAST VOTE

BALLOT ON QUESTION OF SUPPORTING OFFICERS IN CONTROVERSY WITH MANAGER BAIRD

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 4.—The count of the ballots cast by engineers and firemen on the New Haven road on the question of supporting the national officers of the two brotherhoods in their controversy with Gen. Manager Baird over a change in rules was begun this afternoon. The ballots of engineers are being counted by the engineer's committee and those of the firemen by the firemen's committee. The results will be kept separate. It was predicted that the vote will be practically unanimous in the affirmative. As this gives support to the position of the national officers the next step will be to ask for a conference with the railroad officials.

LOWELL COUNCIL, K. OF C.

To Be Visited by Official of Supreme Council in November—Mass For Deceased Members

Grand Knight William F. Thornton

of Lowell Council 72, Knights of Columbus,

is in receipt of a communication

from Supreme Special Agent

F. J. Sherlock, containing the informa-

tion that the latter will visit Lowell

on Thursday evening, Nov. 12, for a general inspection.

Mr. Sherlock goes about the state inspecting

the various lodges, councils and

charter members.

Mr. Thornton will be present at the

meeting and will be present at the

meeting.

Mr. Thornton will be present at the

meeting.

OUR WATERWAYS

Waterway Congress Will Discuss Their Development

The morning and afternoon sessions will be held at room 431, state house, and the evening session at Young's hotel. Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, is in the program to deliver an address.

At the session on the morning his subject is Merrimack River and Valley. All members of the board have been invited to attend and several have already signified their intentions of taking advantage of this opportunity to listen to the discussion of the possibility of the Massachusetts Waterways.

NEW ELECTRIC SWITCH

INSTALLED BY BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY AT CORNER MIDDLESEX AND CENTRAL STS.

The Bay State Street Railway company is installing an electric switch at the corner of Central and Middlesex streets. This is being done on recommendation of the highways committee of the Lowell board of trade, which says in such measure is a means of relieving the congestion of the traffic at that point. With the new switch in operation, the motorman will be enabled to move the switch without stopping his car, as the complete control is by electricity from the car itself. The work of installing the apparatus was practically completed this morning, and it remained only for the electrical connections to be made.

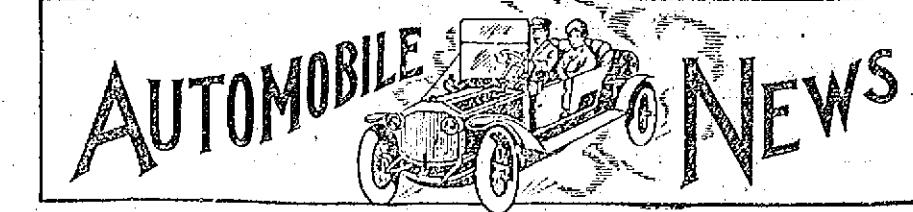
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The large and brilliant appearing show room of the Lowell Buick Auto



READY FOR BUSY SEASON

ROADS AFFECT SALES

AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY GIVEN IMPULSE WHERE THE GOOD ROADS MOVEMENT IS FOLLOWED

Local Auto Dealers Prepare Their Sales-Rooms for Early Arrival of New Cars

It is quite evident that the automobile dealers of Lowell are making extensive preparations for the conducting of a vigorous campaign this season; local motor enthusiasts will no doubt be pleased to view the new 1914 cars of various makes in the showrooms throughout the city very soon. The new cars are bound to be inspected with delight by prospective buyers, and when the customer makes the rounds, as customers generally do, with a view to deciding upon some special car as his favorite, there will be a difficulty about arriving at a decision, this difficulty arising from the apparent high quality and improved modern construction of the products of the various factories. The manufacturers are vying with one another in the attempt to arrive at automobile perfection, equipping the new cars with every device for safety, convenience, and ease of control.

Smoothness of control is a feature which attracts most motorists, for in itself it is a guarantee of safety. The cars which have the fewest complications in this regard are, it would seem, bound to be the favored ones, and to receive the approval of the customers. Improved lighting arrangements, and starting apparatus are also important factors in the construction of the latest models.

As has been said before, the dealers are becoming very active preparing for their early spring campaign. Publicity is one of the greatest resources of the dealer in promoting his sales, and this resource is open to all in the auto page of *The Sun*. The public by reading this page will receive the latest news of interest to motorists, and will learn from the dealers just what the latter are doing and what they have to offer in their various lines.

New Buick Cars Coming

The large and brilliant appearing show room of the Lowell Buick Auto

Co. in Appleton street has been thoroughly renovated, painted, and repaired, and is now in readiness for the arrival of the new 1914 Buicks. This show room is one of the most attractive places of business display in the city, and will be agreed by anyone who has had occasion to visit there. The color scheme of the walls, floor and ceiling is especially noticeable and the entire effect has aroused no little comment of a highly favorable character.

The new cars are bound to be exhibited to the many people who are eagerly waiting their arrival. The company, through its competent salesmen, is making many final demonstrations of these cars.

Boston Auto Supply Company

Mr. Joseph McGarry, proprietor of the Boston Auto Supply Co., is at present featuring the Walpole tires. He told a Sun representative that Walpole company has ironed out its difficulties. The Walpole tires and inner tubes are considered to be of the most reliable and lasting character, and have an extra protection of fabric. They are, moreover, guaranteed against stone bruises. One of the novel features of the product of this company is the black tire, one of unusual strength and quality. It is becoming quite a favorite.

Mr. McGarry does repairing and has a large business in this branch as well as in the tire sales. He specializes in the famous "vulcanizing."

Harry Pitts Supply House

The reader cannot pass unnoticed the unusual advertisement of the enterprising Mr. Harry Pitts on this page, regarding his tire, repairing and general automobile station in Hildreth street. The telephone number "82-W." is already a by-word on the lips of very many motorists who have benefited by his excellent work in the repair and supply line, and it is a number that they seldom fail to call when in need of one or another of the auto accessories.

also were made to demonstrate their ability as athletes. The examination board was composed of Lieut. Harry Sheldon of the staff of the Sixth regiment, Lieut. Walter of Company G, and Instructor Campbell of the high school. The work was supervised by Lieut. Thomas Doyle, who has charge of the regiment. The names of successful ones will be made known in about two weeks.

LIEUT HAND DRIVE

A prominent automobile man has announced that in his opinion, the following are briefly the main advantages of the left hand drive:

"First, the occupant of the front seat can step out on the curb or the street, as he may elect.

"Second, better position in turning in traffic.

"Third, driver can see ahead when passing a vehicle going in the same direction.

"Fourth, better position when meeting and passing a vehicle."

YALE PLAYS TODAY

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 4.—The University of Maine sent its football team here for the first time today meeting Yale at its field in a game which afforded opportunity for the side-lining critics to compare the development of Yale with that of Harvard.

Lowell Opera House Today

The Warner feature offering at the Opera House today, "The Living Corpse," was written in the year 1700, at Moscow, on Tolstoy's own estate.

It is an enthralling story

of the hero and the most exten-

sively bad—the pitiful—version

in four parts makes one of the greatest

features ever presented to intelligent moving picture patrons.

Fedia Protassoff, a gambler and a

spendthrift, is married to Lila, a beau-

tiful and lovable woman. Urged on by

her moral strength, he determines to

live a better life, but her creditors

force him to gamble and after a

long absence deserts his wife and

child and travels with a band of ex-

Gypsy girls, and for her sake

loses the last trace of his manhood.

Mourned as one long dead, Fedia re-

turns after an absence of several years

Garage and Salesrooms
Appleton St. and P. O. Ave.

Workshops and Garage
20 Arch St.

LOWELL BUICK CO.

(INCORPORATED)

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE

BUICK CARS

Storage, Gasoline and Oils, Supplies and Automobile Repairing.

discover that Lisa has become the wife of Victor Karenin. Fedia falls into the hands of the law, and the court holds him for trial, charge of bigamy and assault. Lisa, upon the trial, Fedia obtains a revolver from a friend, and before the sentence can be given, which will drive Lisa into exile, he declares "I am not a living man; I am a living corpse" and fires the shot which ends his wretched life, and solemnizes the union of Lisa and Victor.

B. F. Keith's Theatre

A. Seymour Brown, song writer, actor, dancer, and man of many parts, will produce "A Bachelor's Dinner," his latest complete production, at the B. F. Keith theatre next week. A cast of 25 persons is necessary to put this "teeny-weeny" musical comedy on in proper shape. "A Bachelor's Dinner" holds many opportunities for first class situations, and these are handled in a manner well nigh faultless. The piece was the hit of the bill at the French Room, the Casino, and it will be the biggest act this town has ever seen. Mr. Brown has won his stars are now as a writer of popular songs, for some of his successes are "You're a Great Big Blue Eyed Baby," "Moving Day in Jungletown," "You Beautiful Doll," ad infinitum. The story told in his latest work is that of a bachelor who has won the heart of a woman, who has the support of the leading members of the company, including Walter Scott, who will be back in the cast after a week's illness. The staging of the play will be elaborate as usual and the latest motion pictures will also be shown.

For the concerts to be given tomorrow an entire new program of photoplay and vaudeville has been arranged for the coming week. Week Oct. 13, the greatest soothsayer drama ever produced, "The Octopon" will be given.

MOTHER! IS CHILD'S STOMACH SOUR, SICK?

If Cross, Feverish, Constipated, Give "California Syrup of Figs."

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again.

And mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "Insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy, Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

SPECIAL RATES FOR PARTIES
Telephone 3137

CHARLES A. COTE
AUTOMOBILE LIVERY

By the Hour or Day, Day or Night
Garage, 61 APPLETON STREET

GET IN THE CIRCLE



of our list of much gratified patrons. Everything in auto supplies of the better sort designed to live up to every requirement. Rely upon us to smooth your touring way and to render you every security in case of mishap or serious accident.

Lowell Motor Mart

S. L. ROCHEDE
447 MERRIMACK ST.

CALL

52-W

PITTS AUTO SUPPLY

Just Received Direct From the Mills Vast Shipment

Street and Stable Blankets
Auto and Carriage Robes

Quality, Patterns and Prices—Right.

DONOVAN HARNESS CO.

109 MARKET ST.

66 PALMER ST.

Thos. C. Lee & Co.

CAN WRITE ALL KINDS OF

AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS

Under one policy, service and protection is essential to automobile owners. We can't be beat. Try us.

Thos. C. Lee & Co.

52 CENTRAL ST., OVER ELECTRIC LIGHT OFFICE.

ERSON B. BARLOW, Mgr.

TELEPHONE 811

WALPOLE

TUBES and TIRES

If you want a good second tire to finish out the season with we have a few choice ones now in stock, very reasonably priced.

Remember always, when you are in the market for auto supplies, that we can give you the best prices on standard goods.

BOSTON AUTO SUPPLY CO., 96 Bridge Street.

OUR WATERWAYS

Waterway Congress Will Discuss Their Development

Mayor O'Donnell has received a letter from Secretary Charles E. Lewis of the Massachusetts Real Estate exchange requesting him to get together as many representative business men of Lowell, as possible, to attend the big waterway congress at the state house on Monday. Secretary Lewis states that there will be big and consequential delegations present from

The morning and afternoon sessions will be held at room 431, state house, and the evening session at Young's hotel. Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, is in the program to deliver an address.

At the session on the morning his subject is Merrimack River and Valley. All members of the board have been invited to attend and several have already signified their intentions of taking advantage of this opportunity to listen to the discussion of the possibility of the Massachusetts Waterways.

NEW ELECTRIC SWITCH

INSTALLED BY BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY AT CORNER MIDDLESEX AND CENTRAL STS.

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New England Electric & Supply Corp.

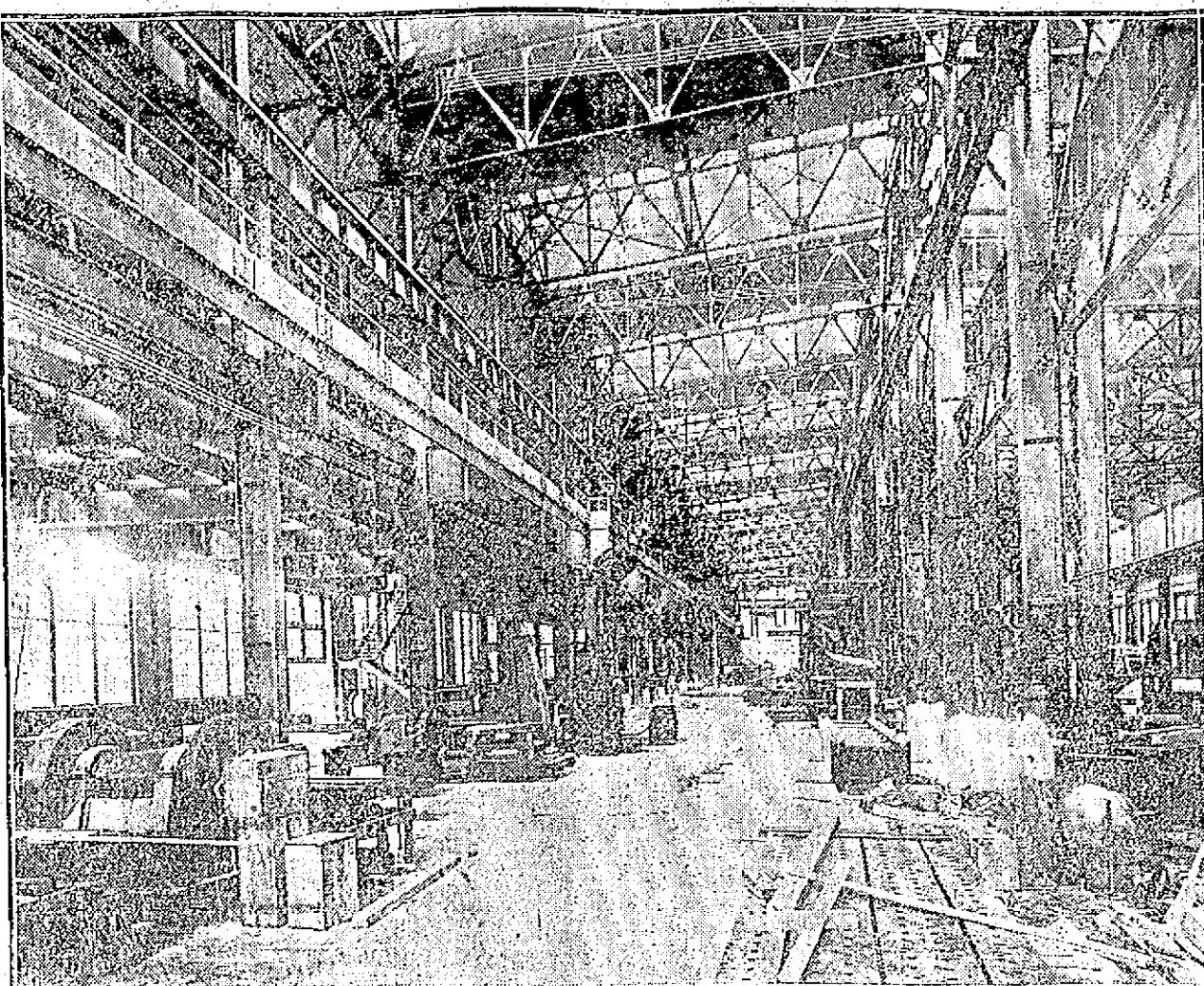
261 Dutton Street

62 Central St.

SAVE FROM 25 TO 35 PER CENT. ON YOUR GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES BY BUYING FROM US

Inverted Gas Lamp, Globe and Mantle, complete.....	29c

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INTERIOR OF THE LOCOMOTIVE SHOPS

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

In Boston Today Endorsed the Ticket Headed by Lt. Gov. Walsh and Adopted Platform

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—The democrats met in state convention at Faneuil hall today, endorsed the ticket headed by Lt. Governor David Walsh, and adopted a platform along lines already announced. The democrats slept late this morning and it was well into the afternoon when Prof. Edward M. Lewis of Amherst, the permanent chairman, took the business in hand. Professor Lewis was remembered by many as "Ted" Lewis, pitcher on the Boston National League baseball team 15 years ago and he was received with a shout that must have reminded him of the old days on the diamond.

An unusual procedure was the rendering of the report of the committee on resolutions by Candidate Walsh. Roger Sherman Hoar of Worcester is chairman of the committee. The platform endorses the tariff and currency bills in the national congress; declares in favor of a strong navy and opposes any further restriction of immigration.

The complete separation of the New York, New Haven & Hartford and the Boston & Maine railroads as well as the divorce from the steam railroad lines of street railways and competing steamboat lines is demanded.

The platform also recommends that the governor be given veto power over orders of the public service commission relative to matters of public policy. The construction by the state of electric railways especially in those western Massachusetts towns now without adequate transportation facilities was advocated and the recommendation was made that all public utilities be placed under the supervision and control of the public service commission.

The resolutions demanded the pas-

BOOM FOR BILLERICA

Continued

were engaged in various kinds of work in connection with the completion of the building, which is the biggest of its kind in the country. Locomotives will be handled in this shop with as much ease as toys are handled by clerks in stores. The engine to be repaired will be brought in on one of the side tracks and will be hoisted by a 65 ton crane to the overhead tracks and once there the engine can be moved to any part of the building.

All the machinery installed in the locomotive shop is the most modern in the market and each machine will have its own individual motor. The plant will be run by electricity and the big power plant where the electricity will be generated is well underway. All of the present buildings, however, will have been made ready for service before the power house has received its finishing touches. All of the buildings have been described in these columns, and on more than one occasion, and it is only the magnitude of the plant and what it means to Billerica that will be touched upon here. It was stated yesterday that when the locomotive shop is going full blast it will employ upwards of 800 hands and the fact that the Boston & Maine is going to do about all of its repair work in Billerica, is about all the guarantees required that the shop will continue to run full blast from the moment it starts, barring serious accident. About all of the repair work now being done in Concord and Laconia, N. H., and other places will be done in Billerica and Thomas Jennings, superintendent of the Concord, N. H., shops, is the man who will superintend the big plant in Billerica.

Interior of Big Shop
One of the accompanying pictures is an interior view of the locomotive shop and gives a fair idea of the building.

coming to these magnificent car shops; the wages paid the textile mill operatives and the wages paid the men who will labor here.

"I can picture in my mind's eye what this is going to mean to Billerica and in summing up I am reminded of Sutton, Ont. The Canadian Pacific built car shops in Sutton in 1904. The plant was more than one-half as large as this plant and the population of Sutton at the time the shops were built was 500 and two years later, in 1906, the population had increased to 5000. This will give some idea of what may be expected in Billerica."

The type of workmen who will become permanent residents of Billerica will be of the highest. No knowledge of economics is necessary to comprehend that the size of the average workingman's week-end envelope determines the "class" of his city or town.

The pay envelopes of the car shop workers will be bulky ones, for the men capable of doing the work

to be done at these shops will represent the cream, so to speak, of the mechanics of the eastern states and the contents of their pay envelopes will furnish the "sinews of peace" in the building up of the place in which they are employed. And in the development of Billerica, physically and morally, the car shop mechanics will be vitally interested for the very good reason that a majority of them will bring to the town good-sized families. For those families they will insist on having the best schools that can be built and in those schools teachers thoroughly competent to instruct their children.

Having lived in bustling, hustling manufacturing cities, the mechanics and their families are accustomed to rapid transportation and they will insist upon it in Billerica and it will be a question of a little time when

the Bay State Street railway will be connecting the carshop district by

means of spur tracks with Lowell, Billerica Centre and all around.

Already building work has begun on the houses in which the families of the workmen will live. From present indications these will be pleasant home-like structures, a neat, pleasant type of cottage designed to accommodate one family. It requires but a passing glance along one of the tenement streets in Lowell's mill district with its unbroken, dismal rows of three-family houses, to appreciate the

ment without going to Lowell or elsewhere, the men in the moving picture business are already arranging to supply this part of the program and it was stated yesterday that land had been purchased for this purpose. Yes, indeed, the families of the men who will toil at the big shops will be given an opportunity to laugh at the droll escapades of "Mr. Bunny" and the other moving pictures worthies who draw so many laughs and dispel so many little

worries from the minds and faces of and—here's a word to the girls: There will be a superabundance of men and they do tell that a good percentage of them will be unmarried men.

From a business as well as from a social viewpoint, these single men will be a valuable asset to the town. Without a home of their own, or until they wish to make one, they will board and room out. Consequently there will be unbounded opportunities for the establishment of boarding houses, with lucrative rent rolls. This business of itself will be of no mean importance in the category of Billerica's forthcoming commercial enterprises. Besides boarding and lodging houses there will be opportunities, too, for the opening of lunch rooms where the stray ones may drop in for their food and drink.

Billerica's boom will extend to the churches and Sunday schools. Being a comparatively small town, the church pews are very seldom comfortably packed but with the arrival of the hundreds of new families it would appear that the edifices would have to be enlarged or new churches built.

For years Billerica has had the reputation of being the place where "Jim Dumps" discovered his Spotted Town

and that reputation will be maintained under the new conditions. A great many of the mechanics will come here from Concord, N. H., and the well kept homes of these men in the New Hampshire city bespeak cleanliness, beauty and comfort in Billerica. Not only will the future Billericans come to an exceeding clean town, but they will make their homes in a community noted for its healthfulness. This may be attributed to the unusual elevation of the land with the consequent purity and wholesomeness of its air; facts which will have a salutary effect upon the health of the people.

Having the Concord river within walking distance, too, they may enjoy all the health-giving pleasures, which

sage of a stringent anti-lobby measure, the adoption of the initiative and referendum, the encouragement of agriculture by education and by the building of good roads in the rural sections and by adequate credit facilities for the benefit of the farmer.

Barry to Speak

Edward P. Barry, nominee for lieutenant-governor, who has repeatedly demanded the resignation of Chairman Thomas P. Riley of the state committee, announced his intention of making a speech from the floor of the convention but said he did not intend to provoke a controversy on this occasion.

An interesting feature was the offering of the opening prayer by Rev. Roland D. Sawyer, at one time socialist nominated for governor but now a democratic candidate for the legislature.

The delegates were slow in assembling and it was not until noon that Chairman Riley rapped for order.

An address on "State Issues" was delivered by the temporary chairman, Charles B. Strecken of Brookline while the convention awaited the reports of the committees on credentials, rules, permanent organization and resolutions. He referred to Lieut.-Governor Walsh, the gubernatorial candidate, as "a real democrat and not one who would use the party name to further his personal interest."

To the strains of "Auld Lang Syne" Prof. Edward M. Lewis of Amherst, was escorted to the platform. Professor Lewis received a rousing reception, especially from the Boston delegates, who remembered him better as "Ted" Lewis, pitcher on the Boston National League baseball team a decade and a half ago.

FUTURE POSSIBILITIES OF THE R. R. SHOPS AT BILLERICA

Regarding the size and future possibilities of these railroad shops, we will quote a few paragraphs from a speech delivered before the Lowell Board of Trade at their annual outing and dinner, which was recently held in one of the monster locomotive houses of this plant, by Mr. Franklin K. Irwin, special engineer of the B. & M., who is in charge of the construction of the shops.

Among other remarks Mr. Irwin says:

"There will be no railroad shop in America more equipped with modern machinery and better fitted to turn out work. The management has told us to buy the test and we have done so. This locomotive building is 840 feet long and 150 feet wide. The floor of this structure is laid with cement and railroad tracks run its full length. There will be 25 buildings here when the plant is completed. The entire plant has been planned so that the capacity of each building can be doubled or trebled by additional construction. The plant will be capable of turning out 30 engines and 150 passenger cars a month, and will employ 2500 to 3000 skilled mechanics. The railroad freight car shops will also become a part of the great scheme of shop work at Billerica and a section of land is already set apart where they can be cared for."

"The problem now is this: The company has put up these shops for immediate operation and the employment of thousands of skilled mechanics but no provision has yet been made for housing these people. They must be housed and this provision I think should be immediately looked after. I believe the people of this community do not fully realize how quickly this plant will be in full operation."

Now, this housing proposition is just what we have opened up this tract of land, "Mechanics Park," for. It is the best located property in that vicinity for building purposes and the only place where you can buy a desirable home site. This property is sure to build up very quickly, as there will be a demand for houses as soon as the shops are started, and those who buy now should make big money on their investment.

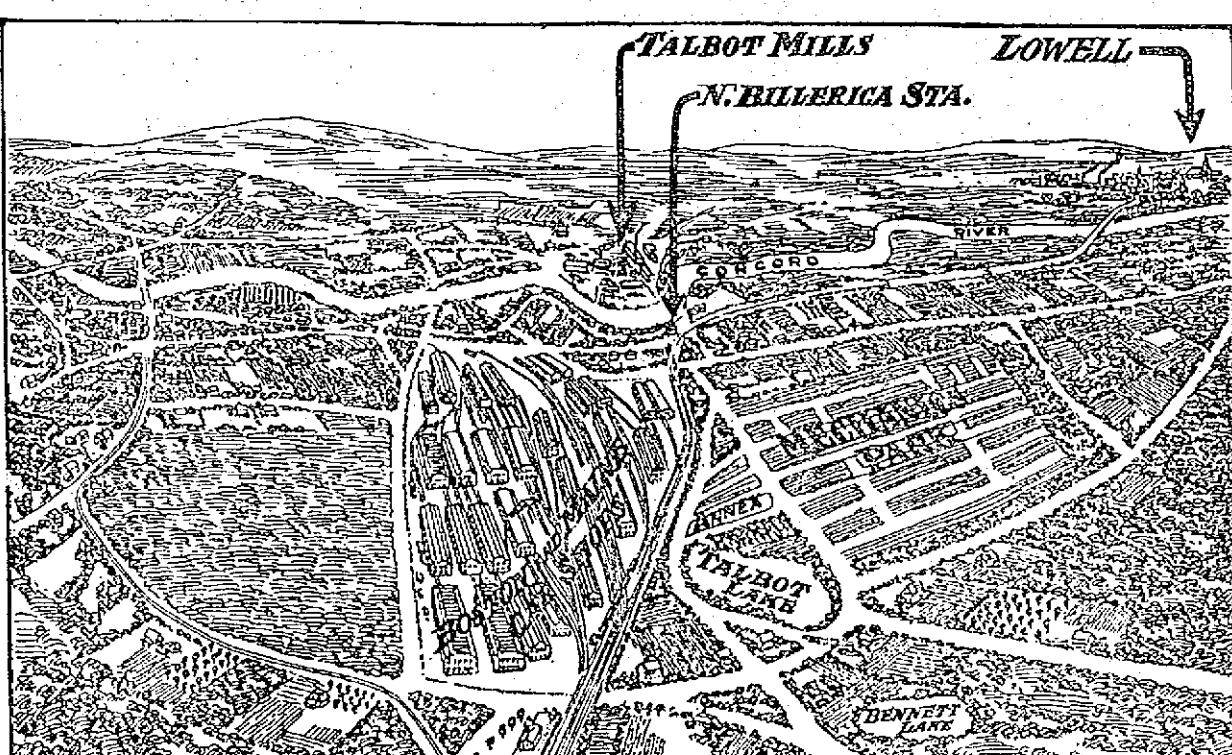
This Illustration Shows the Mammoth New Boston & Maine Car Shops (28 in Number) and the location of Mechanics Park

PRICES
\$59 Up

Mechanics Park

TERMS
\$2 DOWN
\$1 a Week

Mechanics Park Annex



These shops will employ thousands of men. We have the land for homes and business buildings immediately adjacent

COME OUT IF POSSIBLE AND LET US SHOW YOU WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER.

Come out Sunday. Take North Billerica car as far as the Post Office at North Billerica. Meet agents wearing blue badges.

FRANK W. COUGHLIN

New England's Greatest Land Developer

Suite 501-502-503 Old South Building, Boston

WILSON SIGNS TARIFF BILL

President Affixed His Signature
to New Law Amid Great Re-
joicing — Currency Next

FEATURES OF NEW TARIFF LAW

It is estimated by experts that the new rates will raise \$249,000,000 revenue for the government every year as against \$305,000,000 under the old law; that the income tax will raise \$122,000,000. The average of tariff rates under the new law is 27 per cent.; under the old, 37 per cent. The value of imports added to the free list, \$147,000,000. It is estimated that consumers will receive from abroad free of duty goods worth \$1,000,000,000, while during 1912 the amount under the old law was \$850,000,000. The free wool provision of the new law takes effect Dec. 1, 1913, and the free sugar provision, May 1, 1916. There will be a reduction of one-third of the rates on cotton clothing; one-third on earthenware and glassware, and the abolition of the tariff on meats, fish, dairy products, flour, potatoes, coal, iron ore, lumber and many classes of farm and office machinery with a general tariff reduction on all important articles in general use.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Surrounded by the leaders of a united democracy, President Wilson signed the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill at 9:45 o'clock last night at the White House. Simultaneous telegrams were sent to that end written the word "Washington" and the one which had completed his name to Senator Simmons, both of whom bowed their appreciation.

In impressive silence, the president

Continued to page eight

A happy group of legislators, mem-

bers of the cabinet and friends encircled the president as he smilingly sat down and slowly affixed his signature with two gold pens. He presented the representative parchment, the pen

and the one which had completed his

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Continued to page eight

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Continued to page eight

Continued to page eight</p

BASEBALL AND
FIELD SPORTSBOXING, GOLF
AND ATHLETICS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

GIANTS' PITCHERS BETTER

According to Past Performances
—McGraw's Hurlers Have it on
Mack's Mound Artists

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—When the New York and Philadelphia clubs open the series for the world's baseball championship at the Polo grounds in this city on Oct. 7 the Giants will have at least one advantage which only the heaviest kind of stickwork will overcome. Compared player for player the winners of the National league pennant appear to be stronger in the pitching department than the Athletics. Two years ago, when Connie Mack's club defeated McGraw's team four games to two in the battle for the 1911 title, conditions in this respect were reversed. Now the margin of strength so far as boxmen is concerned is in past performances with the Giants.

The doughy leader of the National league representatives in the coming series has in Marquard, Mathewson, Tesreau, Demaree, Fromme, Crandall and White a group of twirlers who should prove more effective against the Athletics than Bender, Plank, Shawkey, Brown, Bush and Houck against the Giants. Such might not be the case was Connie Mack's pitching staff augmented by the presence of Coombs. The big Maine hurler is considered to be out of the series, however, due to early season illness and a more recently strained back. The trio of mainstays for the Giants will undoubtedly be Mathewson, Marquard and Tesreau, with Demaree, Fromme and Crandall second string twirlers. For the Athletics Bender, Plank and Shawkey will have first call, while Brown, Bush and Houck will be reserve pitchers.

Mathewson, who is one of the greatest "money pitchers" of baseball, will have to divide honors with Marquard this year in all probability. While his head and hand still maintain the skill and cunning of yesterday, his arm cannot stand the strain as it did a few seasons ago. Marquard will have to bear a larger share of the burden than he did in 1911. The same is true of Bender and Plank in the Athletics' lineup, for Shawkey is an unknown quantity. In the world's series play, Fromme and Demaree, on the other hand, have had considerably more big league experience and the former was a factor in the world's series play of 1911 when the Giants gave the Boston Red Sox such a hard struggle for honors. Crandall is not likely to get into the series except as a relief pitcher or pinch-hitter, and Brown, Bush and Houck are uncertain propositions. They are just as likely to win, if Mack starts any one of the trio, as to blow up completely.

Mathewson opposed Bender in the first game of the 1911 series which

G. W. L. P.C.
Bender 47 19 9 .679
Plank 39 17 10 .630
Shawkey 14 6 3 .667
Brown 45 16 11 .621
Bush 36 11 7 .611
Houck 35 15 4 .788
Demaree 29 14 3 .824
Marquard 40 22 10 .653
Mathewson 59 24 11 .686
Tesreau 38 21 13 .618
Fromme 33 9 10 .474
Crandall 32 2 3 .400

BALL TEAM SOLD JEANETTE WON

Indianapolis Team of
American Association
in New Hands

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 4.—The Indianapolis American association baseball club was sold here late yesterday by Sol Meyer, owner, to James C. McGill, George A. Wahlgreen and Jack Hendricks of Denver. The purchase price, reported to be \$16,000, is said to be the largest ever paid for a minor league organization. Since 1908 when the local team won the association pennant, baseball from an Indianapolis standpoint has been disappointing and attendance has been poor.

This city is said to be one of the best baseball towns in the circuit and with a team playing fairly well, returns to the promoters have been large.

LOCKED IN CELL

Chairman of N. Y State
Commission Volun-
tary Prisoner

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Thomas M. Osborn, chairman of the state commission on prison reform and now a voluntary inmate of Auburn prison, today closed the week with considerable information in his possession to aid him in the work of the commission. His day in prison was spent, as usual, in the basket shop and he will be locked in this evening for the long and dreaded silent spell from Saturday until Monday. With other prisoners he will be marched from the cells to the chapel tomorrow morning for the religious service, but with this exception, will, like his prison mates, spend the 36 hours alone.

CHELMSFORD

The senior class of the Chelmsford High school held their first dancing party of the season in the Chelmsford town hall last night and the affair was a great success both financially and socially. The hall was prettily decorated in the class colors, lavender and gold, and wreaths of autumn leaves added much to the appearance of the hall. Gray's orchestra furnished excellent music for the dance order of twenty numbers. The matrons were Mrs. William H. Hall and Miss Susan S. McFarlin.

FOX AND FIGHTER OF THE BASEBALL WORLD
READY FOR GREAT CHAMPIONSHIP CLASH

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The two most interesting personages concerned in the world's series scheduled to begin at the Polo grounds Tuesday, Oct. 7, are Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, and John J. McGraw, manager of the New York Gi-

ants. As has often been said, these two manipulators of baseball players are exact opposites in personality and method. Mack is the fox of the baseball world; McGraw is the fighter, the "Little Napoleon" of the game. Mack sits on the players' bench quietly in his everyday clothes and moves his

men without noise, but astutely. McGraw is always out on the coaching line in uniform and full of aggressiveness, battling all the way and directing his men by the light of his own judgment solely. Men's faces often belie their real self, but not so in the case of these managers.

LOWELL HIGH FOOTBALL ELEVENTH PLACE

Large Squad Out This Season—
Will Have Fast Team—Veterans
Back in Lineup

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Joe Jeanette outpointed Sam Langford in a 10-round bout at Madison Square garden last night. The two colored heavyweights weighed: Jeanette 195; Langford 199 1-2 pounds.

Jeanette was in superb condition while his opponent did not appear so well trained. Langford's weight began to tell upon him in the latter part of the contest.

Jeanette outboxed his man in the first three rounds using a left jab to the face to good advantage. The men fought hard at close range at times and both suffered severe body punishment.

In the fourth Langford showed at his best. Heavy rights and lefts to the head rocked Jeanette forcing him to clinch. Jeanette began to forge ahead again in the next round but strong blows to the body brought the round to an even break when Jeanette was again forced to hold to avoid punishment.

Langford's exertions began to tell on him in the sixth round and in an effort to bring the contest to a quick close to avoid a loss on points, he tried hard to send his right over to the jaw. Jeanette's clever footwork stood him in good stead, however, and he was able to keep away from Langford's wild swings, one of which grazed his jaw by a scant inch.

There were no knockdowns in the fight which was less rough than the last engagement of the men in this city. In the first round Jeanette slipped to the floor but was up immediately.

Ferguson at right tackle is playing

his first season on the high school aggregation but has had previous experience at Dean Academy. He is a big chap and, although suffering from a bad leg just at present, is a tower of strength in the rush line. Duval, the other guard, has had little playing knowledge of the game but is the biggest man on the squad. He should make a great guard by mid-season.

The back line is fortunate in having a man like Jake Cullen at tackle. Cullen is captain of this year's aggregation and is a very shifty tackle. His aggressiveness in the line is an inspiration to every man either on the offense or defense.

Corbett at center is another veteran whose ability has been proven. An opposing team has a hard time penetrating the center of the rush line, even for small gains with this player in the snap-back position.

Mechrie at the other tackle is an experienced man and a husky, heady player. He is tall and rangy and particularly good at breaking up skin tackle formations.

Ferguson at right tackle is playing

Don't Wait Too Long

Get the plants in before
the frost kills them.

Our Stock of—

FLOWER POTS

IS READY FOR YOU
Common Style, all sizes,
from 3 to 18 inches. Ex-
tra saucers if desired.

Fern, Bulb and
Hanging Pots

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

CONCERT ON COMMON
The following well balanced program will be rendered by that sterling musical organization, the Spindles Club band, under the direction of John T. Fairbrother on the North common tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock:

PROGRAM.

March, "Gen. Mitchell"..... Hall

Overture, "Bohemian Girl"..... Ball

Corset solo, "Columbia"..... Rollinson

(Mr. John Carlson.)

Concert Waltz, "Sounds from Erin"

Bennett

Indian Intermezzo "Alsha"..... Lindsay

International Fantasy..... Rollinson

(Introducing National Airs of two con-
tinents.)

Skirt "Trail of the Lonesome Pine".....

Lindsay

Operatic selection, "Wang"..... Morse

Hall

"Col. Brett"..... Star

Spangled Banner.

The comfort and pleasure of having

a clean, light airy sanitary office for

your patrons, as well as yourself

makes work easy in the new busi-

ness building.

BAY WOOD WINS BOUT

Has Easy Time With Kid McDonald—3 Other Bouts at Lowell
A. C. Result in Knockouts

Bay Wood was an easy winner over his opponent, Kid McDonald, in the main bout of the Lowell Athletic club last night at Mathew's hall. Wood was the superior throughout and McDonald never had a chance to win from the opening bell.

The semi-final furnished a good bout while it lasted. Gus Lenney of Boston and Young Aronson of the same place met in this affair. Aronson showed strong during the early part of the contest but the ring generalship of Lenney proved too much for him. After Lenney had once taken his measure and found out what calibre guns Aronson carried there was nothing to it. Aronson's seconds tossed the sponge into the ring during the fourth session after their man had twice gone down from body punches.

Billy Brooks soon took the fight out of Johnny Johnson of Lawrence. In their six round go, Johnson worked third inning and Ames took his place and Ames was followed by Crandall in the seventh. Coombs allowed eight hits in nine innings and gave way to Plank when the Giants tied the score.

Plank was charged with the hit that lost the game. In the final contest Bender held the Giants to four hits and two runs while the Athletics batted Ames, Wilcox and Marquard for 13 hits and a like number of runs.

It is reasonable to suppose that neither Bender, Plank nor Mathewson will be as effective against the batsmen as they were two years ago.

Marquard, as a result of his additional experience and knowledge, should be, on paper at least, better than in 1911, but the fact remains that the lanky left-hander is not pitching the kind of ball he did in 1911. Tesreau, however, has proved a big help and Demaree has developed into a pitcher who can hold his own in fast company.

Connie Mack's youngsters, Shawkey, Brown, Bush and Houck against the Giants. Such might not be the case was Connie Mack's pitching staff augmented by the presence of Coombs. The big Maine hurler is considered to be out of the series, however, due to early season illness and a more recently strained back.

The trio of mainstays for the Giants will undoubtedly be Mathewson, Marquard and Tesreau, with Demaree, Fromme and Crandall second string twirlers. For the Athletics Bender, Plank and Shawkey will have first call, while Brown, Bush and Houck will be reserve pitchers.

Mathewson, who is one of the greatest "money pitchers" of baseball, will have to divide honors with Marquard this year in all probability. While his head and hand still maintain the skill and cunning of yesterday, his arm cannot stand the strain as it did a few seasons ago. Marquard will have to bear a larger share of the burden than he did in 1911. The same is true of Bender and Plank in the Athletics' lineup, for Shawkey is an unknown quantity. In the world's series play, Fromme and Demaree, on the other hand, have had considerably more big league experience and the former was a factor in the world's series play of 1911 when the Giants gave the Boston Red Sox such a hard struggle for honors. Crandall is not likely to get into the series except as a relief pitcher or pinch-hitter, and Brown, Bush and Houck are uncertain propositions. They are just as likely to win, if Mack starts any one of the trio, as to blow up completely.

Mathewson opposed Bender in the first game of the 1911 series which

grand stand, \$3; right and left field pavilions, \$2; bleachers, \$1.

Seating arrangements, Polo grounds, 22,000 reserved seats, 15,000 in bleachers; Shibe park, grand stand and bleachers, \$1,000; standing room for about 3000 more. Neither club will be permitted to erect extra stands on the field. No spectators will be allowed to overflow the field and no ground rules will be made.

Time of games, 2 o'clock.

Umpires for the series, William Klem and Charles Bigler of the National League; Thomas H. Connolly and John J. Egan of the American League.

Number of players eligible, 25 on each team.

Names of eligible players, New York: Burns, Cooper, Crandall, Doyle, Demaree, Fletcher, Fromme, Grant, Hartog, Hartley, Marquard, Wilcox, Mathewson, Murray, Meyers, McLean, Merkle, Robinson, McCormick, Shafter, Snodgrass, Thorpe, Tereau, Wilson, Schupp.

Philadelphia: Schang, Lapp, Thomas, Bender, Plank, Coombs, Houck, Brown, Shawkey, Penneck, Bush, Wykoff, McInnis, Collins, Barry, Baker, Orr, Davis, Lavan, Oldring, Strunk, E. Murphy, D. Murphy, Walsh, Daly.

In the event of a seventh game being necessary the city for holding it will be determined by the toss of a coin. In case a game is postponed on account of rain or if for some other cause a legal game is not played, the teams will remain in the city where the postponement occurred until a legal game is played. This does not, of course, apply to the games.

Sale of tickets to be conducted under the auspices of the two clubs concerned. Unreserved seats will be sold at the Polo grounds and Shibe park on the day of the game; reserved seats must be purchased for three games, whether bought in New York or Philadelphia, and if three games are not played the proportionate amount of the purchase price will be refunded. No mail orders will be accepted for reserved seats.

Price of tickets, in New York, boxes, seating four, \$25; upper grand stand, \$3; lower grand stand, \$2; bleachers \$1. In Philadelphia, box seats, \$3; main reserved seats.

According to the rules governing the world's series the national commission will receive 10 per cent of the gate receipts of each and every game.

The players of the two competing clubs will take 80 per cent of the remaining 90 per cent of the first four games, the amount to be divided on a basis of 60 per cent to the winner and 40 per cent to the losers. The remaining 40 per cent of the 90 per cent goes to the club owners. Ninety per cent of the gate receipts of each and every game after the first four becomes the property of the stockholders of the two contesting clubs.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS

AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS
IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED

CRESCENT RANGE

PETER DAVEY

134 MARKET ST. TELEPHONE CONNECTION 79-2

FURNITURE DEALER. UNDERTAKER. FUNERAL DIRECTOR

COAL

Best, Clean and Fresh Mined

Wm. E. Livingston Co.

Tel. 1550. 15 Thorndike St. Est. 1828

F-O-O-T-B-A-L-L
HIGH SCHOOL
VS.
HIGH SCHOOL OF COM-
MERCE, BOSTON
Spaulding Park, Monday, 3 P. M.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

A heavy truck got stalled in attempting to cross the temporary bridge at Tyngsboro at 8 o'clock last night and the result was that traffic was held up for nearly a half hour. The heavy wheels of the truck became stalled in the soft dirt.

WILSON SIGNS TARIFF BILL

President Affixed His Signature to New Law Amid Great rejoicing — Currency Next

FEATURES OF NEW TARIFF LAW

It is estimated by experts that the new rates will raise \$249,000,000 revenue for the government every year as against \$305,000,000 under the old law; that the income tax will raise \$122,000,000. The average of tariff rates under the new law is 27 per cent; under the old, 37 per cent. The value of imports added to the free list, \$147,000,000. It is estimated that consumers will receive from abroad free of duty goods worth \$1,000,000,000, while during 1912 the amount under the old law was \$550,000,000. The free wool provision of the new law takes effect Dec. 1, 1913, and the free sugar provision, May 1, 1916. There will be a reduction of one-third of the rates on cotton clothing; one-third on earthenware and glassware, and the abolition of the tariff on meats, fish, dairy products, flour, potatoes, coal, iron ore, lumber and many classes of farm and office machinery with a general tariff reduction on all important articles in general use.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Surrounded by the leaders of a united democracy, President Wilson signed the Underwood bill at 9:00 o'clock with two gold pens. He presented to last night at the White House. Simultaneously telegrams were sent to that had written the word "Woodrow" customs collectors throughout the country and the one which had completed his try by the treasury department put him to Senator Simmons, both of whom bowed their appreciation.

A happy group of legislators, mem-

bers of the cabinet and friends encircling the president as he smilingly sat down and slowly affixed his signature to the bill with two gold pens. He presented to last night at the White House. Simultaneously telegrams were sent to that had written the word "Woodrow" customs collectors throughout the country and the one which had completed his try by the treasury department put him to Senator Simmons, both of whom bowed their appreciation.

In impressive silence, the president

Continued to page eight

STATE TROOPS LOCKS & CANALS

Additional Militia for the Calumet Strike Zone

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 4.—Gov. Ferris announced last night after a conference here with Adjutant General Vandervort that he will immediately instruct General Abbey, in command of the state troops in the Calumet strike zone, to order three additional militia companies to be prepared for service in case their presence is deemed necessary.

The action of the governor was influenced to some extent by a message from Gen. Abbey asking that he be allowed to order the Houghton militia to be ready for service if conditions grow worse. The executive said he will make a "national suggestion" to General Abbey that he issue no orders to the Houghton troops.

The original proposition was to lease a certain strip of land, but Mr. Barrett's proposition to buy the land fronting on Aiken street and extending along Lakeview avenue to Beaver brook, running back from the river as far as Conduit avenue. The original proposition to lease land, not the same as would be included in Mr. Barrett's plan, had been agreed upon and the price to be paid by the city was \$5 a year and taxes.

On the land included in Mr. Barrett's plan Mr. Mills refused to set a price. The total valuation of the land in the original lease agreement is \$9,050.00. This would afford a water front approximating 700 feet and Mr. Mills said he would give a price on this land as soon as he could get the directors together.

Mr. Mills said he didn't care to give a price on the land included in Mr. Barrett's scheme. This land, as before stated, fronts on Aiken street, and comprises 316.355 square feet. The land is assessed for \$22,095.00. This strip extends approximately 1050 feet back from Aiken street and averages 350 feet in width. It has a water frontage of about 1160 feet.

Details of what happened after the wireless call, "Sinking fast," went out from the Spokane, will be known when the La Touche, a freighter, reaches port here today. Another of the company's steamers, the Alaski, is standing by the wrecked vessel.

The Spokane was bound here from Skagway, Alaska.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

Frank Bruscalle, about 55 years of age, is said to have attempted suicide by taking a dose of paris green at his home, 151 East Merrimack street shortly after noon today. He was taken to St. John's Hospital by Sergt. Maguire and Patrolman Flanagan of the police department where it is stated he will not recover.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Admiral Farrugat camp No. 78, Sons of Veterans, was held last night with a large number present. One candidate was taken into the camp and one application for membership was received. At future initiations the degree train will be assisted by the armed guard and it is believed that this will add greatly to the impressiveness of the ceremony. A special program is being prepared for the next meeting and it is believed that a large number of members will be present.

LOWELL COUNCIL, ROYAL ARCANUM

A debate on the subject, "Are parades in ante-rooms detrimental to the welfare of organizations?" followed the business session of Lowell Council Royal Arcanum Thursday night and, after considerable discussion the decision was given to the affirmative side. The winners issued a challenge to the members of the Highland council for any future date. Only routine business was transacted.

BILLIARD CHAMPIONSHIP

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Henry Allen of Kansas City won the world's pocket billiard championship last night defeating Alfred De Oro of Cuba, the title holder for several years, by a total score in the three nights play of 16 to 15.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Closes
Amal Copper	78	74	75 1/2
Am Beet Sugar	25	25	25
Am Can	33 1/2	33	33 1/2
Am Can of	65 1/2	64 1/2	65
Am Cos Oil	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Am Jade & L P	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am Locomo	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Am Linen P	91 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Am Smelt & R	60	59	59
Anaconda	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Atchison	24 1/2	23 1/2	24
Balt & Ohio	44 1/2	44	44
Br Rap Tran	35 1/2	35	35
Canadian Pa	234 1/2	234 1/2	234 1/2
Cent Leather	22 1/2	22	22
Ches & Ohio	53 1/2	53	53
Cot Fuel	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Consol Gas	132 1/2	132 1/2	132 1/2
Eric	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Gen Elec	145 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2
Gr North pf	125	125	125
Gt N Ore off	34 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Hopkins Gen	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
Int Corp Com pf	67	66	66
Int Paper	22	21	21
Int Pater & R	22	21	21
Kan City So pf	47 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Kan & Texas	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Lehigh Valley	55	55	55
Missouri Pa	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Nat Lead	45	45	45
N Y Central	56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2
Nor & West	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
North Pacific	112	112	112
Pennsylvania	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Poughkeepsie	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Railroad Ga	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Re By St Sp Co	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Reading	167 1/2	165 1/2	165 1/2
Rep Iron & S	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Rep J & S pf	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Flock Is	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Rock Is pf	21	22 1/2	22 1/2
St. Paul	104 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
So Pacific	91	90	90
Southern Ry	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
St. Louis Ry pf	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
Tenn Copper	112	112	112
Texas Pan	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
Third Ave	42 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Union Pacific	156 1/2	156 1/2	156 1/2
Union Pac pf	81	81	81
U S Rub pf	167 1/2	167 1/2	167 1/2
U S Steel	56 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
U S Steel pf	168	167 1/2	167 1/2
U S Steel os	167 1/2	167 1/2	167 1/2
Utah & R	51	51	51
Washington	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Western Un	6	6	6
Western Un	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
Wiscon Cen	48	48	48

BOSTON COTTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Closes
Bay State Gas	206	196	196
Butte London	316	316	316
Calaveras	112	112	112
Cortez	350	350	350
Davidson	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
First National	216	216	216
Goldfield Cons	112	112	112
La Rose	2	2	2
Mexican Metals	256	256	256
South Lake	34 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2

COTTON FUTURES

COTTON SPOT

COTTON SPOT

BOSTON MARKET

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

BUSINESS WAS BRISK

AT OPENING OF MARKET—
SAGGED AFTER AN EARLY AD-
VANCEMENT—CLOSED WEAK

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Business was brisk at the opening of the market today. The inquiry for stocks apparently came principally from shorts as a result of the customary week-end covering. Canadian Pacific was the one exception to the narrow movement, the large increase shown in its latter statement of gross earnings stiffened this stock and rose more than two points. Heaviest trading was in Steel, one transaction of which amounted to 1500 shares.

The market closed weak. Stocks sagged decidedly today after the market during the early trading had shown an advancing tendency. The upturn was neither broad nor vigorous and was interrupted frequently by small reactions until in the second hour the course of the market was shaped downward definitely. Announcement of reduction in prices of various steel products and assertions that further concessions might be made on account of the new tariff schedule were chiefly responsible for the turn in the market after its early manifestation of strength. Pressure on United States Steel, which fell below \$5 caused more general selling of the minor steel stocks, among which losses ran from one to four points. Additional unfavorable reports of earnings made by some southern lines accelerated the downward movement among the standard railroad shares. Reading lost two points and Amalgamated one. Bonds were steady.

The Woodbine club held an invitation party at 53 Bartlett street Friday evening at which many friends were delightfully entertained.

The feature of the evening was music by the Woodbine orchestra, consisting of G. Sullivan, director and piano player; J. Renault, violin; W. Connory, trombone; A. Kenefick, cornet; L. Tansy, drummer, and F. Chappell, clarinet.

The following gave classical selections: J. McMahon, P. Chappell, Margaret Connery, Elizabeth Lowrey, the Woodbine quartet, consisting of J. Granfield, E. Sullivan, F. Davis and R. Fox. Grace Gookin gave several piano selections and there was a duet by Mary Brick and Jessie Hogan.

Refreshments were served during the intermission by Mr. McNamee and Mrs. Interlandi. The party broke up at 11:30 p.m. The close was at the lowest. Alaska Gold finished at 23%.

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—Loral mining shares sustained a further decline today on narrow trading. There was also heavy selling in Telephone. The close was at the lowest. Alaska Gold finished at 23%.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 4.—Martin Howe & Donigan of this city, of counsel for Harry K. Thaw, filed at the state house this noon their brief in opposition to the extradition of Thaw as requested by the state of New York. Drew, Shurtleff & Morris of Lancaster will file theirs on Monday. The brief filed today draws these conclusions:

1. As the papers set out no indictment and as there is to be found no affidavit charging the person demanded committed treason, felony or other crime, the question of law is Thaw upon the face of the papers substantially charged with crime against the laws of New York—should be answered in the negative.

2. As it appears by the papers, without contradiction, that Thaw on the date of the alleged conspiracy was an insane person, legally incapable of committing the crime charged with or proceeded against for crime the question of fact is Thaw a fugitive from the Justice of New York?—should be answered in the negative.

3. On all the evidence it should be determined that the real purpose of New York is to secure the return of Thaw to Matteawan that would seem to be the only conclusion reasonably attainable. And that being so, even were the papers in all respects regular, it is the legal duty of the executive of New Hampshire to refuse the requisition.

Filled with the brief were telegrams from the executives of 32 states, the following from the executive department of Missouri being typical of the lot.

"Executive department of this state has no knowledge of the record of extradition sought or honored for escaped lunatic or insane person charged with crime where person sought had been adjudged insane. (Signed) William H. Painter, Acting Governor."

Thaw attorneys set up the contention that the extradition papers show no indictment against their client, that on the date of the alleged conspiracy to escape from the insane asylum at Matteawan he was insane and so legally incapable of committing a crime, and that on all the evidence it should be determined that the real purpose of New York state is to obtain the return of Thaw to Matteawan. They argue that it is the legal duty of the executive to refuse the requisition. The further briefs on behalf of Thaw will be submitted on Monday by the law firm of Drew, Shurtleff & Morris of Lancaster.

Filed with the brief were telegrams from the executives of 32 states, the following from the executive department of Missouri being typical of the lot.

BASEBALL AND
FIELD SPORTSBOXING, GOLF
AND ATHLETICS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

GIANTS' PITCHERS BETTER

According to Past Performances
—McGraw's Hurlers Have it on
Mack's Mound Artists

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—When the New York and Philadelphia clubs open the series for the world's baseball championship at the Polo grounds in this city on Oct. 7 the Giants will have at least one advantage which only the heaviest kind of stickwork will overcome. Compared player for player the winners of the National league pennant appear to be stronger in the pitching department than the Athletics. Two years ago, when Connie Mack's clan defeated McGraw's team four games to two in the battle for the 1911 title, conditions in this respect were reversed. Now the margin of strength so far as boxmen is concerned is on past performances with the Giants.

The doughty leader of the National league representatives in the coming series will be Marquard, Mathewson, Tesreau, Demaree, Fromme, Crandall and Wilts a group of twirlers who should prove more effective against the Athletics than Bender, Plank, Shawkey, Brown, Bush and Houck against the Giants. Such might not be the case was Connie Mack's pitching staff augmented by the presence of Coombs. The big Maine hurler is considered to be out of the series, however, due to early season illness and a more recently strained back. The trio of mainstays for the Giants will undoubtedly be Marquard, Mathewson and Tesreau, with Demaree, Fromme and Crandall second string twirlers. For the Athletics Bender, Plank and Shawkey will have first call while Bush, Bush and Houck will be reserves.

Mathewson, who is one of the greatest "secret pitchers" of baseball, will have to divide honors with Marquard this year in all probability. While his head and hand still maintain the skill and cunning of yesterday, his arm cannot sustain the strain as it did a few seasons ago. Marquard will have to bear a larger share of the burden than he did in 1911. The same is true of Bender and Plank in the Athletic lineup, for Shawkey is an unknown quantity in world's series play. Tesreau and Demaree on the other hand, have had considerably more big league experience, and the former was a factor in the world's series play of 1912 when the Giants gave the Boston Red Sox such a hard struggle for honors. Crandall is not likely to get into the series except as a relief pitcher or pinch-hitter, and Brown, Bush and Houck are uncertain propositions. They are just as likely to win, if Mack starts any one of the trio, as to blow up completely.

Mathewson opposed Bender in the first game of the 1911 series which

PITCHERS' RECORDS

	G. W.	L.	P.C.
Bender	47	19	.672
Plank	39	17	.630
Shawkey	14	6	.567
Brown	48	18	.621
Bush	35	11	.761
Houck	35	15	.753
Demaree	29	14	.682
Marquard	40	22	.688
Mathewson	39	24	.682
Tesreau	33	21	.616
Crandall	28	8	.744
	32	2	.630

FOX AND FIGHTER OF THE BASEBALL WORLD
READY FOR GREAT CHAMPIONSHIP CLASH

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The two most interesting personages concerned in the world's series scheduled to begin at the Polo grounds Tuesday, Oct. 7, are Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, and John J. McGraw, manager of the New York Giants' pitchers are appended:

As has often been said, these two manipulators of baseball players are exact opposites in personality and method. Mack is the fox of the baseball world; McGraw is the fighter, the "Little Napoleon" of the game. Mack sits on the players' bench quietly in his everyday clothes and moves his men without noise, but astutely. McGraw is always out on the coaching line in uniform and full of aggressiveness, battling all the way and directing his men by the light of his own judgment solely. Men's faces often belle their real self, but not so in the case of these managers.

INTERESTING PERSONAGES CONCERNED IN THE WORLD'S SERIES SCHEDULED TO BEGIN AT THE POLO GROUNDS TUESDAY, OCT. 7, ARE CONNIE MACK, MANAGER OF THE PHILADELPHIA ATHLETICS, AND JOHN J. MCGRAW, MANAGER OF THE NEW YORK GIANTS' PITCHERS ARE APPENDED:

PITCHERS' RECORDS

	G. W.	L.	P.C.
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Plank	39	17	.630
Shawkey	14	6	.567
Brown	48	18	.621
Bush	35	11	.761
Houck	35	15	.753
Demaree	29	14	.682
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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

HIGH AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

This city will soon have to face the expensive proposition of building a new industrial school and also a new high school or at least a high school for girls. This will mean the expenditure of half a million dollars. If experience has taught us anything we will realize that the size of this undertaking or any part of it makes it imperative that it be planned and executed under the guidance and supervision of an expert commission such as that which handled the erection of our city hall—an undertaking in which the citizens got their money's worth to the last penny.

No matter how able or efficient the membership of the city government or how unselfish their intentions, the multiplicity of their other duties, and their inability to steer clear of political influences, make it imperative that they be relieved of the extraordinary task of planning such important school buildings or directing their construction.

There should be no need of further argument as to the necessity for such new school buildings. The present high school is wholly inadequate for its purpose. It is small, badly arranged, and altogether behind the times.

Every year brings a greater necessity that it be remodelled or entirely abandoned.

Its present crowded condition is a reproach that cannot be permitted to continue much longer.

The separation of boy and girl pupils would forward the cause of education rather than retard it and one logical means of relief is the erection of a school for girls only, such as has been advocated already in these columns.

Instead of an antique and unscientific building wholly inadequate to the needs of the present, this city should have a high school second to none in the commonwealth—a building that would satisfy the needs of the city for 50 years to come.

We must provide such a building in the near future and the sooner the better. When we decide on it let us also decide on the only plan that will ensure absolute success, the plan that has given us one of the finest city halls in the state, the commission plan. It will ensure a like superiority in our school structures and the people will get all they desire and all they pay for.

AUTO SEARCHLIGHTS

The automobile searchlight was primarily intended as an aid to safety but it has been developed and abused until it constitutes a positive menace and no very slight one. It has been made stronger and more glaring yearly and many a high powered machine now carries electric searchlights that almost blind a driver unfortunate enough to get into the path of its rays coming from a different direction and rendering him in danger of running into the ditch or into a tree until it has passed or even after it has passed. When two such cars meet there is a grand illumination that entices to the petty vanity of the owners but serves no good purpose. Safety is far more important than vain and vulgar display and safety demands the putting back of the automobile searchlight to its original purpose.

This matter has been considered by the Massachusetts highway commission which is said to have a plan under consideration which promises relief. A rule of the commission now has the force of law under the auto act so that any regulation formulated by it would be as binding as a legislative act. No other body has more experience or ability in discussing auto abuses or their remedy and those who have suffered from the abuse of the searchlight idea will welcome any rule that promises relief. It will be far less dangerous to ride through our roads and boulevards by night when all cars shall carry lights powerful enough to give practical illumination without endangering the lives of other wayfarers.

Powerful searchlights are also a present nuisance in city streets where they are wholly unnecessary. Electric cars shut out their glare when they run in lamp lighted thoroughfares and it would be well if autos could do likewise. The intended regulations will probably include this phase of the matter also. It is of secondary importance it is true but it calls for immediate improvement.

BILLBOARDS AGAIN

A commission appointed in New York many months ago to study and report on the billboards nuisance of that city has come out strongly for their abolition, denouncing them in vigorous language and disparaging them even from the point of view of the advertiser. Specifically, the report groups the main objections to billboards under three heads, viz: their unsightliness, their furnishing a fire hazard in some cases, and their being a menace to public health because of the accumulation of rubbish they often hide under their glaring posters.

Of the unsightliness of billboards there is little or no difference of opinion. They are blots of ugliness even in the most beautiful streets and in

THE SPELLBINDER

Note the audacity with which Congressman Gardner enters upon his campaign for governor. He comes in thumping with a bound, as it were, and in a thrice tells Col. Benton, a well-respected and worthy gentleman who felt that he was the logical candidate. But in this he was mistaken, as there is but one "bodyguard" candidate and Gardner has impressed upon the remnants of the republican party that he is the one. He comes as the tall end of the Lodge machine hoping to revive its power in Massachusetts. It has become antiquated and ordinarily should be sent to the political "junk heap" where rests the wreck of the old republican team road-rollers. Gardner is trying to re-equip the old machine so long directed by his father-in-law and his ambition is to become governor of the commonwealth by defeating Walsh and Bird, as well as Benton and any other candidate that may come forward. He has turned aside the republican state committee and put the Lodge machine in charge of his campaign; he has come out squarely for compulsory arbitration which, except for public service corporations, would not stand the test of constitutionality. Mr. Gardner may have been moved to this step by the action of the American Federation of Labor in declaring against compulsory arbitration thinking his attitude will unite the corporations in his support. He is also in favor of restricted immigration in a radical form. It would appear that Mr. Gardner has an idea that the big trusts and combines can still wield as much power politically as they did when his father-in-law was first elected to the senate and that they will tumble over one another to secure his election. In that he will find himself woefully mistaken. The corporations have been short of most of their power to put their tools in office.

Another point on which he will get a very forcible bump is in his effort to draw the progressives back to their old time allegiance to the republican party. He sneers at Charles Sumner Bird just as if Bird represented only a political bubble that required only to be gently pricked with the Gardner palliard to vanish into nothingness. Gardner comes to saddle the commonwealth with a political machine which the people cast off some years ago, and remains to be seen whether they will permit him to smash their calculations as well as their hopes and their candidates.

Hon. David J. Walsh is going about the commonwealth taking clean politics and against the use of money in elections. Walsh is apparently too honest a man, and too much of a gentleman to descend to the methods that the backers of Gardner are getting ready to adopt in this campaign. Mr. Walsh, I will venture a piece of advice this early in the campaign: Don't look to Gardner for decency or fairness. You have declared you will not descend to personalities, that you do not even mention your opponents, Bird and Gardner, by name. If a man looks you down and jumps on you, will you get up and say, "Thank you, sir, you are a nice gentleman, but I will not dignify you by mentioning your name?"

Say Mr. Walsh, you had better stop this childish talk. You can't afford to be a Chesterton in dealing with Gardner. With Mr. Bird it is different. Throw off your coat and go into the fight like a man who is not afraid. You have nothing to fear from any of your opponents if you set out to make an aggressive campaign on the live issues of the hour; for I believe you are the superior of any of them. Train your heaviest guns on Gardner and raze him to the ground if you want to be the next governor of Massachusetts.

Remember that Gardner is out to adopt the campaign methods in vogue in the palmy days of Lodge, Mark Hanna and Cox-Road. Get out, then, and force the fighting so that the progressive vote is not cast for him. His presence in the senate record more than the most hideous monster that crawls the earth. This I assume expresses or should express the feelings of Charles T. Kilpatrick, the republican candidate for senator in regard to his record in the state legislature in 1910 and 1911. I have looked up his record and have it before me on a pen there. And without any exaggeration, I do not believe the people of Lowell ever sent a man to the general court who manifested a more illiberal spirit towards popular legislation than did Mr. Kilpatrick. He voted almost without exception for every measure opposed by the people and against every measure favored by the people. Do not imagine that I have set out to misrepresent Mr. Kilpatrick. There is no need of that. I do not believe in the men who are "corporation baiters" and neither do I believe in the man who sees nothing good in any measure unless there is a corporation back of it. The man required to represent a city like Lowell or any part of it should have a mind broad enough to act fairly as between capital and labor; to see some good in the masses, to realize that if given their way the great corporations would oppress and abuse their employees. In this letter I shall present but a few citations from his legislative record but before election I shall give the voters enough from which to draw accurate conclusions as between Mr. Kilpatrick on the one hand and Senator Draper, his democratic opponent to the other.

One of the safeguards against dangerous legislation is the reference of any measure to the people. Whenever this proposition was made, while Mr. Kilpatrick was in the legislature he voted "no." He evidently does not believe in the intelligence of the people since he is unwilling to allow them to decide any public question.

On March 9, 1910, in attaching the referendum to a bill to extend the term of office for sheriffs, Mr. Kilpatrick voted no because he knew that the voters of the other end of the county would defeat it.

James T. Barrett, democratic candidate for register of probate is a good live man who has made his mark in Boston and Cambridge and on the lecture platform. The office for which he is named does not amount to much, but he should be locally supported by the voters who want a clean, bright and intelligent man for that position.

Senator Fisher's Fight

The voters of the Seventh Middlesex senatorial district including wards five and nine of Lowell will be pleased to know that Senator Edward Fisher of Westford is a candidate for reelection, having received the unanimous endorsement of his party at the primaries. This is indeed an unusual hour when we consider that this district, known as the "shee strung district," extends from Ayer to Lynn and embraces now divergent interests and a more cosmopolitan constituency than any other in the commonwealth.

Such endorsement indicates pretty conclusively that Senator Fisher has indeed been true and faithful to the wants and needs of this district and it is further noted with satisfaction that his candidacy is not only viewed with approval by his own party but also with enthusiasm by his numerous friends and supporters regardless of party affiliations, thus offering a tribute seldom paid to a candidate for public office. His opponent this year on the republican ticket is Arthur Reicher of Lynn, an employe of the

General Electric company, who, it is understood, is being backed by this company in his campaign and doubtless for a purpose.

That Senator Fisher's standing as a legislator was recognized by the president of the senate is well evidenced by the committee appointments given him, as he was made a member of the leading committees of that body, the committee on ways and means, and was also placed upon two of the other most important committees, mainly railroads and agriculture. While rendering very effective service upon the railroad committee in securing the passage of the "Washburn Bill," so called, under the provision of which the recent developments relative to the financing and expenditures of the N. Y., N. H. and B. R. R. have been brought to light, and in compelling the railroads to restore to students the privilege of riding to school at half-fare and for the committee on agriculture in effectually opposing undesirable milk legislation, yet his chief and most conspicuous service was rendered as a member of the ways and means committee where his intimate knowledge of the financial affairs of the commonwealth were in evidence. Through his efforts the commonwealth was unquestionably saved many thousands of dollars and that such is a fact is borne out by the following taken from the Boston press: "The state tax is the largest in the history of the commonwealth but a special tribute is due Senator Fisher that this tax is not larger than it is."

To him were entrusted most of the reports of this committee which involved matters of great importance and which were contested upon the floor of the senate and his ability in handling these reports resulted almost without exception in the same being sustained. If ever a man proved by his conduct that he considers a public office to be a "public trust" it is Senator Fisher.

It was also through his efforts that the bill for the construction of an agricultural school in Middlesex county passed the senate. The voters of the district now have the choice of returning to the senate a true, tried and trusty legislator in the person of Senator Fisher, or sending a man without legislative experience, backed and supported by one of the largest corporations in this country. There would seem to be little doubt that the voters of the district will return Senator Fisher by an overwhelming vote at the polls on November 4th next. Should they fail to do so the only conclusion that could be drawn in regard to the result would be that they were utterly blind to their own best interests and those of the commonwealth. It behoves democrats, republicans, progressives and nondescripts to stand by Senator Fisher, who is competent to fill the highest office in the gift of the people. His presence in the senate will be a safeguard against pernicious legislation and his powerful influence in favor of needed reforms will always be exerted on the side of justice and humanity.

Mr. Kilpatrick's Record

There is an old saying to the effect that what is written remains, it is a matter of utmost importance in human affairs. It even "cuts some ice" in political campaigns for some of the candidates dread the visage of their own record more than the most hideous monster that crawls the earth. This I assume expresses or should express the feelings of Charles T. Kilpatrick, the republican candidate for senator in regard to his record in the state legislature in 1910 and 1911. I have looked up his record and have it before me on a pen there. And without any exaggeration, I do not believe the people of Lowell ever sent a man to the general court who manifested a more illiberal spirit towards popular legislation than did Mr. Kilpatrick. He voted almost without exception for every measure opposed by the people and against every measure favored by the people. Do not imagine that I have set out to misrepresent Mr. Kilpatrick. There is no need of that. I do not believe in the men who are "corporation baiters" and neither do I believe in the man who sees nothing good in any measure unless there is a corporation back of it. The man required to represent a city like Lowell or any part of it should have a mind broad enough to act fairly as between capital and labor; to see some good in the masses, to realize that if given their way the great corporations would oppress and abuse their employees. In this letter I shall present but a few citations from his legislative record but before election I shall give the voters enough from which to draw accurate conclusions as between Mr. Kilpatrick on the one hand and Senator Draper, his democratic opponent to the other.

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On February 25, 1910, in ordering to a third reading, the bill to extend the term of office for sheriffs, Mr. Kilpatrick voted yes. Why was he so anxious to give sheriffs a longer term of office?

On May 2, 1910, in ordering to a third reading, the bill to increase the salaries of gas and electric light commissioners, Mr. Kilpatrick voted "yes." Anything to help those already too well paid.

On May 10, 1910, on adopting resolutions in favor of the election of United States senators by direct vote, Mr. Kilpatrick voted "no." He would not allow the people a voice in selecting a U. S. senator.

On March 30, 1910 on attaching local referendum to bar and bottle bill Mr. Kilpatrick voted "no."

On April 4, he voted "no" on ordering to a third reading the eight hour bill for city employees.

On April 12, he voted no on ordering to a third reading the 54 hour bill. Both bills became law in spite of Rep. Kilpatrick.

On April 28, he voted "no" on a bill requiring street railways to equip their cars with hitting jacks.

From these few citations from the record of Mr. Kilpatrick as representative in the legislature, the voter can judge of his pernicious influence in legislation. He opposed the popular election of senators, he opposed the 8 hour bill for city employees, the 54 hour bill for factory operatives and in fact every other measure favored by the friends of the people and the



That the secretary-treasurer of the local "Musicians' Union is quite a fisherman.

That the police are unable to stop the many breaks that are occurring in this city of late.

That all old maids don't look as pretty as the trees in autumn.

That the Modern Investment Co. is a very prosperous organization.

That the residents of Navy Yard are awaiting annexation to Lowell.

That the members of the Ring Spinners Fixers' union enjoyed themselves to their heart's content last night.

That the stretch of road between Varnum avenue and the speedway on the Pawtucket boulevard is badly in need of repair.

That the many friends of James Heaney, secretary to Mayor O'Donnell, are hoping for his speedy recovery and rejoice to hear that he is much better.

That to wait 25 minutes for a Chelmsford street car in Merrimack square and then be delayed 15 minutes at the Shaw street turnout, doesn't show up-to-date management of that line on a Saturday evening.

That a conductor on the Pawtucketville line showed extreme politeness the other afternoon, when in order to get rid of two "cart wheels" he slipped his fingers in his pay envelope after thrusting a large roll of paper notes in his pocket, and turned a nastful of change over to a passenger.

That the local Knights of Columbus promise to take Manchester by storm in the Columbus day parade.

That several budding orators "orated" at a recent meeting of the South End club.

That somebody calls the new commission, "The Planting Commission."

That a Lowell boy created quite a stir on Broadway, New York, the other day.

That open cars on cold days are not conducive to good health.

That the beautiful lints in Mrs. Dunleath's hair are suggested by the autumn colors seen on Belleville heights from the ninth floor of the Sun building.

That a young man who recently moved from Westford street was seen carrying home a bundle last Thursday which, though cleverly disguised, looked suspiciously like a coal bag.

That Dan Cosgrove recites beautifully, "Oh, had I wings of a Bird."

That the pretty colors of the paper in some of our monthly bills remind us of romances of other days. So do the bills.

That the girl clerks in a local store put one over on the janitor the other day, when they seized a box of candy that he had stolen from another man, who had copped it from one of the

friends of progress, whereas on the contrary, practically every bill coming from a corporation had his cordial support.

A measure was proposed under which it was intended to compel street railway companies to equip their cars with hitting jacks so that in case of accident, if a passenger were pinned under the car it would not be necessary to wait until a jack were secured from the nearest station before liberating him or her from beneath the wheels. Instances of this kind have occurred in every city in the state. About the time that it was before the legislature a woman was pinned under a car on Gorham street and lay there in extreme agony while neither the motorman nor the conductor could do anything to relieve her. A gang of men who came forward as spectators undertook to lift the car bodily so as to allow the woman's body to be taken out. One of those men ruptured a blood vessel so that he has not been able to do a good day's work ever since. Every car that runs through a city should carry a jack for such emergencies; but if we are to judge from Mr. Kilpatrick's vote, he would prefer to see a child, a woman or a man suffer agony while pinned under a car, rather than put the company to the expense of carrying a jack on each car for use in such emergencies.

Senator Draper, democratic opponent of Mr. Kilpatrick, voted steadily for all bills to improve the conditions of men, women and children who toil, and he took particular interest in all bills calculated to benefit Lowell, such for example as the bill for completion of the river road as a state highway through Dracut and Methuen. He fought hard to exclude the city of Lowell from the burden of maintaining the Salisbury beach reservation; he served with credit to himself on the committee on public institutions and the matter of public institutions it was his duty to investigate conditions in the various state hospitals and asylums and this he did with the greatest care and his recommendations if carried out, will bring about much needed improvements as the issue asylum in Worcester and at the Tewksbury Alms House.

Brennan and Hibbard

In the 14th representative district, made up of Ward 1 of Lowell and the town of Dracut, there is a lively contest on between John W. Brennan, democrat, and Joseph H. Hibbard, republican.

A good many people are surprised at Mr. Hibbard for trying to come back and at his willingness to take a step downward, having served as senator from the local district. It shows that "Joe" has some time on his hands which he would like to turn to account as social functions requiring his orchestra are not very numerous in the day time.

Mr. Brennan is a nice, clean, young man who has served as town clerk in Dracut for the last seven years and in his own town he commands the highest confidence of all the voters. He is employed in the office of the American Woolen company in Dracut as bookkeeper and if we are to judge from the impression he has made at town meetings, public rallies and other assemblies, he would certainly make a

very creditable member of the general court.

The 14th Representative District

John R. Kiggins, a bright young man residing on Agawam street has been nominated on the democratic ticket for representative in the 14th district. Mr. Kiggins stands well in all who know him in the city of Lowell and if

LADY LOOKABOUT

The season of politicians is with us again. From now on until the elections are over, the columns of every newspaper we take up will be adorned with pictures of aspiring statesmen. These pictures may well be called "speaking likenesses," for beneath each one in bold type, is a list of the qualifications of the aspirant.

Here is one who advertises himself as bold, fearless, intrepid and upright. Here is another who thinks he is faithful, honest, and courageous. Here I see the picture of a young man whom I have known from childhood, but I fear I have never appreciated his sterling worth. I never realized what a paragon of everything wise and good he had become until I saw his picture in the paper and read what he has to say about himself: Earnest, a vote-getter, an able legislator.

And as I look into those pictured eyes, wide open and frank, and I recall some of his high school escapades, I wonder that the picture does not break into a sheepish grin and fade away.

Another advertises himself as wise and far-sighted. I'm sure that when certain of his cronies behold this picture for the first time, a wise and knowing wink will pass from the picture to the beholder.

As for us girls, I think there would be fewer spinsters among us if we could bring ourselves to realize what unusual worth lies unsuspected in the men about us, and who knows, this campaign advertising may fulfill the mission of a matrimonial bureau in our midst.

A propos of campaign advertising, a friend of mine who teaches a first primary grade here in Lowell, tells a good story about James F. McKenna when he was a candidate for alderman. The children of her school were absorbed in the collecting of campaign cards. One day a little boy from her infant class presented her with Mr. McKenna's campaign card with this explanation: "This is Miss Kelley's picture. She's a teacher in the Butler school. She's my brother George's teacher."

I wonder how the women will manage their campaign advertising when they vote? Will they advertise themselves as frank, bold, fearless and aggressive? I don't believe they will, for who would care for a woman with those qualities? The voters would flee her as they would the plague.

I have an acquaintance whose boast is that she is frank and all I have to say is, "The saints deliver me from a frank woman." She rides rough-shod over the feelings and sensitivities of her associates. She mocks their deepest sentiments, thinking it is witty, and when finally she sees that she has deeply wounded a tender spot, she thinks she makes it all right by saying, "I pride myself on being frank."

I think the successful woman candidate will advertise herself as sweet, womanly, and considerate of others.

What a difference elevator service makes in an office building. I think if tenants knew the aversion most persons have to climbing even one flight of stairs, they would never locate in a building without an elevator service.

A few years ago, before there were so many well equipped office buildings in the down-town section, a fashionabile milliner opened parlors two flights up in a very fine building in the heart of the business section. The young lady had a charming personality and large following. She did not have to build up a trade for her friends came to her in large numbers, but they all complained of the long climb to her parlors.

Something over a year ago this milliner married and gave up her business. Since that time the rooms have never been let, although in the close vicinity, there are many establishments both of millinery and dressmaking much higher from the street, but with elevator service.

It was not my good fortune to attend the democratic rally held in Associate hall Monday evening and although the omission was not my fault, I understand I missed hearing some very good speakers.

Mr. Frederick W. Mansfield, candidate for state treasurer, made some statements which should help the suffrage movement, especially among those women who are indifferent, or at best lukewarm, to the cause. In the course of his remarks, he referred to the recently passed 51-hour law for women. He told of the eight hour day and the 41 hour week of plumbers, masons, carpenters and others. The men engaged in these trades consider an eight hour day plenty long enough for them to work, and they labored unceasingly until they had accomplished this point, but none had worked for a 44 hour week for women and children. Instead, the week of 60 hours has been their lot until comparatively recently when it was reduced to 58 hours, then to 56, and very lately to 54 hours; and such a storm of protest as went up. The hardships this shortened week would work upon women were appalling and no one could suggest remedy.

They fail to recall that the plumbers, masons, carpenters, and the others who work 44 hours suffer no apparent hardships, for as the number of working hours per day was lessened, the wage per hour was increased, and where this increase was not forthcoming willingly, a strike was ordered and continued until the point was won. In some cases "sympathetic strikes" were ordered in which the employed woman was frequently obliged to join. When a settlement was finally made, she returned to her labor with no decrease in hours and no increase in wages. This condition of affairs will continue until woman provides herself with a weapon with which to fight it.

When an aspirant to office appreciates the fact that every woman has a vote, he will be compelled to concede to her demand that she not be discriminated against on account of sex.

When she has the ballot, she will have a voice in choosing the persons who shall regulate conditions for her.

The factory girl and the sales girl will become elements in the electorate which our legislators will find worth while considering when engaged in office seeking and in law-making.

A word in regard to the taxing of incomes will not be amiss at this time, not so much because it affects the incomes of many of us women, but as a matter of general information. Also because it will bring into the coffers of the United States approximately \$15,000,000, in the disbursement of which we all share.

Every citizen of the United States, whether living at home or abroad, must pay an annual tax of one per cent upon all net incomes over \$300 per year if single, and over \$400 if married. In addition to the one per cent tax, the following are added as the income increases:

From \$20,000 to \$50,000, 1 per cent; from \$50,000 to \$75,000, 2 per cent; from \$75,000 to \$100,000, 3 per cent; from \$100,000 to \$250,000, 4 per cent; from \$250,000 to \$500,000, 5 per cent; over \$500,000, 6 per cent.

Treasury experts estimate that 425,000 persons in the United States have taxable incomes.

As you walk home to dinner these days and the air is redolent of spices and vinegar, and stewing vegetables and fruits, I wonder if the odors bring back to your memory as they do to mine, the days of childhood when each one gave a hand at canning time. That was long before food-cheopers were heard of, and onions not only had to be peeled, but chopped by hand as well.

Many a tear I shed over our old wooden chopping-tray held uncertainly on my narrow, slanting, lap, as I brought the heavy knife down on the unwilling onions countless dozens of times, only in the end to have it slip with its reeking burden, upside down on the floor.

and the mince-meat! Will you ever forget its odor, the most delicious that met our childish nostrils.

In those old days, our only convenience was an iron apple-peeler. Three iron prongs hold the apple in place. A crank turned the apple also pressed a knife blade against the fruit. It was a great convenience for parting a perfect apple, but those of you who were raised on farms probably know how few perfect apples the farmer's wife gets for mince-meat. She is lucky if they are only seconds or thirds in quality.

We had two apple-peasers, each screwed to the kitchen table, and such races as we children had, paring apples, and how we mangled the fruit! If an apple survived the shock of being pared, it was a common trick to keep right on paring until the core was reached. Then with head thrown back, we gently slid yard after yard of the long, thin, juicy paring down our throats.

I recall hanging over my mother's knee watching the delightful conglomeration of things in that fascinating chopping tray as they became a homogeneous mass of deliciousness and when one especially inviting tit-bit came to my end of the tray, the hasty thrust of a little finger saved it from the gullet-line only to meet a quicker, surer fate in my mouth.

Then I would hear the sad story (how many times I have heard it) of the little girl who thrust her finger beneath her mother's chopping knife and had it cut off. I fear the fate of the severed finger interested me far more than that of the little girl who had parted with it.

Next week I hope to give to you an account of Romain Rolland's wonderful book, "Jean-Christophe"—a book which was translated and placed on the American market less than three years ago, and which eminent scholars have compared to the writings of Tolstoi, the greatest writer of the present century. This book has created a sensation on two continents, and some critics have even gone so far as to hold that it marks an epoch in the literature of the twentieth century.

Tuesday, October seventh, the Lowell Teachers' organization starts on the fourth year of its career. This organization, including as it does, practically every teacher in the city, has done much to preserve the dignity of the teaching profession and also to promote a social spirit among the teachers. During the past year it has been very active, particularly along the lines of legislation having secured an increase in salary for the teachers, and also having succeeded with the pension bill.

"Plans for an active year are already made and the members are looking forward to further legislation in regard to one or two matters which are yet in an unsettled condition."

"Every teacher owes a debt of gratitude to Representative Otis Butler for his untiring efforts in behalf of the pension bill for school teachers which was finally passed, and it was with keen regret that they saw him beaten at the recent primaries and worse still that women allowed themselves to be used for any such purpose."

There are twenty-eight local cases that will be aided, immediately, under the widow's pension act, or the act providing assistance for mothers with dependent children.

The twenty-eight cases represent a total of ninety-four children and the total amount, per month, to be paid the first eight cases will be \$150, or \$125.00 month for each case. The distribution of the money will depend upon conditions, each individual case being treated separately. It was stated today at the office of the board of charities that one of the families would receive \$10 a month while another would receive but \$10 a month. This discrimination is based on the number of children and the income.

If a mother has six children and two of them are working she will not be allowed as much as the woman who has six children and none of them working. This matter rests entirely with the local department. If the state board of charities has any right to register it will take the form of the board's refusal to approve the bills sent in by the local boards.

It is estimated that there are about ninety-four cases that will come under the new law but the department has investigated only 25 cases thus far.

Supt. Dowd of the charity department says that the extra work will necessitate the services of another inspector.

After all of the cases have been investigated and reported the work will have to be continued inasmuch as the act provides that an examination of all cases shall be made every three months and that all cases shall start over anew each year. This is to cover all changes for which time may be responsible.

I wonder how many in Lowell realize how very cosmopolitan our city is. A few days ago I was talking with an old settler on this subject and my attention was called to the fact that on Gorham street between the post office and Summer street, fully twenty nations are represented among the storekeepers, and all appear to be enjoying prosperity. Each not only has his own following, but also has a cosmopolitan following as well, and harmony is the pass-word. It is relations and conditions like these which hasten the Americanization of our foreign population, and when one sees the bright looking and well kept children of these people, he may well be an advocate of unrestricted immigration here in Massachusetts—one of the planks, by the way, in the democratic state platform this year.

Lady Lookabout.

Open an account in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank; interest begins

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Treasury experts estimate that 425,000 persons in the United States have taxable incomes.

In your hand you hold a five-cent piece.

Right at the grocer's hand is a moisture-proof package of Uneeda Biscuit. He hands you the package— you hand him the coin. A trifling transaction?

No! A remarkable one—for you have spent the smallest sum that will buy a package of good food; and the grocer has sold you the most nutritious food made from flour—as clean and crisp and delicious as it was when it came from the oven.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

HOURS OF HEAVY FIRING

Santa Rosalia Has Fallen Before Attack of 4000 Federals, According to Dispatch

EL PASO, Texas, Oct. 4.—Santa Rosalia has fallen before the attack of 4000 federals under General Castro, according to advices received here today in a telegram from General Mercado, military governor of Chihuahua, to

Guillermo Porras, personal representative of General Huerta, in this city.

Santa Rosalia was defended by 4000 constitutionalists under General Francisco Villa. The dispatch says the town was taken after four hours' heavy firing yesterday afternoon, following a siege which started Thursday morning.

The message declared the constitutionalists are retreating southward.

No other details of the battle, which was considered by the rebels as a critical one for the establishment of their power in Chihuahua, has been received.

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At the end of the day, the Boston Sun "Want" column

30 YEARS AGO

Bishop Lawrence Was Consecrated Bishop of Episcopal Church

Tomorrow the Episcopal churches throughout the state will arrange special services in commemoration of the consecration of the Rt. Rev. William Lawrence, D. D., as bishop of Massachusetts.

Bishop Lawrence is the seventh bishop of Massachusetts and was consecrated in the Trinity church, Boston, on Oct. 5, 1894. Rev. Appleton Griggs will speak at St. Anne's church tomorrow morning on the work of Bishop Lawrence and the growth of the diocese.

A special musical program has been arranged and some of the hymns will be sung that were sung at the consecration of the bishop. Sunday school exercises will follow the regular service.

Kirk Street Congregational:

Rev. C. A. Lincoln will address the congregation at the Kirk Street church tomorrow morning on "A Sulzer and Tammany Incident of Bible Times, With Modern Lessons." A reception to the deacons and officers of the church will be held in the vestry next Wednesday evening.

SET HOUSE AFIRE

Militant Suffragettes Continue Arson Campaign in England

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The militant suffragettes were busy again this morning when they set fire and badly damaged a large unoccupied Riverside house at Hampton on the Thames, a few miles above London. Two women were arrested in the vicinity on suspicion of being members of the arson squad. They refused to give their names. As is usually the case when similar outrages occur, a large quantity of suffrage literature was found strewn about the grounds.

The two women were subsequently brought up and charged at the police court when they were identified as Miss May Richardson and Miss Rachel Pearce. According to the police Miss Richardson, who had been recently released from prison, admitted that she had set fire to the building.

White Mistake:

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FREES OELRICHS

Miss Singleton Says
Wounds Were From
Wind Shield Splinters

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Lucille Singleton changed her mind yesterday about her charge of stabbing against Herman Oelrichs, millionaire student at Columbia Law school, whose automobile met with an accident while the two were riding in it Tuesday night along Broadway.

She declared in an affidavit that her injuries were caused by points of glass of the windshield through which she was thrown.

It was through the efforts of the district attorney's office that the mystery has been cleared up to some extent.

James O'Malley, an assistant prosecutor, questioned Miss Singleton as she sat propped against pillows in bed at her apartments. She broke down in

nearly and cried, declaring she wanted to tell the truth.

Mr. O'Malley obtained the affidavit exonerating Oelrichs; and the felonious assault charge on which there is to be a hearing next Tuesday, is expected to be dropped. Meanwhile, it is announced, the district attorney's office will endeavor to learn Miss Singleton's motive for accusing Oelrichs and what prompted her today to make the sworn statement.

Dean Stone of the law school said action in Oelrichs' case by the university authorities would be deferred until after the court hearing.

It was not disclosed yesterday who was the third person in the machine with Oelrichs and Miss Singleton. The girl in her statement disclaimed knowledge of this person's identity.

DARTMOUTH MEETS COLBY

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 4.—With many of the first string men in its lineup, Dartmouth expected to defeat Colby's eleven here today by a good score.

The field which was somewhat muddy earlier in the day dried out by noon. Several hundred of the alumni who came here for Dartmouth night remained over for the game.

Money deposited today in the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank will draw interest from this date.

CLABBY WON OUT

Defeated Sailor Petrovsky at Frisco in a 20 Round Bout

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—Jimmy Clabby fought all around. Sailor Petrovsky last night and received the only possible decision at the end of twenty rounds. Petrovsky weighed 155 pounds and Clabby 161. A count of the rounds gave Clabby all but four and Petrovsky one. The 12th, 14th and 16th were even.

Knowing that only a knockout could win for him, Petrovsky did his best to make a hurricane finish, but Jimmy's straight lefts, right uppercuts in the clinches and raking left hooks soon took the steam out of the sailor and the fight was Clabby's by a wide margin.

LOWELL, SATURDAY, OCT. 4, 1913.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

UNUSUAL VALUES IN

Clothing and Furnishings

For Men and Boys

TRUE BARGAINS OF INTEREST TO PRUDENT BUYERS

BOYS' CLOTHING SECTION

SPECIAL VALUES IN BOYS'



NORFOLK and RUSSIAN SUITS

AND

OVERCOATS

We are Offering Special Values in Boys' Suits and Overcoats at \$2.98

Boys' Norfolk and Russian Suits—Made of fine worsted, cashmere, Scotch mixtures and serges, Norfolk style, made with box pleats and full peg knickerbocker pants; Russian style made with military or sailor collars—\$4.00 to \$6.00 values.....\$2.98 Suit

Boys' Russian Coats—Russian Overcoats, sizes 2 1/2 to 10 years, made of heavy cheviots, in blue, brown and gray; made with half belts or belts all around—\$4.00 value, at.....\$2.98

SPECIAL FOR TODAY

30 Dozen Boys' Corduroy Pants at Only 85c Pair—Made of heavy corduroy, peg top, cut full size, with double seams. Sizes 6 to 17 years—\$1.00 and \$1.25 values, at.....85c Pair

MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

LOWER PRICES THAN USUAL ON MEN'S FALL WEAR

Fleece Lined Underwear—Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear, shirts only, 50c value. Special price.....25c Each

Jersey Fleeced Underwear—Men's Jersey Fleeced Underwear, ecru, seconds of the 50c garments. Special price.....29c Each

Heavy Jersey Underwear—Men's Heavy Jersey Fleeced Underwear, made from extra fine Egyptian yarn, in ecru, brown and silver gray, best 50c garment made. Special price.....39c Each

Heavy Fleeced Underwear—Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear—shirts and drawers—all sizes; 50c garments. Special price 39c Each

Men's Wool Underwear—Men's Natural Wool Underwear, slightly imperfect in the finishing, but not of any nature to affect the wear of the garments—75c and \$1.00 values. All one price.....59c Each

Men's Medium Weight Jersey Underwear at Half Price—70 Dozen Men's Medium Weight Jersey Ribbed Underwear, in ecru, blue, salmon and brown. Made with long sleeves, 50c garments. Special price.....25c Each

Boys' Jersey Underwear—Nice, soft and warm garments, 25c value. Special price 20c Each

Boys' Union Suits—Boys' Fleece Lined Union Suits, 50c garments. Special price 39c Suit

Men's Working Shirts—Woven cheviots, madras and heavy ginghams. Congress make; 50c value. Special price.....29c Each

Men's Negligee Shirts—Negligee Shirts made of good percales, cheviots, madras, in all new fall patterns. Shirts made to retail at 50c. Special price.....35c, 3 for \$1.00

Heavy Shaker Sweaters—Men's Heavy Shaker Sweaters, ruff collars, in gray and garnet, \$2.50 values. Special price.....\$1.45 Each

Men's Blue Overalls—Men's Overalls, made of heavy blue denim, 50c garments. Special price.....29c Pair

Men's Pant Overalls—Pant Overalls made of fine blue striped twills, 50c value. Special price.....35c Pair

Men's Black Silk Hose—40 dozen of Heavy Black Silk Hose, second quality of the 50c grade, at.....19c Pair

Suspenders—Men's Suspenders, made of fine lisle thread, solid brass buckles and solid leather ends, 25c value, at.....15c Pair

To Close—35 dozen Men's Summer Underwear, baldriggan, ecru, gray; odd lots of the 25c and 30c garments. Only.....15c Each

Men's 50c Baldriggan Underwear at Half Price—Men's Fine Baldriggan Underwear, made of extra fine yarn and good trimmings, 50c garments. To close at.....25c Each

BASEMENT

HAT AND CAP SECTION

PALMER STREET BASEMENT

Men's Caps—Caps made of heavy Scotch wool cloth, in handsome patterns; caps made in the latest shapes, \$1.00 value, at.....79c Each

Soft Hats—Men's Soft Hats, all new fall shapes, black, gray and brown in all shades, \$2.00 value, at.....\$1.39 Each

Men's Derby Hats—in latest shapes, \$2.00 values, at.....\$1.39 Each

Children's Hats—Hats made in the very latest shapes, in felt, velvet and corduroy. Only 45c Each

Children's Hats—Odd lots, to close, 50c value, at.....29c Each

TARIFF BILL

Continued

rose and delivered in easy, natural tones, an extemporaneous speech that brought prolonged applause.

The president declared that the journey of legislative accomplishments had only been partly completed; that a great service had been done for the rank and file of the country, but that the second step in the emancipation of business was currency reform. He earnestly called upon his colleagues to "go the rest of the journey" with fresh impulsion.

"Gentlemen, I feel a very peculiar pleasure," said the president, "in what I have just done by way of taking part in the completion of a great piece of business. It is a pleasure which is very hard to express in words which are adequate to express the feeling; because the feeling there is that we have done the rank and file of the people of this country a great service."

Profound Gratitude

"It is hard to speak of these things without seeming to go off into campaign eloquence, but that is not my purpose. It is one very profound, a feeling of profound gratitude that, working with the splendid men who have carried this thing through with studious attention and doing justice all round, I should have had part in serving the people of this country as we have been striving to serve them ever since I can remember."

"I have had the accomplishment of something like this at heart ever since I was a boy, and I know men standing around me who can say the same thing—who have been waiting to see the things done which it was necessary to do in order that there might be justice in the United States. And so it is a solemn moment which brings such a business to a conclusion, and I hope I will not be thought to be demanding too much of myself or of my colleagues when I say that this, great as it is, is the accomplishment of only half the journey."

"We must set the business of this country free from those conditions which have made monopoly not only possible, but in a sense easy and natural. But there is no use taking away the conditions of monopoly if we do not take away also the power to create monopoly, and that is a financial rather than a merely circumstantial accomplishment."

"The power to control and guide and direct the credits of the country is the power to say who shall and who shall not build up the industries of the country, in which direction they shall be built and in which direction they shall not be built. We must now know how to take the second step, which will be the final step in settling the business of this country free. That is what we shall do in the currency bill, which the house has already passed and which I have the utmost confidence the senate will pass much sooner than some pessimistic individuals believe. Because the question now is that this pleasant work is done, will arise all over the country, 'What will we do? why should we not crowd ourselves with communism? Are we so self-denying that we do not wish to complete our success?'

To Serve the People

"I was quoting the other day to some of my colleagues in the senate from Shakespeare's 'Henry VI,' which have always appealed to me. If it be a sin to covet honor then am I the most abounding soul alive, and I am happy to say that I do not covet it for myself alone. I covet it with equal ardor for the men whose associates with me, and the home I am going to come from them, I am their associates, and only complete the work which they do I can only counsel when they ask for my counsel. I can come in only when the last stages of the business are reached. And I covet this honor for them quite as much as I covet it for myself, and I covet it for the great party of which I am a member; because that party is not honorable unless it redeem its name and serve the people of the United States."

"So I feel tonight like a man who is leading happily in the sun, which lies half way along the journey, and that in the morning with a fresh impulse we shall go the rest of the journey and sleep at the journey's end. I feel with men with a quiet conscience, knowing that we have served our fellow men and have thereby tried to serve the world."

"It was an unusual spectacle which attended the compilation of a legislation that had been seven months in congress and embraced a tariff revision of a most far-reaching character."

PRESIDENT EXPECTS THAT NEW TARIFF WILL CUT HIGH COST OF LIVING

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—President Wilson's signing of the Underwood-Simmons bill last night brings into effect one of the most far-reaching revisions of tariff rates and revenue laws enacted for many years.

A new income tax applying directly to the incomes of citizens; the abolition of all tariff on scores of items of immense importance to American industry and American consumers and a heavy reduction of tariff rates on most of the articles in general use in this country are its chief features.

While certain portions of the new law do not take effect at once, most of its provisions and almost all the direct tariff reductions, do.

As every port collector of customs, appraisers of merchandise and hundreds of other employees of the treasury department will plunge at once into the task of collecting the nation's revenue on a new basis, and with hundreds of new classifications and new provisions of law to complicate activities.

The federal government has been spending nearly a billion dollars a year and the new tariff law will raise less than one-third of that sum. Recent estimates by tariff experts in congress predict that the rates will raise \$249,000,000 a year; and that the income tax will raise \$122,000,000. The remainder of the government's great income is made up principally of internal revenue taxes and postal receipts.

The income tax probably will bring the new tariff law most forcibly to the attention of citizens. President Wilson and democratic leaders in congress believe, however, that the reduction of duties on clothing, food-stuffs and other necessities of life and the complete removal of the duty from many like articles, will eventually bring a reduction in the cost of living without materially affecting business prosperity.

A brief summary of the new tariff law as prepared for the senate follows:

Average percentage of tariff rates as compared to the value of all imported merchandise: old law 37 per cent; new law 27 per cent.

Value of annual imports added to the free list \$147,000,000.

Estimated revenue from all import rates: old law \$305,000,000; new law \$249,000,000.

Estimated revenue from corporation and income taxes: old law \$37,000,000; new law \$120,000,000.

Altogether consumers in the United States will probably receive from abroad free of all tariff, more than \$1,000,000,000 worth of merchandise during the next year.

During 1913 the amount of "free imports" was more than \$50,000,000.

A Woman Can't Help

wanting a Plain Cabinet Glenwood, it is so smooth and easy to clean. No filigree or fussy ornamentation. Just the natural black iron finish. The "Mission Style" applied to a range. Every essential refined and improved upon.



Glen Range
at the
end of
Coal Range

Gas
Range
at the
end of
Coal Range

Makes Cooking Easy."

It matters not whether your kitchen is large or small—there's a Plain Glenwood made to fit it. Prices to suit all purses.

Cabinet Glenwood Range

W. A. Mack Co. Lowell

and when the tariff is entirely removed from wool, sugar, iron ore and cheap iron, and other important items, the total is expected to increase notably. Under the old law more than 33 per cent. of all goods brought to the United States from all parts of the world paid no tariff, and that proportion will be increased by the new law.

The free wool provision of the new law takes effect December 1, 1913; the free sugar provision May 1, 1916.

The new tariff, passed four years after President Taft signed the existing Payne-Aldrich law, is the result of more than nine months of work in congress. Hearings were started January 6, by the house ways and means committee. Chairman Underwood introduced the tariff bill April 7, immediately after President Wilson had convened the new congress. It passed the house May 8 and the senate Sept. 5th.

In the opinion of its makers the democratic leaders of congress, the most important features of the new tariff are:

"A reduction of nearly one-half in the average tariff on footstuffs and farm products.

The placing of raw wool on the free list, and a reduction of nearly two-thirds in the tariff on woolen clothing especially of the cheaper grades.

A reduction of one-third (average) on cotton clothing.

Reduction of the sugar tariff and its ultimate abolition in 1916.

A reduction of one-third (average) in the tariff on earthenware and glassware.

Abolishment of all tariffs on meats, fish, dairy products, flour, potatoes, coal, iron ore, lumber and many classes of farm and office machinery.

General tariff reduction on all important articles in general use.

Throughout the long fight over the bill, the republican attack on the measures has been directed against those rates which the republicans declared were so low as to threaten destruction to American industries, through the competition of foreign manufacturers.

The democratic supporters of the new law have insisted that except in those cases where pub-

B. F. Keith's Theatre

WEEK OF OCTOBER 6

MR. A. SEYMOUR BROWN

PRESENTS

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

TO LET

SPECIAL NOTICES

WANTED

TO LET

LEGAL NOTICES

LEGAL NOTICES

COTTAGE HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS to let on line of electric cars, but only short walk from mills; very pleasant with sun from morning till night; great value at \$150 per month. T. H. Elliott, 44 Central st.

FLAT OF FOUR LARGE ROOMS TO let at 154 South st.; rent reasonable. Inquire on premises.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, with gas, heat, and use of bath; in private family. Apply to Mrs. Pierre Gervais, 532 Moody st.

TENEMENT TO LET, ON CAR LINE, bony, 7 rooms, upstair, parlor, bath and tubs, hardware, soap, fruit and pack, gas, hot and cold water, cement cellar. 240 Hildreth st.

I HAVE SOME FINE FLATS TO let at \$10 and \$15. Dr. McCarty, 374 Central st.

HALF DOUBLE HOUSE ON NEEDMILL st., to let, 10 rooms; modern conveniences. Apply 55 Nesmith st.

SIX LARGE SUNNY ROOMS TO let, furnace, all modern conveniences; rent \$13. Inquire 687 Rogers st. Phone 1437-R.

HOUSE OF EIGHT ROOMS TO LET; large yard at 161 Wentworth ave. Inquire J. A. Watteck, 18 Market st. or 182 Wentworth ave.

5-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET AT 16 and 29 Second st.; gas, water and toilet; newly papered and painted inside and out. Apply on premises.

HOUSE OF EIGHT ROOMS TO LET; large yard at 161 Wentworth ave. Inquire J. A. Watteck, 18 Market st. or 182 Wentworth ave.

5-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, PANTRY, bath, hot water, \$11.50, at 42 Bayley st. Apply Schutz Furniture Co., 820 Middlesex st.

5-ROOM PLAT TO LET; BATH, paniza; at 33 Pond st.; rent \$12. Inquire Hogan Bros., 92 Concord st.

COTTAGE TO LET; 7 ROOMS, BATH; furnished, unshaded; with or without garderobe. Tel. 2635-13, or write O. J. Sun Office.

TO LET; FIVE FLATS, 50 ELM ST. Five flats, No. 1 Cushing street, \$150 a week. Joe Flynn.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER shop or business office, to let, on second floor of the Harrington building, 62 Central st.

MY HOUSE AND STABLE AT 239 Wentworth avenue, to let. Chas. A. Evelyn, Lowell jail.

TO LET

A 10-room house, 332 East Merrimack street. Hot and cold water, new furnace. Rent reasonable to right parties. Inquire.

JUL. J. A. McNICHAN, 4 Park Street Telephone 2365-W.

PIECE OF FLOOR ROOMS TO LET; at 215 Thorndike st. Inquire, Bennett Silverblatt, 73 Central st., or tel. 1335.

DRESSMAKERS—TAKE NOTICE.

Rooms to let on second floor, Associate bldg. Apply to Janitor.

HALL TO LET FOR MEETINGS, AT Associate bldg. For terms apply to Janitor.

TENEMENT OF FOUR ROOMS TO let, in Pawtucketville, near bridge. Inquire 53 Varnum ave.

PLEASANT TENEMENT OF SIX rooms, to let, in Pawtucketville, with bath, gas and open plumbing. Served by two car lines. Inquire 59 Varnum ave.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH gas and bath; steam heat; at 160 Ap- gerton st. Board if desired.

DOWN STAIRS TENEMENT TO LET on Lawrence st., 5 rooms, gas, back-yard, \$2 per week. Inquire 23 East st., between 3 and 4 p.m.

HALF A HOUSE TO LET ON BROAD way, near Walker st., 7 rooms, bath and pantry. Hot and cold water, gas.

Apply to 33 Walker st. Tel. 443-R.

SUNNY TENEMENT TO LET, 5 rooms, gas and steam, price \$8; N. 178 Merrimack, Direct Navy Yard. Apply 707 Newell st.

TENEMENT OF FOUR ROOMS TO let, to let; 7 rooms, bath, and tubs, hardware, soap, fruit and pack, gas, hot and cold water, cement cellar. 240 Hildreth st.

I HAVE SOME FINE FLATS TO let at \$10 and \$15. Dr. McCarty, 374 Central st.

MODERN TENEMENT OF FOUR rooms, all studio; to let; Sacred Heart parish, near Stirling mills; 17-25 months. Apply Sullivan's Market, 10 Agawam st.

TO LET—ROOMS IN HIGHLANDS, textile students preferred. All modern improvements, with use of telephone. Address K. 24, Sun office.

ROOMS TO LET; FURNISHED. On unfurnished, steam heat, electric lights, bath, telephone, etc. Edge of Highlands. A. W. Dow & Co.

THE PREMISES NUMBERED 1320 Gorham st., house of seven rooms, with all modern conveniences; stable and large lot of land to let.

Inquire 1320 Bridge st. Tel. 945-V.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO MEN TO let at the Y. M. C. A., 272 Merrimack st., \$1.50 to \$3 per week, electric lights, and shower baths on each door. A home for young men away from home.

MODERN TENEMENT TO LET, 26 Moore st.; rent \$12. Store on Gorham st., near Moore, rent \$10. Inquire at 31 Gorham st.

4-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, ALSO 2-room tenement in best possible condition, clean, light, pleasant, toilet on door, good heating, kind treatment.

George E. Brown, 79 Chestnut st.

FLAT OF FLOOR ROOMS TO LET, at 215 Thorndike st. Inquire, Bennett Silverblatt, 73 Central st., or tel. 1335.

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